





Probert Burns- Piel-

David tutcheron.

### THE POETICAL WORKS

## ROBERT BURNS,

OF

INCLUDING

SEVERAL PIECES

NOT INSERTED IN DR. CURRIE'S EDITION:

EXHIBITED UNDER

A NEW PLAN OF ARRANGEMENT,

AND PRECEDED BY

A LIFE OF THE AUTHOR

AND

A COMPLETE GLOSSARY.

TWO VOLUMES IN ONE. Vol. I.

BOSTON: PHILLIPS AND SAMPSON, 110 Washington Street. 1840.



\*

### Gift MR. HUTCHESON. 11 11/05

#### ADVERTISEMENT.

THE present edition was undertaken by a gentleman with the view of presenting the public with the Poetical Works of *Burns* more methodically arranged, more copiously illustrated, and less expensive in the purchase, than they have yet appeared.

In comparing it with others, it will be found to possess several advantages.

I. It contains, besides a number of other pieces, not inserted in Dr. Currie's edition, *The Jolly Beggars*, a cantata replete with humorous description and discrimination of character, and inferior to no poem of the same length in the English language. It likewise comprehends *Holy Willie's Prayer*, a piece of satire unequalled for exquisite severity, and felicitous delineation.

II. În the editions hitherto published, no regard is paid to method or classification. In this, the poems are disposed according to their respective subjects, and divided into five books.

III. Most of the poetry of Burns, though possessing an energy, a richness, and an ardour, which never fail to strike and captivate the mind, yet appears under great disadvantages to the English reader. Much of the fire, which warms and dazles a native of Scotland, is to him necessarily lost by the obscurity of the language

#### ADFERTISEMENT.

To obviate this as much as possible, a considerable number of words have been added to the *Glossary*, and several of the old definitions have been corrected or enlarged. A new *Life*, drawn up with care and fidelity, has likewise been prefixed.

Of an edition, thus enlarged and improved, it is unnecessary to say more. Should its utility be acknowledged, the editor will consider his exertions sufficiently rewarded. J. T.

London, Feb. 25, 1819.

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# LIFE

#### ROBERT BURNS.

THERE is no poet of the present age more deservedly popular than Burns. Though born in an humble station in life, he raised himself, by the mere exertions of his mind, to the highest pitch of intellectual greatness. The originality of his genius, the energy of his language, and the richness of his imagination, merited the gratitude as well as the admiration of his countrymen. But his highest efforts, in which the tide of human feeling seemed to flow in deep and exhaustless channels, failed to soften the avarice of a mean and selfish aristocracy. Like his native and lonely hills, he was subject to every blast, and exposed naked and bare to every tempest. No refreshing showers came to rest upon his head, or to pour fertility into his bosom. He was an elevated point, round which the storm clung and gathered; a prominent rock condemned by nature as it were to endure the buffetings of the surge. Yet his rude splendour remained uninjured. Amidst the bitter waters VOL. L.

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of indigence and sorrow, of drudgery and negleet, he produced those beautiful idylliums which will ever exist for the delight of the world; and which will never be read without an expansion of the understanding and of the heart.

Robert Burns was born on the 25th of January, 1759, in a cottage near the banks of the Doon, about two miles from Ayr. The chief incidents of his life are related, by himself, in a letter to Dr. Moore. In this document, and in several passages of his correspondence, he unfolds the vicissitudes of his fortune and the peculiarities of his character with great strength and clearness. Whoever would do justice to his memory, must copy his sentiments and his language.

"For some months past," says he, "I have been rambling over the country; but I am now confined with some lingering complaints, originating, as I take it, in the stomach. To divert my spirits a little in this miserable fog of ennui, I have taken a whim to give you a history of myself. My name has made some little noise in this country; you have done me the honour to interest yourself very warmly in my behalf; and I think a faithful account of what character of a man I am, and how I came by that character, may perhaps amuse you in an idle moment. 1 will give you an honest narrative; though I know it will be often at my own expense; for I assure you, sir, I have, like Solomon, whose character, excepting in the triffing affair of wisdom, I sometimes think I resemble; I have, I say, like him, tvrned my eyes to behold madness and folly, and, like him, too, frequently shoken hands with their intoxicating friendship \*\*\* After you have perused these pages, should you think them

triffing and impertinent, I only beg leave to tell you, that the poor author wrote them under some twitching qualms of conscience, arising from suspicion that he was doing what he ought not to do: a predicament he has more than once been in before.

"I have not the most distant pretensions to assume that character which the pye-coated guardians of escutcheons call a gentleman. When at Edinburgh, last winter, I got acquainted in the Herald's Office, and, looking through that granary of honours, I there found almost every name in the kingdom; but for me,

My ancient but ignoble blood

Has crept through scoundrels ever since the flood.

Gules, Purpure, Argent, &c. quite disowned me.

" My father was of the north of Scotland, the son of a farmer, who rented lands of the noble Keiths of Marischal, and had the honour of sharing their fate. I do not use the word honour with any reference to political principles: loyal and disloyal, I take to be merely relative terms, in that ancient and formidable court, known in this country by the name of Club law, where the right is always with the strongest .- But those who dare welcome ruin, and shake hands with infamy, for what they sincerely believe to be the cause of their God, or their king, are, as Mark Antony says in Shakspeare of Brutus and Cassius, honourable men. I mention this circumstance, because it threw my father on the world at large.

"After many years' wanderings and sojournings, he picked up a pretty large quantity of observation and experience, to which I am

indebted for most of my little pretensions to wisdom. I have met with few who understood men, their manners, and their ways, equal to him; but stubborn, ungainly integrity, and headlong, ungovernable irascibility, are disqualifying circumstances; consequently, I was born a very peor man's son. For the first six or seven years of my life, my father was gardener to a worthy gentleman of small estate, in the neighbourhood of Ayr. Had he continued in that station, I must have marched off to be one of the little underlings about a farm house: but it was his dearest wish and prayer to have it in his power to keep his children under his own eye till they could discern between good and evil; so, with the assistance of his generous master, my father ventured on a small farm on his estate. At those years I was by no means a favourite with any body. I was a good deal noted for a retentive memory, a stubborn sturdy something in my disposition, and an enthusiastic idiot piety. I say idiot piety, because I was then but a child. Though it cost the schoolmaster some thrashings, I made an excellent English scholar; and by the time I was ten or eleven years of age, I was a critic in substantives, verbs, and particles. In my infant and boyish days, too, I owed much to an old woman who resided in the family, remarkable for her ignorance, credulity and superstition. She had, I suppose, the largest collection in the country, of tales and songs concerning devils, ghosts, fairies, brownies, witches, warlocks, spunkies, kelpies, elf-candles, dead-lights, wraiths, apparitions, cantrips, giants, enchanted towers, dragons, and other trumpery. This cultivated the latent seeds of

poetry; but had so strong an effect on my imagination, that to this hour, in my nocturnal rambles, I sometimes keep a sharp look-out in suspicious places; and though nobody can be more skeptical than I am in such matters, yet it often takes an effort of philosophy to shake of these idle terrors. The carliest composition that I recollect taking pleasure in, was the Vision of Mirza, and a hymn of Addison's, beginning, 'How are thy servants blest, O Lord!' I particularly remember one half stanza, which was music to my boyish ear—

#### For though on dreadful whichs we being High on the broken wave.

I met with these pieces in Mason's English Collection, one of my school books. The two first books I ever read in private, and which gave me more pleasure than any two books I ever read since, were the Life of Hannibal, and the History of Sir William Wallace. Hannibal gave my young ideas such a turn, that I used to strut in raptures up and down after the recruiting drum and bagpipe, and wish myself tull enough to be a soldier; while the story of Wallace poured a Scottish prejudice into my veins, which will boil along there till the flood gates of life shut in eternal rest.

"Polemical divinity about this time was putting the country half mad; and I, ambitious of shining in conversation parties on Sundays, between sermons, at funerals, &c. used, a few years afterwards, to puzzle Calvinism with se much heat and indiscretion, that I raised a hue and cry of heresy against me, which has not ceased to this hour.

" My vicinity to Ayr was of some advantage

to me. My social disposition, when not checked by some modifications of spirited pride, was, like our catechism-definition of infinitude, 'without bounds or limits.' I formed several connexions with other younkers who possessed superior advantages, the youngling actors, who were busy in the rehearsal of parts in which they were shortly to appear on the stage of life, where, alas! I was destined to drudge behind the scenes. It is not commonly at this green age that our gentry have a just sense of the immense distance between them and their ragged playfellows. It takes a few dashes into the world, to give the young great man that proper, decent, unnoticing disregard for the poor, insignificant, stupid devils, the mechanics and peasantry around him, who were perhaps born in the same village. My young superiors never insulted the clouterly appearance of my ploughboy carcass, the two extremes of which were often exposed to all the inclemencies of all the seasons. They would give me stray volumes of books; among them, even then, I could pick up some observations; and one, whose heart I am sure not even the Munny Begum scenes have tainted, helped me to a little French. Parting with these my young friends and benefactors, as they occasionally went off for the East or West Indies, was often to me a sore affliction; but I was soon called to more serious evils. My father's generous master died; the farm proved a ruinous bargain; and, to clench the misfortune, we fell into the hands of a factor, who sat for the picture I have drawn of one in my tale of Twa Dogs. My father was advanced in life, when he married; "was the eldest of seven children; and he, worn

out by early hardships, was unfit for labour. My father's spirit was soon irritated, but not easily broken. There was a freedom in his lease in two years more; and, to weather these two years, we retrenched our expenses. We lived very poorly; I was a dexterous ploughman, for my age; and the next eldest to me was a brother (Gilbert) who could drive the plough very well, and help me to thrash the corn. A novel writer might perhaps have viewed these scenes with some satisfaction; but so did not I: my indignation yet boils at the recollection of the s—1 factor's insolent, threatening letters, which used to set us all in tears.

"This kind of life-the cheerless gloom of a hermit, with the unceasing moil of a galley slave, brought me to my sixteenth year; a little before which period I first committed the sin of rhyme. You know our country custom of coupling a man and woman together as partners in the labours of harvest. In my fifteenth autumn my partner was a bewitching creature, a year younger than myself. My scarcity of English denies me the power of doing her justice in that language; but you know the Scottish idiom-she was a bonie, sweet, sonsie lass. In short, she, altogether unwittingly to herself. initiated me in that delicious passion, which, in spite of acid disappointment, gin-horse prudence, and book-worm philosophy, I hold to be the first of human joys, our dearest blessing here below ! How she caught the contagion I cannot tell: you medical people talk much of infection from breathing the same air, the touch, &c.; but I never expressly said I loved her. Indeed I did not know myself why I liked so much to

loiter behind with her, when returning in the evening from our labours; why the tones of her voice made my heart-strings thrill like an Æolian harp; and particularly why my pulse beat such a furious ratan when I looked and fingered over her little hand to pick out the cruel nettle-stings and thistles. Among her other love-inspiring qualities, she sung sweetly; and it was her favourite reel to which I attempted giving an embodied vehicle in rhyme. I was not so presumptuous as to imagine that I could make verses like printed ones, composed by men who had Greek and Latin; but my girl sung a song, which was said to be composed by a small country laird's son, on one of his father's maids, with whom he was in love ! and I saw no reason why I might not rhyme as well as he; for, ex cepting that he could smear sheep and cast peats, his father living in the moorlands, he had no more scholarcraft than myself.

" Thus with me began love and poetry; which at times have been my only, and till within the last twelve months, have been my highest enjoyment. My father struggled on till he reach ed the freedom in his lease, when he entered on a larger farm about ten miles further in the country. The nature of the bargain he made was such as to throw a little ready money into his hands at the commencement of his lease, otherwise the affair would have been impracticable. For four years we lived comfortably here; but a difference commencing between him and his landlord as to terms, after three years' tossing and whirling in the vortex of litigation, my father was just saved from the horrors of a jail by a consumption, which, after two years'

promises, kindly stepped in, and carried him away to 'where the wicked cease from troubling, and the weary are at rest."

"It is during the time that we lived on this farm that my little story is most eventful. I was, at the beginning of this period, perhaps, the most ungainly, awkward boy in the parish-no solitaire was less acquainted with the ways of the What I knew of ancient story was world. gathered from Salmon's and Guthrie's geographical grammars; and the ideas I had formed of modern manners, of literature, and criticism, I got from the Spectator. These, with Pope's Works, some plays of Shakspeare, Tell and Dickson on Agriculture, The Pantheon, Locke's Essay on the Human Understanding, Stackhouse's History of the Bible, Justice's British Gardener's Directory, Bayle's Lectures, Allan Ramsay's Works, Taylor's Scripture Doctrine of Original Sin, A select collection of English Songs, and Hervey's Meditations, had formed the whole of my reading. The collection of songs was my vade mecuni. I pored over them, driving my cart, or walking to labour, song by song, verse by verse; carefully noting the true tender, or sublime, from affectation and fustian. I am convinced I owe to this practice much of my critic-craft, such as it is.

"In my seventeenth year, to give my manners a brush, I went to a country dancing school. My father had an unaccountable antipathy against these meetings; and my going was, what to this moment I repent, in opposition to his wishes. My father, ss I said before, was subject to strong passions; from that instance of disobedience in moment took a sort of dislike to

me, which I believe was one cause of the dissipation which marked my succeeding years. 1 say dissipation, comparatively with the strictness, and sobricty, and regularity of Prespyterian country life; for though the Will o' Wisp meteors of thoughtless whim were almost the sole lights of my path, yet early ingrained piety and virtue kept me for several years afterwards within the line of innocence. The great misfortune of my life was to want an aim. I had felt early some stirrings of ambition, but they were the blind gropings of Homer's Cyclops round the walls of his cave. I saw my father's situation entailed upon me perpetual labour. The only two openings by which I could enter the temple of Fortune, was the gate of niggardly economy, or the path of Little chicaning bargain-making. The first is so contracted an aperture, I never could squeeze myself into it :--- the last I always hated-there was contamination in the very entrance! Thus abandoned of aim or view in life, with a strong appetite for sociability, as well from native hilarity, as from a pride of observa tion and remark; a constitutional melancholy, or hypochondriasm, that made me fly to solitude; add to these incentives to social life, my reputation for bookish knowledge, a certair wild logical talent, and a strength of thought some thing like the rudiments of good sense; and it will not seem surprising that I was generally a welcome guest where I visited, or any great wonder that, always where two or three met together there was I among them.

"But far beyond all other impulses of my heart was un penchant a l'adorable moitie de genre humain. My heart was completely tinder, and

was eternally lighted up by some goddess or other; and as in every other warfare in this world my fortune was various; sometimes I was received with favour, and sometimes I was mortified with a repulse. At the plough, scythe, or reaphook, I feared no competitor, and thus I set absolute want at defiance; and as I never cared farther for my labours than while I was in actual exercise, I spent the evenings in the way after my own heart. A country lad seldom carries on a love adventure without an assisting confidant. I possessed a curiosity, zeal, and intrepid dexterity, that recommended me as a proper second on these occasions; and I dare say, I felt as much pleasure in being in the secret of half the loves of the parish of Tarbolton, as ever did statesmen in knowing the intrigues of half the courts of Europe. The very goose-feather in my hand seems to know instinctively the wellworn path of my imagination, the favourite theme of my song; and is with difficulty restrained from giving you a couple of paragraphs on the love adventures of my compeers, the humble inmates of the farm-house and cottage; but the grave sons of science, ambition, or avarice, baptize these things by the name of Follies. To the sons and daughters of labour and poverty, they are matters of the most serious nature; to them the ardent hope, the stolen interview, the tender farewell, are the greatest and most delicious parts of their enjoyments.

"Another circumstance in my life, which made some alteration in my mind and manners was, that I spent my nincteenth summer on a smuggling coast, a good distance from home, at a noted school, to learn mensuration, surveying.

dialling, &c. in which I made a pretty good progress. But I made a greater progress in the knowledge of mankind. The contraband trade was at that time very successful, and it some times happened to me to fall in with those who carried it on. Scenes of swaggering riot and roaring dissipation were till this time new to me; but I was no enemy to social life. Here, though I learnt to fill my glass, and to mix without fear in a drunken squabble, yet I went on with a high hand with my geometry till the sun entered Virgo, a month which is always a carnival in my bosom, when a charming *filette*, who lived next door to the school, overset my trigonometry, and set me off at a tangent from the sphere of my studies. I, however, struggled on with my sines and co-sines for a few days more; but, stepping into the garden one charming noon to take the sun's altitude, there I met my angel,

> Like Proscrpine gathering flowers, Herself a fairer flower—

It was in vain to think of doing any more good at school. The remaining week I staid, I did nothing but craze the faculties of my soul about her, or steal out to meet her; and the two last nights of my stay in the country, had sleep been a mortal sin, the image of this modest and innocent girl had kept me guiltless.

"I returned home very considerably improved. My reading was enlarged with the very important addition of Thomson's and Shenstone's works; I had seen human nature in a new phasis; and I engaged several of my school fellows to keep up a literary correspondence with me. This improved me in composition. I had met with a collection of letters by the wits

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of Queen Anne's reign, and I pored over them most devoutly: I kept copies of any of my own letters that pleased me; and a comparison between them and the compositions of most of my correspondents flattered my vanity. I carried this whim so far, that though I had not three farthings' worth of business in the world, yet almost every post brought me as many letters as if I had been a broad plodding son of a day-book and leger.

" My life flowed on much in the same course till my twenty-third year. Vive l'amour, et vive la bagatelle, were my sole principles of action. The addition of two more authors to my library gave me great pleasure: Sterne and M'Kenzie -Tristram Shaudy and the Man of Feelingwere my bosom favourites. Poesy was still a darling walk for my mind; but it was only indulged in according to the humour of the hour. I had usually half a dozen or more pieces on hand; I took up one or other, as it suited the momentary tone of the mind, and dismissed the work as it bordered on fatigue. My passions, when once lighted up, raged like so many devils, till they got vent in rhyme; and then the conning over my verses, like a spell, soothed all into quiet! None of the rhymes of those days are in print, except Winter, a dirge, the eldest of my printed pieces; the Death of poor Mailie; John Barleycorn; the songs, first, second, and third.\* Song second was the ebullition of that passion which ended the fore-mentioned school business.

"My twenty-third year was to me an impor-

\* See Book II. vol i. p. 162.-Book III. vol. i. p. 284-Book V vol. ii. p. 278.-Book V. vol. ii. pp. 214, 241, 198.

tant era. Partly through whim, and partly that I wished to set about doing something in life, I joined a flax dresser in a neighbouring town (Irvine) to learn his trade. This was an unlucky affair. My \*\*\*; and to finish the whole, as we were giving a welcome carousal to the new year, the shop took fire, and but of to ashes; and I was left, like a true poet, no\* worth a sixpence.

"I was obliged to give up this scheme; the clouds of misfortune were gathering thick round my father's head, and what was worst of all, he was visibly far gone in a consumption; and, to crown my distresses, a *belle fille*, whom I adored, and who had bledged her soul to meet me in matrimony, jilted me with peculiar circumstances of mortification. The finishing evil that brought up the rear of this infernal file, was my constitutional melancholy, being increased to such a degree, that for three months I was in a state of mind scarcely to be envied by the hopeless wretches who have got their mittimus— ' Depart from me, ye accursed!'

"From this adventure I learned something of a town life; but the principal thing which gave my mind a turn, was a friendship I had formed with a young feliow, a very noble character, but a hapless son of misfortune. He was the son of a simple mechanic; but a great man in the neighbourhood taking him under his patronage, gave him a genteel education, with a view of bettering his situation, in life. The patron dying just as he was ready to launch out into the world, the poor fellow, in despair, went to sea; where, after a variety of good and ill fortune, a little before I was acquainted with him, he had been set or

shore by an American privateer, on the wild coast of Connaught, stripped of every thing. I cannot quit this poor fellow's story without adding that he is at this time master of a large West-Indiaman belonging to the Thames.

"His mind was fraught with independence, magnanimity and every manly virtue. I loved and admired him to a degree of enthusiasm, and of course strove to imitate him. In some measure I succeeded: I had pride before, but he taught it to flow in proper channels. His knowledge of the world was vasily superior to mine, and I was all attention to learn. He was the only man I ever saw who was a greater fool than myself, where woman was the presiding star; but he spoke of illicit love with the levity of a sailor, which hitherto I had regarded with horror. Here his friendship did me mischief; and the consequence was, that soon after I resumed the plough, I wrote The Poet's Welcome.\* My reading only increased, while in this town, by two stray volumes of Pamela, and one of Ferdinand Count Fathom, which gave me some idea of novels. Rhyme, except some religious pieces that are in print, I had given up: but meeting with Ferguson's Scottish Porms, I strung anew my wildly-sounding lyre with emitlating vigour. When my father died, his all went among the hell-hounds that prowl in the kennel of justice! but we made a shift to collect a little money in the family amongst us, with which, to keep us together, my brother and I took a neighbouring farm. My brother wanted my hair-brained imagination, as well as my

\* This piece, we believe, was afterwards entitled. Address to an Megatimate Child

social and amorous madness; but in good sense, and every sober qualification, he was far my superior.

'I entered on the farm with a full resolution, 'Come, go to, I. will be wise!' I read farming books; I calculated crops; I attended markets; and, in short, in spite of 'the devil, and the world, and the flesh,' I believe I should have been a wise man; but the first year, from unfortunately buying bad seed, the second, from a late harvest, we lost half our crops. This overset all my wisdom, and I returned, 'like the dog to his vomit, and the sow that was washed, to her wallowing in the mire.'

"I now began to be known in the neighbourhood as a maker of rhymes. The first of my poetic offspring that saw the light was a burlesque lamentation on a guarrel between two reverend Calvinists, both of them dramatis personæ in my Holy Fair. I had a notion myself that the piece had some merit; but to prevent the worst, I gave a copy to a friend who was very fond of such things, and told him that I could not guess who was the author of it, but that I thought it pretty clever. With a certain description of the clergy, as well as laity, it met with a roar of applause. Holy Willie's Prayer next made its appearance, and alarmed the kirksession so much, that they held several meetings to look over their spiritual artillery, if haply any of it might be pointed against profane rhymers. Unluckily for me, my wanderings led me, on another side, within point blankshot of their heaviest metal. This is the unfortunate story that gave rise to my printed poem, The Lament. This was a most melancholy affair, which I

cannot yet bear to reflect on, and had nearly given me one or two of the principal qualifications for a place among those who have lost the chart, and mistaken the reckoning of rationality.\* I gave up my part of the farm to my brother; in truth it was only nominally mine; and made what little preparation was in my power for Jamaica. But, before leaving my native country for ever, I resolved to publish my poems. I weighed my productions as impartially as was in my power: I thought they had merit; and it was a delicious idea, that I should be called a clever fellow, even though it should never reach my ears- a po, r negro-driver; or perhaps a victim to that inhespitable clime, and gone to the world of spirits ! I can truly say, that pauvre incommu as I then was, I had pretty nearly as high an idea of myself and of my works, as I have at this moment, when the public has decided in their favour. It was my opinion, that the mistakes and blunders, both in a rational and religious point of view, of which we see thousands daily guilty, are owing to their ignorance of themselves. To know myself, has been all along my constant study. I

\* This distraction of mind arose from the misery and sources in which he involved Jean Armour, afterwards Mrs Burns. She was a great Jacourite of her Jahrs. The in timution of a marriage was the first suggestion he received of her real situation. He was in the greatest districts, and jainted away. The marriage did not appear to him to male the matter butter. He expressed a wish that the agreement between them should be cancelled This was communicated to stay at hom, and practice for his refe and family by very exertant in his pace. Even this was not approved of; and humble as Jean Armour's station nons, and great though her imprudence had been, she was station one, and great though her parents, to bud forward to a more alread types a connection than the deformation and sould be in the set of the format the parents, to bud forward to a more alread types a connection than the she measured static.

Vior E.

weighed myself alone; I balanced myself with others; I watched every means of information, to see how much ground I occupied as a man and as a poet; I studied assiduously nature's design in my formation-where the lights and shades in my character were intended. I was pretty confident my poems would meet with some applause; but, at the worst, the roar of the Atlantic would deafen the voice of censure, and the novelty of West Indian scenes make me forget neglect. I threw off six hundred copies, of which I had got subscriptions for about three hundred and fifty. My vanity was highly gratified by the reception I met with from the public; and besides, I pocketed, all expenses deducted, nearly twenty pounds. This sum came very seasonably, as I was thinking of indenting myself, for want of money, to procure my passage. As soon as I was master of nine guineas, the price of wafting me to the torrid zone, I took a steerage-passage in the first ship that was to sail from the Clyde; for

#### Hungry ruin had me in the wind.

"I had been for some days skulking from covert to covert, under all the terrors of a jail; as some ill-advised people had uncoupled the merciless pack of the law at my heels." I had taken the last farewell of my few friends, my chest was on the road to Greenock; I had composed the last song I should ever measure in Caledonia. The gloomy night is gathering fast -when a letter from Dr. Blacklock to a friend of mine, overthrew all my schemes, by opening

\* This was to oblige him to find security for the maintainance of his twin-children, whom he was not permitted to legitimate, by a marriage with their mother.

new prospects to my poetic ambition. The doctor belonged to a set of critics, for whose applause I had not dared to hope. His opinion, that I would meet with encouragement in Edinburgh, for a second edition, fired me so much, that away I posted for that city, without a single acquaintance, or a single letter of introduction. The baneful star that had so long shed its blasting influence in my zenith, for once made a revolution to the nadir; and a kind Providence placed me under the patronage of one of the noblest of men, the earl of Glencairn. Oublie moi, Grand Dieu, si jamais je l'ouble!

"I need relate no farther. At Edinburgh 1 was in a new world; I mingled among many classes of men, but all of them new to me, and I was all attention to 'catch' the characters and 'the manners living as they rise.' Whether I have profited, time will show."

His reception from men of letters, in general, was flattering. Dr. Robertson, Dr. Blair, Dr. Gregory, Mr. Stewart, Mr. Makenzie, and Mr. Frazer Tytler, perceived and acknowledged his talents. He was an acceptable guest in the gayest and most elevated circles, and received from female beauty and elegance, those attentions above all others most grateful to him. Among men of rank and fashion, he was particularly distinguished by James, earl of Glencairn, who introduced him to the notice and the convivial society of the Caledonian Hunt. But while he was invited into the company of men of virtue and taste, he was also seduced, by pressing solicitations, into the fellowship of those whose habits, without being extremely gross, were yet too licentious and dissolute. The festive indul

gences which he enjoyed among them, gradually deprived him of his relish for the temperate and austere virtues. But whatever influence this change produced on his conduct and morals, his understanding suffered no correspondent debasement. He estimated his new friends and associates at their proper value; and manifested great discrimination in appreciating the character of those who imagined themselves men of the first order in the walks of literature and fashion.

"There are few of the sore evils under the sun," he observes, "give me more uneasiness and chagrin, than the comparison how a man of genius, nay, of avowed worth, is received every where, with the reception which a mere ordinary character, decorated with the trappings and futile distinctions of fortune, meets. I imagine a man of abilities, his breast glowing with honest pride, conscious that men are born equal, still giving 'honour to whom honour is due;' he meets at a great man's table a squire something, or a sir somebody; he knows the *noble* landlord, at heart, gives the bard, or whatever he is, a share of his good wishes, beyond, perhaps, any one at the table; yet how will it mortify him to see a fellow, whose abilities would scarcely have made an eight-penny tailor, and whose heart is not worth three farthings, meet with attention and notice, that are withheld from the son of genius and poverty?

"The noble Glencairn has wounded me to the soul here, because I dearly esteem, respect and love him. He showed so much attention—en grossing attention—one day, to the only block head at table (the whole company consisted of

his lordship, dunderpate, and myself,) that I was within half a point of throwing down my gage of contemptuous defiance; but he shook my hand, and looked so benevolently good at parting. God bless him! though I should never see him more, I shall love him until my dying day! I am pleased to think I am so capable of the throes of gratitude, as I am miserably deficient in some other virtues.

"With Dr. Blair I am more at my case. I never respect him with humble veneration, but when he kindly interests himself in my welfare, or still more, when he descends from his pinnacle, and meets me on equal ground in conversation, my heart overflows with what is called *liking*. When he neglects me for the mere carcase of greatness, or when his eye measures the difference of our points of elevation, I say to myself, with scarcely any emotion, what do I care for him or his pomp either?

"It is not easy forming an exact judgment of any one; but in my opinion, Dr. Blair is merely an astonishing proof of what industry and application can do. Natural parts like his are frequently to be met with; his vanity is proverbially known among his acquaintance; but he is justly at the head of what may be called fine writing; and a critic of the first, the very first, rank in prose: even in poetry, a bard of nature's making can only take the *pas* of him. He has a heart, not of the very finest water, but far from 'seing an ordinary one. In short, he is truly a worthy and most respectable character."

The respect and sympathy of Burns dwelt with keener emotion and more intense interest on the fate of Ferguson, than on the intercourse

which he held with persons of distinction. On the 6th of February, 1787, he addressed a letter to the bailies of Canongate, Edinburgh, requesting permission to crect a monument to his me mory. "Gentlemen," said he, "I am sorry to be told that the remains of Robert Ferguson, the so justly celebrated poct, a man whose talents, for ages to come, will do honour to our Caledonian name, lie in your church-yard, among the ignoble dead, unnoticed and unknown. Some memorial to direct the steps of the lovers of Scottish song, when they wish to shed a tear over the narrow house of the bard who is no more, is surely a tribute due to Ferguson's memory-a tribute I wish to have the honour of paying. I petition you, then, gentlemen, to permit me to lay a simple stone over his revered ashes, to remain unalienable property to his deathless fame."

Burns, in consequence of this application, obtained leave to gratify his desire.\* The inscription of the stone is as follows:

\* A correspondent of Burns, in allading to this transaction, expresses hinself in this manner: "So you have ab tained liberty from the maristrates to erect a stone over Ferguson's erace? I do not double it; such things have been, as Shaksperke sugs, 'in the olden time?

The poet's fate is here in emblem shown,

He ask'd for bread, and he received a stone.

It is, I believe, upon poor Beller's tomb that this is written. But how many poor brothers of Parnassus, as well as poor Butter and poor Ferguson, have asked for bread, and been served with the same same!

"The magistrates gave you liberty, did they? O generous magistretes ! \*\*\*\*\*\*cel. brated over the three kingdoms for this public spirit, gives a poor pout liberty to raise a tomb to a poor poot's memory! Must generous! \*\*\*\*\* once upon a time gave that sume poet the mighty sum of eighteen penee for a copy of his works. But then it must be considered

# HERE LIES ROBERT FERGUSON, POET. Born September 5th, 1751.—Died 16th October, 1774

No sculptur'd matble here, nor pompous lay, "No storied u.n. nor animated bust;" This simple stone directs paie Scotia's way To pour her serrows o'er her Poet's dust.

## On the other side of the stone is as follows:

" By special grant of the managers to Robert Burns, who erected this stone, this burial place is to remain for ever sacred to the memory of Robert Ferguson."

Shortly after paying this mark of respect to the ashes of a kindred genius, he acquired by the new edition of his pooms, a sum of morey more than sufficient for his present exigencies. He therefore determined to gratify a desire he had long entertained, of visiting some of the most interesting districts of his native country. For this purpose, he left Edinburgh on the sixth of May; and in the course of his journey was hospitably received at the houses of several gentlemen of worth and learning. After proceeding up the Tweed, through the counties of Roxburgh and Selkink; penetrating into Ergland, as far as Newcastle; and crossing the island to Carlisle, he returned through Anan and Dumfries to Avrshire, after an absence of six months.

It will easily be conceived with what pleasure and pride he was received by his mother, his brothers and sisters. He had left them poor, and comparatively friendless: he returned to them high in public estimation and easy in his circumstances. He returned to them, unchanged

that the poet was at this time absolutely storeing, and besought his aid with all the correstness of hunger; and ever and above here ever inclust \*\*\*\*\* worth at least one-third of the nulue, in exchange, but which, Ibelieve the poet afterwards very suggat fully expanded.

in his ardent affections, and ready to share with them, to the uttermost farthing, the pittance that fortune had bestowed.

Having remained with them a few days, he proceeded again to Edinburgh, and immediately set out on a tour to the highlands: from this journey he returned to his relations in his native country, renewing his friendships and extending his acquaintance.

In August, he made another visit to Edinburgh, whence he travelled in company with Mr. Adair through Linlithgow, Carron, Stirling, the vale of Devon, and Harvieston. In a visit to Mrs. Bruce of Clackmanan, a lady above ninety, the lineal descendant of that race whick gave the Scottish throne its brightest ornament, his feelings were powerfully interested. Though almost deprived of speech by a paralytic affection, she preserved her hospitality and urbanity. She was in possession of the helmet and twohanded sword of her great ancestor, with which she conferred on her two visiters the honour of knighthood, remarking, that she had a better right to confer that title than some people.

At Dunfermline they visited the ruined abbey, and the abbey-church, now consecrated to Presbyterian worship.<sup>1</sup> Here Mr. Adair mounted the *cutty-stool*, or stool of repentance, assuming the character of a penitent for fornication; while Burns, from the pulpit, addressed to him a ludicrous reproof and exhortation, parodied from that which had been delivered to himself in Ayrshire, where he had once been one of seven who mounted the *scal of shame* together.

In the church-yard two broad flag-stones marked the grave of Robert Bruce, for whose

memory Burns had a more than a common veneration. He knelt and kissed the stone with sacred fervour, and heartily (stuts ut mos evat) excerated the worse than Gothic neglect of the first of Scottish heroes. He afterwards returned, with Mr. Adair, to Edinburgh by Kinross, (on the shore of Lochleven) and Queen's ferry.

These journeys, however, did not satisfy the curiosity of Burns. About the beginning of September, he again set out from the metropolis on a more extended tour to the highlands, in company with Mr. Nicol, assistant teacher in the high school. After passing through the heart of that mountainous division of their native country, they stretched northwards about ten miles beyond Inverness. There they bent their course eastward, across the island, and returned by the shore of the German sca, to Edinburgh. In the course of this journey, they visited a number of remarkable scenes; and the imagination of Burns was constantly excited by the wild and sublime scenery through which he passed.

Having settled with his publisher, in February, 1788, he found himself master of nearly five hundred pounds, after discharging all his expenses. To his brother Gilbert, who had taken upon him the support of their aged mother, and was struggling with many difficulties in the m of Mossgiel, he immediately advanced two hundred pounds. With the remainder he resolved on settling himself for life in the occupation of agriculture, and took the farm of Ellisland, on the banks of the Nith, six miles above Dumfries, on which he entered at Whitsunday.

When he had in this manner arranged his plans for futurity, his generous heart turned

to the object of his attachment; and listening to no considerations but those of honour and affection, he led her to the altar, and joined with her in a public declaration of marriage. His notice of this event to Mrs. Dunlop, is truly honourable to his feelings. "When Jean found herself," says he, "as women wish to be who love their lords," as I loved her nearly to distraction, we took steps for a private marriage. Her parents got the hint; and not only forbade me her company and the house, but on my rumoured West Indian voyage got a warrant to put me in jail till I should find security in my about-to-be paternal relation. You know my lucky reverse of fortune. On my eclatant return to Mauchline, I was made very welcome to visit my girl. The usual consequences began to betray her; and as I was at that time laid up a cripple in Edinburgh, she was turned-literally turned out of doors; and I wrote to a friend to shelter her till my rcturn, when our marriage was declared. HER HAPPINESS OR MISERY WAS IN MY HANDS; AND WHO COULD TRIFLE WITH SUCH A DEPOSITE?"

He now engaged in rebuilding the dwelling house on his farm, which, in the state he found it, was inadequate to the accommodation of his family. On this occasion he resumed at times the occupation of a labourer, and found neither his strength nor his skill impaired. Pleased with surveying the grounds he was about to cultivate, and with rearing a habitation that might give shelter to his wife and children, and, as he fondly hoped, to his own gray hairs, sentiments of independence buoyed up his mind; pictures of domestic content and peace rose on his imagination; and a few days passed away, the most tran-

quil, and perhaps the happiest he had ever experienced.

His industry, however, was frequently interrupted by visiting his family in Avrshire; and as the distance was too great for a single day's journey, he generally spent a night at an inn or. the road. On such occasions he sometimes fell into company, and was drawn into irregular and intemperate habits. His appointment in the excise, which was completed in autumn 1789, likewise obstructed his agricultural pursuits. He was unable to reconcile the business of the two occupations. This farm was in a great measure abandoned to his servents, while he was engaged in performing his official duties. He might be seen, now and then, in the spring, directing his plough, a labour in which he excelled; or with a white sheet, containing his seed-corn, slung across his shoulders, striding with measured steps along his turned-up furrows, and scattering the grain in the earth. But his farm no longer occupied the principal part of his thoughts. It was not at Ellisland that he was now in general to be found. Mounted on horseback, this high-minded poet was pursuing the defaulters of the revenue, among the hills and vales of Nithsdale, his roving over wandering over the charms of nature, and muttering his wayward fancies as he moved along.

Besides his duties in the excise, other circumstances interfered with his attention to his farm. He engaged in the formation and management of a society for purchasing and circulating books among the farmers of his neighbourhood; and occasionally occupied himself in composing screes for the musical work of Mr. Johnsen,

then in the course of publication. These engagements, though useful and honourable, necessarily contributed to the abstraction of his thoughts, and the neglect of his rural affairs.

The consequences may easily be imagined. Notwithstanding the predence and good management of Mrs. Burns, he found it necessary, after the expiration of three years and a half, to relinquish his lease. His employment in the excise originally produced fifty pounds per annum. He was now appointed to a new district, the emoluments of which rose to about seventy. Hoping to support himself and his family on this humble income till promotion should reach him, he removed to a small house in Damfrics about the end of the year 1791.

His great celebrity made him an object of interest and curiosity to strangers, and few persons passed through Dumfries without an attempt to see him, and to enjoy the pleasure of his conversation. As he could not receive them conveniently at home, these interviews passed at the inns of the town, and often terminated in convisial excesses. Among the inhabitants also, there were never wanting persons to lead or accompany him to the tavern; to applaud the sallies of his wit; and to witness at once the strength and the degradation of his genius.

In the four years that he lived in Dumfries, he produced many of his beautiful lyries; and cheerfully consented to give his aid to a collection of original Scottish airs and verses, projected by George Thomson of Edinburgh. During this time he made several excursions into the neighbouring country. In one of these he passed through Glendenwynes, a beautiful situation on

the banks of the Dee, in company with Mr. Syme, and reached Kenmore, where they remained three days at the seat of Mr. Gordon. On leaving Kenmore for Gatehouse, they took the moor-road, where every thing presented a wild and desolate aspect. The sky appeared to sympathize with the dreariness of the soil. It became lowering and dark. Gleams of sheeted lightning were followed by the awful rolling of thunder. Burns spoke not a word, but seemed wrapped in meditation. In a little while the rain began to fall; and for three hours it poured in torrents on the waste. In the midst of this storm. though drenched as it were by the embattled elements, he remained absorbed in thought, wholly inattentive to the descending floods. He was equally regardless of every thing around him during his ride home from St. Mary's isle; and his companion did not venture to disturb him. Next day he produced the celebrated martial hymn, entitled Robert Bruce's Address to his Army, a hymn unparalleled in the annals of modern poetry, and equal to the happiest efforts of the greatest geniuses of antiquity.

Burns had entertained hopes of promotion in the excise; but circumstances occurred which prevented their fulfilment. The events of the French revolution, which interested the feelings of every thinking mind, were commented on by Burns in a manner very different from what might have been expected from an officer under government. Information of his sentiments were given to the board of excise; an inquiry was instituted into his conduct; and, after being reprimanded, he was suffered to retain his situation.

This circumstance made a deep impression

on his mind. Fame exaggerated his misfortune, and represented him as actually dismissed from his office; and this report induced gentlemen of much respectability to propose a subscription in his favour. But he refused the offer with great elevation of sentiment, and nobly defended himself against the imputation of having made submission for the sake of his office, unworthy of his character.

"The partiality of my countrymen," he observes, "has brought me forward as a man ofgenius, and has given me a character to support. In the poet I have avowed manly and independent sentiments, which I hope have been found in the man. Reasons of no less weight than the support of a wife and children, have pointed my present occupation as the only eligible line of life within my reach. Still my honest fame is my dearest concern, and a thousand times have I trembled at the idea of the degrading epithets that malice or misrepresentation may affix to my name. Often, in blasting anticipation, have I listened to some future hackney scribbler, with the heavy malice of savage stupidity, exultingly asserting, that Burns, notwithstanding the fanfaronade of independence to be found in his works, and after being held up to public view, and to public estimation, as a man of some genius, yet, quite destitute of resources within himself to support his borrowed dignity, dwindled into a paltry exciseman, and slunk out the rest of his insignificant existence in the meanest of pursuits and among the lowest of mankind.

"In your illustrious hands, sir, permit me to lodge my strong disavowal and defiance of such slanderous falschoods. BURNS WAS A POOR MAN

FROM HIS BIRTH, AND AN EXCISEMAN BY NECES-BITY; BUT-I WILL SAY IT!-THE STERLING OF HIS HONEST WORTH, FOVENTY COULD NOT DE-BASE, AND HIS INDEPENDENT BRITISH SPIRIT, OPPRESSION MIGHT BEND, BUT COULD NOT SUB-DUE."

It was one of the last acts of his life to copy this heart-rending letter into a book which he kept for the purpose of recording such circumstances as he thought worthy of preservation. Upwards of a year before his death there was an evident decline in his personal appearance; and though his appetite continued unimpaired, he was himself sensible that his constitution was sinking. From October, 1795, to the January following, an accidental complaint confined him to the house. A few days after he began to go abroad, he dined at a tavern, and returned home about three o'clock in a very cold morning, benumbed and intoxicated. This was followed by an attack of rheumatism, which confined him about a week. His appetite began to fail, his hand shook, and his voice faltered on any exertion or emotion, int pulse became weaker and more rapid, and pair in the larger joints, and in the hands and feet, de prived him of sleep. In the month of June, 1796. he removed to Brow in Annandale, about ten miles from Dumfries, to try the effects of sea-bathing. Here he was invited to dinner by a lady in the neighbourhood; and as he was unable to walk, she sent her carriage for him to the cottage where he lodged. As he entered her apartment the stamp of death seemed imprinted on his features. He appeared already touching the brink of cternity. His first salutation was, "Well, madam, have you any commands for

the other world?" He ate little, and complained of having entirely lost the tone of his stomach. He spoke of his death without any of the ostentation of philosophy, but with firmness and feeling, as an event likely to happen very soon. His anxiety for his family hung heavy upon him, and when he alluded to their approaching desolation, his heart was touched with pure and unmingled sorrow.

At first he imagined that bathing in the sea had been of benefit to him; the pains in his limbs were relieved; but this was immediately followed by a new attack of fever. When brought back to his own house in Dumfries, on the 18th of July, he was no longer able to stand upright. A tremor pervaded his frame; his tongue was parched, and his mind fell into a delirium, when not roused by conversation. On the second and third day the fever increased, and his strength diminished. On the fourth, the sufferings of this great, but ill-fated genius, were terminated; and a life was closed, which had been embittered by suffering, and insulted by unmerited calumny.

When his death was known, it excited a deep and mournful sensation. It was felt as a loss which no earthly power could replace; as the extinction of a prodigy whose appearance was rare and uncertain. He was lamented, not merely like a common individual, by friends and neighbours, but by a whole country, whose pleasures he had an exclusive capacity to augment.

He left a widow and four sons. The ceremonial of his interment was accompanied with military honours, not only by the corps of Dumfries volunteers, of which he was a member.

but by the Pencible infantry, and a regiment of Cinque Port cavalry then quartered in Dumfries. On the same day, by a coincidence singularly touching, Mrs. Burns was delivered of a son, who did not long survive his father.

Burns was nearly five feet ten inches in height, and of a form that indicated agility as well as strength. His well raised forchead, shaded with black curling hair, expressed uncommon capacity. His eyes were large, dark, full of ardour and animation. His face was well formed, and his countenance strikingly interesting.

Of his general behaviour every one spoke in the highest terms. It usually bespoke a mind conscious of superior talents, not however unmixed with the affections which beget familiarity and affability. His conversation was extremely fascinating; rich in wit, humour, whim, and occasionally in serious and opposite reflection. No man had a quicker apprehension of right and wrong, or a stronger sense of what was ridiculous and mean. Neither chicanery nor sordidness ever appeared in his conduct. Even in the midst of distress, while his feeling heart sunk under the secret consciousness of indigence, and the apprehensions of absolute want, he bore himself loftily to the world. He died in the utmost penury, but not in debt; and left behind him a name which will be remembered as long as departed worth and goodness are esteemed among men.

After contemplating the melancholy story of his life, it is impossible not to heave a sigh at the asperity of his fortune, while we reprobate the conduct of those who drew him from use

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simplicity of humble life, and left him a prey to anxiety and want, to sorrow and despair.

Of his poems which have been so often printed and so eagerly read, it is unneccessary to enter into a critical examination. All readers of taste and sensibility assign him the first place among the poets of his country; and acknowledge the presence of that "light from heaven," which consecrates and eternizes every monument of genius.

THE ch and gh have always the guttural sound. The sound of the English diphthong oo, is commonly spelled ou. The French u, a sound which often occurs in the Scottish language, is marked oo, or ui. The a in genuine Scottish words, except when forming a diphthong, or followed by an e mute after a single consonant, sounds generally like the broad English a in wall. The Scottish diphthongs ae always, and ea very often, sound like the French e masculine. The Scot tish diphthong cy, sounds like the Latin ei.

#### Α.

A', all, every one, the whole. Aback, away, aloof. Abeigh, at a shy distance. Aboon, aboon, above, up, in the regions of heaven. Abread, abroad, in sight, at large. Abread, in breadth. Ac, one. Aff, off. Aff-hand, extempore, immcdiately. Aff-loof, unpremeditated. Afore, before, sooner than. Aft, oft. Aften, often, frequently, many times. Agley, off the right line, ob-lique, wrong. Aiblins, perhaps. Aik, the oak. Air, early, soon. Airl-penny, earnest-money, a piece of money for confirming a bargain. firt, quarter of the heavens; to direct.

Airn, iron. Aith, an oath.

- Aits, oats.
- Aiver, an old horse
- Aizle, a hot cinder.
- Alake, alas ! Alane, alone, solitary, single,
- without company. Akwart, awkward, inelegant,
- untaught.
- Aimast, almost, nearly.
- Amang, among, mingled with
- An', and, if.
- Ance, once, one time.
- Anc, one, and.
- Anent, over against, concern ing.
- Anither, another, one more,. Ase, ashes, the remains of
  - burnt coals.
- Asklent, asquint, aslant.
- Asteer, abroad, stirring.
- Athart, athwart, wrong.
- Aught, possession; as, in my aught, in all my posses. sion.
- Auldfarren, or auld farrent, sagacious, cunning, pru-

Auld lang syne, olden time, days of other years. Auld, old, ancient, advanced in years.

Auntie, an aunt.

Ava', at all, of all, of any. Awa', away, absent. Awfu', awful, terrible. Awn, the beard of barley,

oats, &c.

Awnie, bearded.

Ayont, beyond, at a distance, out of the reach of

# В.

Ba', ball.

- Backets, ashboards; a square wooden vessel for carrying coals to the fire; a kind of
- box for helding salt. Backlins comin', co coming back, returning. Bad, did bid.

Baide, endured, did stay.

- Bailie, a magistrate in Scotland, answering to an alderman in England.
- Baggic, dimin. of bag, a familiar term used to signify the belly.
- Bainie, having large bones, stout.

Bairn, a child.

- Bairntime, a family of children, a brood.
- Baith, both, likewise.

Bake, a small cake or biscuit.

Ban, to swear, to make an irreverent exclamation; reproach, ccusure.

Bane, bone.

Bang, to beat, to strive, to excel.

Bardie, dimin. of bard Barefit, barefooted, without shocs or stockings.

Barmie, of, or like barm. Batch. a crew, a gang

Batts, botts, small warms in the cutrails of horses. Baudrons, a cot. Bauld, bold, intrepid. Bawk, a strip of land left un ploughed, two or three feet in width; a ridge, a bank. Baws'nt, having a white strip down the face. Be, to let be, to give over, to cease. Bear, barley. Beastie, dimin. of beast. Beet, to add furl to fire. Beld, bald, without hair on the head. Belyve, by-and-by. Ben, into the spence or parlour. Benmost, innermost. Benlomond, a noted mountain in Dumbartonshire. Bethankit, grace or short prayer after the time or act of cating. Benk, a book. Bicker, a kind of wooden dish, a short race. Bie, or Bield, shelter. Bien, wealthy, plentiful. Rig, to build Biggin, building, a house. Biggit, built. Bill, a bull. Billie, a brother, a young felow. Ling, a heap of grain, potatoes, S.c. Birk, birch. Birken-shaw, Birchen-wood shaw, a small wood. Birkie, a clever fellow. Birring, the noise of partridges, S.c. when they spring

Bit, crisis, nick of time

Bizz, a bustle; to buzz Blac livid

GLOSS.ARY
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Blastic, a shrivelled dwarf, a	Botch,
term of contempt.	tum
Blastit, blasted.	Bouk,
Blate, bashful, sheepish.	Bousis
Bluther, bladder.	Bow-k
Blaud, a flat piece of any thing; to slap.	Bow-h
thing; to slap.	lowe
Blaw, to blow, to boast.	when
Bleerit, bleared, sore with	war
rheum.	Brach
Bleert and blin, bleared and	Brae,
blind.	the s
Bleezing, blazing, flaming.	Bruid
Blellum, ille, talking fellow.	Bragi
Elether, to talk idly; non-	Brack
sense.	instr
Bleth'rin, talking idly	Dana
Blink, a little white, a smiling	Brain
look; to look kindly, to shine	war Brak,
by fits. Bluker, a term of contempt.	Brank
Blinkin, smirking, ogling.	curb
Blithe, or Blythe, cheerful.	Brash
Blue-gown, one of those beg-	Brats,
gars who get annually, on	Sec.
the king's birth-day, a blue	Brattl
cloak or gown, with a badge.	fury
Bluid, blood.	Braw,
Bluntie, snivelling.	Brawl
Blype, a shred, a large piece.	well,
Buck, to vomit, to gush in-	Braxie
termittently.	Breust
Bocked, gushed, vomited.	Breast
Bodle, an old copper coin, of	forw
the value of peunics Scots,	Brecka
or one-third of an English	Breef,
penny.	resis
Bogles, spirits, hobgoblins.	Brecks
Bonie, or bony, handsome,	Brent, Brewin
beautiful. Bannock, a kind of thick cake	
of bread, a small jannack,	Brie, ja Brig, d
or loaf made of out-meul.	Eruns
Boord, a board.	Briske
Boortree, the shrub elder;	Brithe
planted much of old in	Brock,
hedges of barn-yards, S-c.	Brogu
Boost, behooved, must needs.	Broo, l
Bore, a hole in the wall.	Brose,
	,

Botch, blotch,	un	angry
tumour.		
m. n. n. n. n.		

body, a person. ng, drinking, quaffing.

ail, cabbage.

ough'd, applied to the er part of the thighs, n crooked or bent out ds.

ens, fern.

a declivity, a precipice. slope of a hill. broad, plain. n't, reeled forward. , a kind of harrow, an

- rument used in hus. try.
- ge, to run rashly for

broke, made insolvent is, a kind of wooden for horses.

, a sudden illness

coarse clothes, rags

c, a short race, hurry

fine, handsome.

yt, or Brawlie very finely, heartily.

, a morbid sheep.

ie, dimin. of breast. it, did spring up or ard.

un, fern.

an invulnerable or irtible spell.

, breeches.

smooth.

ı, brewing.

uice, liquid.

a bridge.

tane, brimstone.

t, the breast, the bosom

r, a brother

a badger.

e, a hum, a trick. broth, liquid, water. a kind of pettage

made by pouring boiling water or broth on oat-meal, which is stirred while the water is poured; -a race at country weddings, who shall first reach the bridc-groom's house on returning from church, so called, perhaps, from brose being allotted to the victor.

Brownie, a spirit, supposed, till lately, to haunt old houses, particularly those attached to farms, and sometimes to do the drudgery of the servants during the night.

Brugh, a burgh.

Bruilzie, a broil, a combustion.

Brunt, did burn, burnt.

Brust, to burst, burst.

Buchan-bullers, the boiling of the sea among the rocks on the coast of Buchan.

Bucksin, an inhabitunt of Virginia.

Bught, a pen.

- Bughtin-time, the time of collecting the sheep in the pens to be milked.
- Buirdly, stout made, broad made.
- Bum-clock, a humming beetle that flies in the summer evenings.

Bumming, humming as bees. Eummle, to blunder; a dolt, a stupid person.

Bummler, a blunderer. Bunker, a window-seat.

Burdies, dimin. of birds.

Bure, did bear.

Burn, water, a rivulct. Burnie, dimin. of burn.

Buskie, bushy.

Buskit, dressed finely, decorated.

Busks, dresses. Busle, a bustle, to bust.e. Euss, buss, shelter.

- But, Bot, with, without. But an' Ben, the country kitchen and parlour.
- By himsel, Innatic, distracted.

Byke, a bee-hive, a crowd. Byre, a cow-house.

Ca', to call, to name, to drive Ca't, or Ca'd, called, driven, calved,

Cadger, a carrier. Cadie, a Caddie, a person, a young fellow.

Cuff, chaff.

Caird, a tinker.

Cairn, a loose heap of stones. Calf-ward, a small enclosur

for calves.

Collan, a boy.

Caller, fresh, sound, refresh. ing.

Canie, or Cannie, gentle, mild, dexterous.

Cannilie, dexterously, gently Cantie, or Canty, cheerful, merry.

Cantraip, a charm, a spell. Caprin, capering, skipping

merrily.

Cap-stane, cope-stone, key stone.

Carcerin, cheerfully.

Carl, an old man.

Carl hemp, the largest stalk of hemp, firmness of mind.

Carlin, a stout old woman.

Cartes, cards.

Caudron, a caldron. Cauk and keel, chalk and red

clay. Cauld, cold.

Caup, a wooden drinking ves sel.

Cavie, a coop or pen for poultry.

#### GLOSS.IEY.

Caud, driven. Cesses, taxes. Chanter, a part of a bagpipe. Chap, a person, a fellow, a blow. Chaup, a stroke, a blow. Checkit, checked. Cheep, a chirp; to chirp. Chiel, or Cheel, a young fellow. Chimla, or Chimlie, a firegrate, a fire-place. Chimla-lug, the fire-side. Chittering, shivering, trembling. Chockin, choking. Chaw, to chew; check for chow, side by side. Chuffie, fat-faced. Cluchan, a small village about a church, a hamiet. Chaise, or Clacs, clothes. Claith, cloth. Claithing, clothing. Claivers, nonsense, not speak. ing sense. Cap, clapper of a mill. Clorcif, wrote. Clash, an idle tale, the story of the day. Clatter, to tell little idle stories; an idle story. Claught, snatched at, laid hold of. Claut, to clean, to scrape: a heap, a great quantity, abundance. Clauted, scraped. Claver, clover. Clavers, idle storics. Claw, to scratch. Claw'd, scratched. Claymore, a sword, a weapon used either in cutting or thrusting. Clerd, to clothe. Cleids, clothes.

Cleek, to lay hold of after the manner of a hook, 'o seize at all events Cleckit, having cangkt. Clankin, jorking, clinking. Clinkumbell, he who rings the

church-bell. Chips, sheers,

- Clishmaclaver, idle conversa
- Clock, to hatch; a beckle.
- Clockin, hatching.
- Clout, the hoof of a cow, sheep, Sec.
- Clootie, an old name for the Devil.
- Clour, a hump, or swelling, ufter a blow.
- Clout, to beat, to strike; a blow, a cuff.

Cluds, clouds.

- Ciunk, to guggle in the manner of a bottle when it is emptying.
- Coaxin, wheedling, flattery. Coble, a fisking boat.
- Cockernony, a lock of hair tied upon a girl's head; a cap.
- Cockie, dimin. of cock.
- Coft, bought.
- Cog, a wooden dish.
- Coorgie, dimin. of cog.
- Coita, from Kyle, a district of Ayrshire; so called from Coil or Coilus, a Pictish monarch.
- Collic, a general, and sometimes a particular name for country curs.
- country curs. Collieshangie, quarrelling.
- Commann, commond.
- Cood, the cud.
- Coofd, a blockhead, a ninuy Cookit, appeared and disap-
- peared by fits. Coosir, a horse kept for mares.
- Coost, did cast.
- Coot, the ancle, or foot.
- Cuotie, a wooden kitchen disk; fowls whose legs are cled

with feathers, are said to be cootie.

Corbies, a species of the crow.

Core, corpy, parts, clan. Corn't, fed with oats.

Cotter, the inhabitant of a cot-

house, or cottage. Couthie, kind, loving.

Cove, a cave.

- Cowe, to terrify, to keep under, to lop; a fright, a branch of furze, broom, &c.
- Coup, to barter, to tumble over; a gang.

Cowpit, tumbled.

Cowrin, covering, stooping. Cowt, a colt, a young horse.

Cozie, snug,

Coziely, snugly.

- Crabbit, crabbed, fretful, sour.
- Crack, to converse, conversation.

Crackin, conversing.

Craft, or Croft, in old husbandry, a field near a house. Craigie, dimin. of crag, the

throat, the neck. Craiks, birds, incessant colls,

or cries. Crambo-clink, or Crambojingle, rhymes, doggerel verses.

Crank, the noise of an un-

greased wheel. Crankous, fretful, captious. Cranreuch, the hour frost.

- Crap, or Crop, the produce of land; to crop.
- Craw, a crow of a cock, a rook.

Creel, a kind of osier basket: to have one's wits in a creel, to be crazed, to be fascinated.

Creeshie, greasy.

Crooks, old cures that have given over bearing

- Crouie, or Crony, an intimate acquaintance.
- Crood, or Croud, to coo as a dove.
- Croon, a hollow, continued moan; to make a noise like the continued roar of a bull; to hum a tune.

Crooning, humming.

- Crouchie, crouk-backed.
- Crouse, cheerful, courageous. Crousely, cheerfully, courageously.
- Crowdie, a composition of oat-meal and boiled water, sometimes from the broth of

beef, mutton, &c. Crowdie-time,breakfast time.

Croulin, crawling, creeping.

- Crummock, a cow with crooked horns.
- Crump, hard and brittle; spoken of bread.
- Crunt, a blow on the head with a cudgel.

Cuif, a blockhead, a ninny.

Cummock, a short staff with a crooked head.

Curchie, a courtesy.

- Curler, a player of a game on the ice, practised in Scotland, called curling.
- Curlie, curled; and whose falls hair naturally in ringlets.
- Curling, a well known game on the ice.

Curmurring, murmuring, a slight rumbling noise.

Curpin, the crupper.

- Cushat, the dove, or woodpigeou.
- Cutty, short, a spoon broken in the middle, a light woman.
- Cutty-stool, the stool on which culprits sit when making public satisfaction in the

#### GLOSSART.

kirk for having committed fornication.

#### Ð

Daddie, a father. Daczt, stapified, deprived of vigour or sensibility. Daffin, merriment, foulishness. Daft, merry, giddy, foolish. Diamen, rare, now and then. Diamen-icker, an car of corn now and then. Duinty, pleasant, good ha-moured, agreeable. Dales, plains, volleys. Danton, to intimidate, to subdue. Dam, urine, piddle. Darklins, darkling, being in the dark, void of light. Daud, to thrush, to ubuse. Daur, to dare, to defy. Daurt, dared, defud. Daurg, or Daurk, a duy's labour. Davoc, David. Dawd, a large piece. Dawtit, or Dauter, fondled, carcssed. Dearies, dimin. of dears. Dearthfu', dear. Deave, to deafen. Deil-ma-care! no matter for all that. Delcerit, delirious Descrive, to describe. Devle, a stunning blow. Diddle, to shake, to jog Dight, to wipe, to clean corn from chaff; cleaned from chaff. Dights, clean. Din, sallono. Ding, to worst, to push. Dinna, do not. a slight 'remulous Dirl. stroke or pain

Dizzen, or Diz'n, a dozen. Doited, stupified, hebutated. Dolt, stupified, crazed, a stupid fellow. Doneie, unlucky. Dool surrow; to sing dool, to lament, to mourn. Duos, divers. Durly, sancy, nice, discon. tented. Donce, or Donse, sober, wise, prudint. Douvely, soberly, prudently. Dought, was, or corre able. Doup skilper, one who sirikes the tail Dour, sullen, abstinate. Doure, stant, duruble, sullen, stubborn. Douser, more prudent. Dato, am or ure alle, can. Douff, pithless, spirit. wanting Dowie, worn with grief, fatique, & c. holf aslerp. Downa, am or are not able, cannot. Doylt, stupid. Drop, a drop; to drop. Drapping, dropping. Draunting, druwling. Dreep, to oaze, to drop. Dreigh, tedious, long about it. Dribble, drizzling, slaver. Driddle, to be diligent insig nificantly. Drift, a drove. Droddum, the berch. Drone, part of a hagpipe. Drep-rumpl't, that droops et the crupper. Droukit, drenched, wet Drouth, thirst, drought. Drucken, drunken. Drumly, muddy, thick, ob scure Drummock, meal and water mixed raw. Drunt, pet, sour humour

Doup, the backside. Duds, a small pond. Duds, rags, clothes. Duddic, ragged. Dung, worsted, pushed, driven, exhausted. Dunted, beaten, boxed. Dush, to push as a ram, &c. Dusht, pushed by a ram, ox, &c.

#### E.

E'e, the eye. E'en, the eyes. E'enin, evening, the close of the day. frighted, dreading Eeric, spirits. Eild, old age. Elbuck, the elbow. Eldritch, ghastly, frightful. En', end. Enbrugh, Edinburgh. Eneugh, enough. Especial, especially. Ettle, to try, to altempt, to endeavour Eydent, diligent, industrious.

#### F.

Fu', fall, lot; to fall. Fus', does fall; water-falls. Faadom't, fathomed. Faa, a foe, an exemy. Faam, foam. Faiket, unknown, unemployed. Fairin, a present at fair-time. Fault, uid find. Fand, uid find. Fant, a cake of breal. Fash, trouble; care; to trouble, to care for. Fashious, troublesome. Fosht, troubled. Fisitor a can. Fasterns Enen Fault a fold; to fold

Faulding, folding. Faut, fault. Fawsont, decent, seemly Feal, a-field: smooth. Fearfu', frightful. Fear't, frighted. Feat, neat, spruce. Fecht, to fight; a struggle of whatever kind. Fetchin, fighting. Fechtin, fighting. Feek, many, plenty. Fecket, waistcoat. Feckfu', large, brawny,stout. Feckles, puny, weak, silly, trifling. Feckly, weakly Feg, a fig. Feide, feud, enmity. Fell, keen, biting; the flesh immediately under the skin; inimialaticy under the skift; a field pretty level, on the side or top of a hill. Fen, successful struggle, fight. Fend, to live comfortably. Ferlie, or Ferly, to wonder, a wonder, a term of contempt. Fetch, to pull by fits. Fetch't, pulled intermittently. Fey, foe. Fidge, to fidget. Fiel, soft, smooth. Fient, ficud, a petty oath. Fier, sound, healthy; a brother, a friend. Fisle, to make a rustling noise, to fidget; a bustle. Fit, a fuot. Fizz, to make a hissing noise, like fermentation. Flainen, flannel. Fleech, to supplicate, or en-treat in a fluttering manner Fleech'd, supplicated. Fleechin, supplicating. Fleesh, a fleece. Ficg, a kick, a random blow

Flether, to decoy by fair words. Fletherin, flattering. Flewit, a smart blow. Fley, to scare, to frighten. Flichter, to flutter, as young nestlings, when their dam approaches. Flinders, shreds, broken pieces. Flingin-tree, a piece of timber hung by way of partition between two horses in a stable; a flail. Flisk, to fret at the yoke. Fliskit, fretted. Flitter, to vibrate like the wing's of small birds. Fluttering, fluttering, vibrating Flunkic, a servant in livery. Foord, a ford. Forbcars, forefathers, ancestors. Forbyc, besides. Forfain, distressed, warn out, jaded. Forfoughten, fatigued. Forgather, to meet, to encounter with Forge, to forgive. Forjesket, jailed with fatigue. Forrit, forward. Fother, fodder. Fou, full, drunk Foughten, troubled, hurassed. Fouth, plenty, enough, or more than enough. Fore, a bushel, &c.; also a pitchfork. Frac, from. Freath, froth. Frien', friend Fu', full. Fud, the scut or tail of the kare, concy, &c. Fuff, to blow intermittently. Fuff't, did blow. Funnic, full of merriment.

Fur, a furrow. Furm, a farm, bench. Fyke, trifling cores; to piddle, to be in a fuss about trifles; to agitate. Fyle, to sail, to dirty, to pol-

lute.

Fyl't, soiled, dirticd, polluted

# G.

Gab, the mouth; to speak boldly, or pertly.

Gaberlunzie, an old man.

Gadsman, ploughboy, the boy that drives the horses in the plough.

Gae, to go.

Gaed, went

Gaen, or Gane, gone.

Gaun, going.

Gaet, or Gate, way, manner road.

Gang, to go, to walk.

Gangrel, strolling, wandering, roving. Gar, to make, to force. Gar't, forced.

Garten, o gurter.

Gash, wise, sagacious, talkative; to converse.

Gushin, conversing.

- Gaury, jolly, large. Gauky, half-witted, foolish, romping.
- Gear, riches, goods of any kind.

Geck, to toss the head in wantonness or searn.

Ged, a pike.

Gentles, great folks. Geordie, a guinca.

Get, a child, a young one.

Ghaist, a ghost

Gic, to give. Gicd, gave.

- - Gien, given.

Giftie, dimin. of gift. Giglets, playful girls

Gillie, dimin. of gill. Gilpey, a half crown, half informed boy or girl, a romping lad, a hoiden. Gimmer, au ewe from one to two years old. Gin, if, against. Gipsy, a young girl. Girule, a round plate of iron for toasting cakes over the fire. Girn, to grin, to twist the features in rage, agony, Girning, grinning. Gizz, a perivoig. Glaikit, inattentive, foolish. Glaive, a sword. Glazie, glittering, like glass. smeeth Glaum'd, aimed, snatched. Gleg, sharp, ready. Gleib, glebe. Glen, dale, deep valley. Gley, asquint, to squint. Glib-gabbet, that speaks smoothly, and readily. Glint, to peep. Glinted, peeped. Glintin, peeping. Gloamin, the twilight. Glowr, to stare, to look, a stare, a look. Glowr'd, looked, stared Glowran, staring Goavan, looking or staring awkwardly. Gowan, the flower of the daisy, d dandelion, hawk-Gowany, gowany glens, dai-sied dales. Gowd, gold.

- Gowff, the name of golf; to strike, as the bat does the ball at golf.
- Gowff'd, struck.
- Gowk, a cuckoo, a term of contempt

Gowl, to howl. Gowling, howling Graff, a grave. Grain, or Grane, a groan; to groan. Grain'd and Graunted, groaned and grunted. Graining, groaning. Graip, a pronged instrument for eleansing stables. Graith, accoutrements, furniture, dress. Grannie, a grandmother. Grape, to grope. Grapit, groped. Grat, wept, shed tears. Great, intimate, familiar. Gree, to agree; to bear the gree, to be decidedly victor. Gree't, agreed. Greet, to shed tears, to weep. Greetin, crying, weeping. Grippet, catched, seized. Grout, to wet the whistle of one's groat, to play a losing game. Grousome, loathsome, grim. Grozet, a gooseberry. Grumph, a grunt; to grunt. Grumphie, a sow. Grun<sup>i</sup>, ground. Grunstane, a grindstone. Gruntle, the phiz, a grunting noise Grunzie, the mouth. Grushie, thick, of thriving growth. Gude, the Supreme Being; good. Guid, good. Guid-morning, good morning Guide'en, good evening.

- Guidman and Guidwife, the master and mistress of the house; young guidman, a man nucly married.
- Guidfather, a father in law. Guidmother, a mother in law

Gully, or Gullie, a large knife. Qualie, muddy, turbid. Gumption, understanding, judgment. Gusty, tasteful.

# II.

Ha', hall. Ha' Bible, the great Bible that lics in the hall. Hae, to have. Haen, had. Haet, fient haet, a petty oath of negation; nothing. Haffet, the temple, the side of the head. Hafflins, nearly half, partly. Hag, a scar, or gulf in mosses or moors; an ugly old woman Haggis, a kind of pudding boiled in the stomach of a cow or sheep. Hain, to spare, to save. Hain'd, spared. Hairst, harvest. Haith, a petty oath. Haivers, nonsense, speaking without thought. Hal', or Hald, an abiding place. Hale, whole, tight, healthy. Haly, holy. Hallan, a particular parti-tion will in a cottage, or more properly a seat of turf at the outside. Hallowmas, Hallow-eve, the 31st of October. Hame, home. Hamely, homely, affable. Hameward, homeward. Han', or Haun', hand. Hap, an outer garment, mantle, plaid, Sc.; to wrap, to cover, to hap. Happer, a hopper. Happing hopping

Hap-step-an'-loup, hop, skip and leap. Harkit, hearkened.

Harn, very coarse linen.

Hash, a fellow that neither knows how to dress nor act with propriety.

Hastit, hastened. Haud, to hold

Haughs, low-lying, rich lands, valleys.

Haurl, to drag, to peel.

Haurlin, peeling

Haverel , half-witted person one who talks foolishly.

Havins, good manners, decorum, good sense. Hawkie, a cow, properly one

with a white far

Healsome, healthful, whole-

Heapit, heaped

Hearse, hoarse Hear't, hear it

Heartie, dimin. of hear

Heather, heath. Hech! oh! strange!

Hecht, promised to foretell

something that is to be got or given; forctold; the thing forctold; offered.

Heckle, a board in which are fixed a number of sharp pins, used in dressing hemp, flax, S.c.

Heeze, to elevate, to raise. Helim, the rudder, or helm.

Herd, to tend flocks; one who tends flocks.

Herrin, a herring.

Herry, to plunder; most pro perly to plunder bird's nests.

Herryment, plundering, devastation.

Hersel, herself; also a hers of cattle of any sor. Het, hot.

Heugh, a crag a coal pre

Hide and Hair, the carcass and hide, the whole. Hilch; to hubble; to hal?. Hilchin, halting. Hiltie-skiltic, in rapid succession Himsel, himself. Hiney, honey. Hing, hung. Hirple, to walk crazily, to creep. Mirplin, walking crazily. Hissel, so many cattle as one person can attend. Histic, dry, chapt, barren. Hitch, a loop, a knot. Hizzie, huzzy, a young girl. Hoddin, the motion of a sage countryman riding on cart-horse; humble. Hog-score, a kind of distanceline, in curling, drawn across the rink. Hog shouther, a kind of horseplay, by justling with the shoulder; to justie. Hool, outer skin or case, a nut-shell, pease-swade. Hoolie, slowly, leisurely. Hoolie! take leisure! stop. Hoord, a hoard; to hoard. Hoordit, hoarded. Horn, a spoon made of horn. Hornie, one of the many names of the devil. Host, or Hoast, to cough. Hostin, coughing. Nosts, coughs. Hotch'd, turned topsy-tur-vcy, blended, mixed. Houghmagandie, fornication. Houp, hope. Housie, dimin. of house. Hove, to heave, to swell. Hov'd, heaved, swelled. Howdie, a midwife. Howe, hollow; a hollow or dell

Howe-backit, sunk in the back, spoken of a horse, &c. Howff, a landlady, a house

of resort. Howk, to dig.

Howkit, digged.

Howkin, digging. Howlet or Houlet, an ow!

Hoy, to urge.

Hoy't, urged.

Hoyse, a pull upwards.

Hoyte, to amble crazily.

Hughoc, dimin. of Hugh. Hunkers, the ham, the hinder part of the thigh.

Hurcheon, a hedgehog; a term of slight anger.

Hurdies, the loins, the crup-

Hushion, a cushion, stockings without fect.

J.

#### I', in.

leker, an ear of corn. Ier-ve, a great grand child. 11k, or 11ka, each, every. Ill-willie, ill-natured, malicious, niggaray. Ingine, genius, ingenuity. Ingle, fire, fire-place. I'sc, I shall or will. Ither, other, one another.

#### J.

Jad, jade; also a familiar term among country folks for a giddy young girl. Jag, to prick, to pierce. Jank, to dally, to trifle. Jaukin, trifling, dallying Jauntie, dimin. of jaunt. Jaup, a jork of water; to jerk as agitated water. Jaw, coarse raillery; to pour out, to shut, to jerk as water Jillit, a jilt, a giddy gir

- Jimp, to jump; slender in the waist, handsome. Jink, to dodge, to turn a cor-
- ner: a sudden turning a corner.
- linker, one who turns quickly, a gay sprightly girl, a wag.

Jinking, dodging.

Jirk, a jerk.

Ju or Jue, a succetheart, a favourite.

Joctcleg, a kind of knife.

Jouk. to stoop, to bow the head. Jaw, to jow, a verb which includes both the swinging

motion and pealing sound. of a large bell. Jundie, to justle.

#### К.

Kae, a daw. Kail, colewort, a kind of broth. Kail-runt, the stem of cole wort. Kain, fowls, S.c. paid as rent by a farmer. Kebars, rafters. Kebbuck, a cheese. Rick, a peep, to peep. Kelpics, a sort of mischierous spirits, said to haunt fords and ferrics at night, especially in storms. Ken, to know. Ken'd or Kent, knew. Kinnin, a small matter. Kenspeckle, well-known. Ket, metted, hairy; a fleece of wood. Kaiugh, carking anxiety.

Kilt, to truss up the clothes. Kummer, a young girl, a gos-

sip. Kin, kindred. Kin', kind.

King's-hood, a certain part of the cutrails of an or, &c Kintra, country.

- Kintra-ceozer, count~y stallion.
- Kirn, the harvest supper, a churn; to churn.
- Kirsen, to christen, ar baptize.
- Kist, a chest, a shop counter Kitchen, any thing that is exten with bread, to scrve
- for soup, gravy, Sec.
- Kith, kindred.
- Kittle, to tickle, ticklish, like-
- Kittlin, a young cat.

Kiuttle, to cuddle.

- Kinttlin, cuddling. Knaggie, like nags, or points
- Knuppin hammer, a hammer for breaking stones.
- Knowe, a small round hillock. Knurl, a dwarf.

Kye, cours.

- Kyle, a district of Ayrshire
- Kyte, the belly.
- Kythe, to discover, to show one's self.

## L.

Laddie, dimin. of lad.

Laggen, the angle between the side and bottom of a wooden dish.

Laigh, low.

Lairing, wuding and sinking in snow, wud, &c.

Laith, louth.

- Luithfu,' bashful, sheepish, modest.
- Lulland, a nutive of the low lands of Scotland Lullans, Scottish dialect

Lambie, dimin. of lamb. Lampet, a kind of shell-fish Lan', land, estate

Lane, lone, my lane, thy lane, 5-C Lanely, lonely. Lung, long; to think long; to long, to weary. Lap, did leap Lave, the relighter remainder, the athers. Laverock, the lark. awin, shot, reckoning bill. Lawlan, lowland. Lea, pasture, ground un-ploughed. Lea'e, to leave. Leal, loyal, true, faithful. Lea-rig, grussy ridge pronounced lare, Lear, learning Lec-lang, live-long. Leesome, pleasant. Lecze me, a phrase of con-gratulatory endsarment: I am happy in thee, or proud of thee Leister, a three-pronged dart for striking fish. Leugh, did laugh. Lenk, a look; to look. Libbet, gelded. Lie'n, lying. Lift, sky Lightly, sneeringly, to sneer Lilt, a ballad, a tune; to sing. Limmer a kept mistress, a strump(t. Limp't, limped, hobbled. Link, to trip along. Linkin, tripping Linn, a water-fall, a precipice. Lint, flax; lint i' the bell, flax in flower. Lintwhite, a linnet. Lippen'd, trusted, put confidence in. Loan, or Loanin, the place of milking.

Loof, the palin of the " und.

Loot, did let. Looves, plural of loof. Loun, a fellow, a ragamuffin, a woman of easy virtus. Loup, jump, leap. Lowe, a flame. Lowin, flaming. Lowric, abbreviation of Law. rence. Lowse, to loose. Lows'd, loosed. Lug, the ear, a handle. Luggie, a small wooden dish with handle. Lum, the chimney. Luch, a large piece of cheese, flesh, Sec. Lunt, a column of smoke; to Luntin, smoking. Lyart, of a mixed colour; gray.

#### M.

Mae, more, Maist, more, Maistl, most, almost Maistly, mostly. Makin, making. Mailen, a farm. Mallic, Mally. Mang, among.

Manse, the parsonage house, where the minister lives. Manteele, a mantle.

- Mark, or Merk; an ancient Scottish silver coin, in value thirteen pence and one-third of a penny sterling.
- Mark, marks. (This and several other nouns, which in English require an sto form the plural, are in Scotch, like the words sheep, deer, the same in both numbers)

Mar's year, the year 1715. Mashlum, Meslin, mixed corn. Mask, to mash, as malt, &c. to infuse. Maskin-pat, a tea-pot. Mauken a hare. Maun, must. Mavis, the thrush. Maio, to more. Mawin, mowing. Mcere, a mare Meickle, or Meikle, much.

Melancholius, mournful. Melder, corn, or grain of any kind, sent to the will to be

ground. Mell, to meddle: also a mallet for pounding barley in a

stone trough. Melvie, to soil with meal. Men', to amend, to reform, to

- change from worse to better. Mense, good manners, deco-
- rum. Menseless, ill bred, rude, im-
- pudent.

Messin, a small dog.

Midden, a dunghill. Midden-creels, baskets for

- holding dung. Midden hole, a gutter at the bottom of a dunghill. Mid, prim, affectedly meek
- Min', mind, remembrance. Mind't. mind it, resolved, intending. Minnie, mother, dam.

Mirk, durk.

Mirkest, darkest. Misca', to abuse, to call names.

.Misca'd, abused. Mistear'd, mischievous, unmannerly. Mistcuk, mistook.

Mather, a mother.

confusedly Mistre-maxtic, mixed.

VOL. I.

Moistify, to moisten. Monie, or Mony, many. Moop, to nibble as a sheep.

Moil, labour.

- Morlan', of or belonging to moors
- Morn, the next day, to mor r010.
- Mottie, full of motes or smal particles of matter. Mou, the mouth.
- Moudiewort, a mole.
- Mousie, dimin. of mouse.
- Muckle, or Mickle, great, big much.
- Masie, dimin. of muse.
- Muslin-kail, broth compesses simply of water, shelled
- barley, and greens. Mutchkin, an English pint. Myscl, myself.

#### N.

Na, no. not, nor. Nac, no, not any. Nuching, or Naithing, no thing Nnig, a horse = Nune, none.

Nappy, ale; to be tipsy.

- Notch, to lay hold of violently
- Neebor, a neighbour.
- Neglackit, neglected.
- Neuk, nook. Nirst, neat in order, or next in time.

Nicve, the fist.

- Nievefu, a handful, a small quantity.
- Nieffer, an exchange; to exchange, to barter.

Niger, a negro.

Nine tailed cat, a hangman's whip. Nit, a nut.

- Norland, of or belonging to the north.
- Notic't, noticed, observed  $\mathbf{E}$

Nowte, black cattle.

#### 0.

0', of.

Ochels, name of mountains. O haith! O faith! an oath. Onic, or Ony, any

Or, is often used for ere, beforc.

Orra, superfluous, unwanted. O't, of it.

Oughtlins, in the least degree. Ouric, shivering, drooping. Oursel, or Oursels, ourselves. Outlers, cattle not housed. Ower, over. too.

Owre-hip, a way of fetching a blow with a hammer over the arm.

## Ρ.

familiar; Pack, intimate, fan twelve stone of wool. Paidel, to paddle, to play in water. Painch, the paunch Paitrick, a partridge. Pang, to crain. Parle, speech. Parritch, oat-meal pudding, a well-known Scotch dish. Pat, did put, a pot. Pattle, or Pettle, a plough-Paughty, proud, haughty. Pawky, or Pawkie, cunning, sly. Pay't, paid, beat. Pech, to fitch the breath short as in an asthma. Pechan, the crop, the stomach. Peelin, peeling, Pet, a domesticated sheep; a great favourite. Pettle, to cherish; a ploughstaff.

Philbegs, short petticoats worn by highlandmen. Phroise, fair speeches, flattery; to flatter, to wheedle. Phraisin, flattery. Pibrock, a highland war song adapted to the bagpipe. Pickle, a small quantity. Pine, pain, uneasincss. Pit, to put. Placad, a public proclamation. Plack, an old Scotch coin the third part of a Scotch penny, twelve of which make au English penny. Plackless pennyless, without money.

Plaid, an outer loose garment.

Platic, dimin. of plate.

Pieugh, or Plew, a plough.

Pliukie, a trick, a mischief.

Pock, a bag; a small sack.

Poind, to seize on cattle, or take the goods, as the laws of Scotland allow, for rent.

Poortith, powerty, indigence. Pou, to pull.

Pauch, a pocket.

Pouchie, dimin. of pouch.

Pouk, to pluck.

Pouse, to push, to penetrate.

Poussie, a hare, a cat.

Pout, a poult, a chick.

Pou't, did pull.

Pouther, or Powther, powder.

Pouthcry, like powder. Pow, the head, the skull Pownic, a little horse.

Prece, a pin, a pointed short piece of wire.

Prent, print.

Frie, to taste. Prie'd, tasted.

Prief, proof.

Prig, to cheapen, to dispute.

Priggin, cheapening. Primsic, demure, precise

Propone, to lay down, to propose.

Provost, the first magistrate of a royal borough, answering to Lord Mayor in England. Provescs, plural of Provost.

Pund, wound, pounds. Pyle, a wie o' caff, a single grave of chaff.

#### Q.

Quak, to quake. Quat, to quit. Quey, a cow from one to two years old.

## R.

Ragweed, herb ragwort. Raible, to rattle nonsense; to talk foolishly. Rair, to roar Raize, to madden, to inflame. Rom-feezl'd, fatigued, overspread. Ram-stam, thoughtless, forwurd. Randic, turbulent, irregular, unsetiled. Rantie, merry, cheerful, jovial. Ruploch, properly a coarse cloth, but used us an adnoun for coarse. Rarely, excellently, very will. Rash, a rush. Rash-buss, a bush of rushes. Ratan, a throb, a pulsation. Ratton, a rat. Raucle, rash, stout, fearless. Raught, reached. Raw, a row. Rax, to stretch. Rax'd, stretched, levicd. Ream, cram; to cram Reamin, brimful, frothing. Reave, rove.

Reck, to heed. Kede, counsel, to counsel. Rea-wat-shod, walking ร่าเ blood over the shoe tops. Red-wud, stark mad. Ree, half-drunk, fuddlcd. Rick, smoke, to smoke. Reckin, smoking. Reckit, smoked, smoky. Remead, remedy, alternative. Requite, required. Rest, to stand restive. Restit, stond restive, stunted. withered.

Restriked, restricted.

Rew, repeat.

Rief, or Reif, plenty.

Rief-randies, sturdy beggars Rig, a ridge

Rin, to run, to melt.

- Rink, the course of the stones, a term in curling on ice.
- Rinnin, running. Ripp, a handful of unthrashed corn.
- Riskit, made a noise like the tearing of roots.
- Rockin, a term derived from those primitive times, when neighbours met alternately at one another's houses to spend the evening; the females, that they might enjoy the gossip without the imputation of idlencss, brought their rocks or distaffs with them.
- Rood, st inds likewise for the plural roods.

Roon, a shred.

- Roose, to praise, to commend, applanse.
- Roun', round, in the circle of neighbourhood.

Roupot, hoarse as with a cold Routhie, plentiful.

Row, to roll, to wrap. Row't, rolled; wrapped.

Rowte. to low. to bellow

Rowth, or Routh, plenty. Rowtin, lowing. Rowtin, dowing. Rung, a culgel. Runkled, wrinkled. Runkt, wrinkled. Runt, the stem of colevart or cablage. Ruth, a vooman's name, the book so called; sorroz.

#### g.

- Sait, soft. Sair, to scrve; a sore. Sairly, or Sarlie, sorely. Sair't, served. Sark, a shirt. Sarkit, provided in shirts. Saugh, the willow. Saul, soul. Saumont, salmon. Saunt, a saint. Saut, salt. Saw, to sow. Sawin, sowing Sax, six. Scalth, to damage, to injure; injury. Scar, to scare; a scar. Scand, to scald. Scauld, to scold. Scone, a kind of bread. Sconner, a loathing, to loathe. Soraich, to scream as a hen, partridge, &c. Screed, to tear; a rent. Scrieve, to glide swiftly along. Scrievin, glecsomely, swiftly. Scrimp, to scant. Scrimpet, did scant, scanty. See'd, did see. Scizin, seizing. S.l, self; a body's sel, one's self alone. Sell't, did sell.
  - Sen'. to scud.

Scn't, I, he or she sent, or did send, scnd il. Servan', scrvant. Sesson, an inferior spiritual court, of the kirk of Scotland, consisting of an assembly of clders, who sit in judgment, and pronounce sentence on Christian delinquents.

Settlin, settling; to get a settlin, to be frightened into quietness.

Sets, sets off, goes away.

Shackl'd, distorted, deformed. Shaird, a shred, u shard. Shangan, a stick cleft at one

- Shangan, a stick cleft at one end, for putting the tail of a dog, &c. into, by way of mischief, or to frighten him away.
- Shave, a trick, any thing done to cheat jocoscly, or to divert.
- Shaver, a humorous wag, a barber.

Shavie, dimin. of shave.

Shaw, to show; a small wood in a hollow place.

Shearer, a reaper, one em ployed in cutting down corn.

Sheen, bright, shining.

- Shcep-shank, to think one's self mae sheep-shank, to be conceited.
- Sherra-moor, Sheriff-moor, the field where the famous battle of that name was fought in the rebellion of 1715.
- Sheugh, a ditch, a trench, a sluice.

Shiel, a sked.

Shrill, shrill.

Shog, a shock, a push of at one side.

Shool, a shovel.

Shoon, shocs.

Shore, to offer, to give, to threaten. Shor'd, offered. Shouther, the shoulder. Sic. such. Sicker, sure, steady. Sidelins, sidelong, slanting. Siller, silver, money. Simmer, a summer. Signet, singed, scorched, despicable. Sin, a con. Sin', since. Sinny, sunny. Sinsyne, since. Skaith. See Scaith. Skellum, a worthless fellow. Skelp, to strike, to slap; to walk with a smart tripping step; a smart stroke Skelpi-limmer, a technical term in female scolding. Skelpin, Stapping, walking, eager, warna. Skiegh, or Skeigh, proud, nice, high-mettled Skinklin, a small portion Skirl, to shriek, to cry shrilly. Skirling, shricking, crying. Shirl't, shricked. Sklent, slant; to run aslant, to deviate from truth. Sklented, ran, or hit in an oblique direction. Skreigh, a scream; to scream. Skyrin, shining, making a great show. Skyte, force, violence. Slade, did slide. Slae, a sloe. Slap, a gate, a breach in a fence. Staw, slow. Slee, sly. Sleest, slyest. Sleekit, sleek, sly, cunning. Sliadery, slippery. Slype, to fall over, as a wet

furrow from the rlough.

Slypet, fell. Sma', small. Smeddum, dust, powder, met tle, sense. Smiddy, a smithy. Smoor, to smother. Smaor'd, smothered. Smoutic, smutty, obscene. ugly. Smytrie, a numerous collec-tion of small individuals. Shaking, the champing of a dog's teeth when he aims at his prey. Snapper, stumble. Snash, abuse, Billingsgate. Snaw, suow; to snow Snaw-broo, melted snow. Snawie, snowie. Succk, latch of a door. Such, to lop, to cut off. Sneeshin, snuff. Suceshin-mill, a surff box. Snell, bitter, biting Snick drawing, thick contriving. Snick, the latchet of a door. Snool, one whose spirit is broken with oppressine slavery; to submit tamely, to sneak, to oppress. Snoove, to go smoothly and constantly, to sneak. Snowff, to scent or snuff, as a dog, horse, & c. Snowkit, scented, snuffed. Sodger, a soldier. Sonsie, having sweet engag ing looks: lucky, jolly. Soom, to swim. South, truth, a petty oath. Sough, a sigh, a sound dying on the ear Souple, flexible, swift. Souter, a shoemaker. Soucens, a dish made of oat-

meal, the secds of oat-meal soured, S.c. boiled up till

they make an agreeable pudding. Sowp, a specuful, a small quantity of any thing Sowth, to try over a tune with a low whistle. Sowther, solder; to soller, 'to cement. Spac, to prophesy, to divine. Spairge, to dash, to soil as with mire. Spaul, a timb. Spavic, the spuvin. Spavist, having the spavin. Speat, or Spate, a sweeping torrent, after rain or than. Speel, to climb. Speet, to spit, to threst through. Spence, the country parlour. Spier, to ask, to inquire. Spier't, inquired. Splatter, a splatter; to splut-Spleuchan, a tobacco-pouch. Splore, a frolic, a noise, a Sprattle, to scramble. Spreckled, spotted, speckled, Spring, a quick air in music, a Scottish red. Sprit, a tough rooted plant, something like rushes. Sprittle, full of spirits. Spunk, fire, mettle, wit. Spunkic, mettlesome, fiery; will-o'-whisp, 02 ignis fatuus. Spurtle, a stick used in making out-mal pudding, or porridge, a notable Scotch dish. Squad, a crew, a party.

Squater, to flutter in water, as a wild duck, Sec.

Squattle, to spraul, to strug-

scream. Stacher, to stagger. Stack, a rick of corn, hay, Sec. Staggie, dimin. of stag. Stalwart, strong, stout. Stan', to stand. Stan't, did stand. Stane, a stone. Stank, did stink; a pool of standing water. Stap, stop. Stark, stout. Startle, to run as cattle stung by the gad-fly. Staukin, stalking, walking with a stately step. Stanmrel, a blockhead, half. witted Stare, did steal, to surfeit. Stech, to eram the belly. Stechin, cramming. Steck, to shut; a stick. Steer, to molest, to stir. Steeve, firm, compacted. Stoll, a still. Sten to rear as a horse. Sten't, reared. Stents, tribute, ducs of any hin:L Stry, steep. Steyest, steepest. Stibble, stubble. Stibble-rig, the reaper in harvest who takes the lead. Stick an' stow, totally, altogether. Stilt, a crutch; to halt, to limp.

Squeel, a seream, a screech, to

- Stimpart, the eighth part of a Winchester bushel.
- Stirk, a cow or bullock a year ol.l.
- Stock, a plant or root of colewort, cabbage, &c.
- Stockin, stocking, throwing the stockin'; when the bride and bridegroom are put into hed and the candle out

the former throws a stocking at random among the company, and the person whom it strikes is the next that will be married.

Stooked, made up in shocks as corn.

Stoor, sounding hollow. strong and hoarse.

Stot, an ox.

Stoup, or Stowp, a kind of jug, or dish, with a handle.

Stoure, dust, more particularly dust in motion.

Stowlins, by stealth.

Stown, stoien.

Stoyte, stumble.

Strack, did strike.

Strae, straw, to die a fair strae death, to die in bed.

Straik, did strike.

Straikit, stroked.

Strappan, tall and handsome.

Straught, straight.

Streck, stretched; to stretch.

Striddle, to straddle.

Stroan, to spout, to piss. Strunt, spirituous liquor of any kind; to walk sturdily.

Studdic, an anvil.

Stampie, dimin. of stump

Stuff, corn or pulse of any kind.

Sturt, troubled; to molest.

Sturtiu, frighted.

Sucker, sugar.

Sud, should.

Sugh, the continued rushing noise of wind or water.

Suthron, scuthern, an old name for the English nation.

Swaird, sward. Swall'd, swelled.

Swankie, or Swanker, a tight strapping young fellow or girl.

Swap, an exchange; to barter.

Swat, did sweat. Swatch, a sample.

Swats, drink, good ale.

Sweatin, sweating.

Sweer, lazy, averse; deadsweer, extremely averse.

Swoor, swore, did swear.

- Swinge, to beat, to strike, to whip.
- Swirl, a curve, an eddying blast, or pool, a knot in wood.

Swirlie, knaggy, full of knots. Swith, get away.

Swither, to hesitate in choice; an irresolute wavering in choice.

Syne, since, ago, then.

#### T.

Tackets, a kind of nails for driving into the heels of shoes.

Tae, a toc; three tae'd, having thrée prongs.

Tairge, to examine; a target

Tok, to take,

Takin, taking.

Tamtolla, the name of a mountain.

Tangle, a sca-weed.

Tap, the top.

Tapeless, headless, foolish.

Tarrow, to murmur at one's allowance.

Tarrow't, murmur. Tarry-breeks, a sauor.

Tartan, a kind of cloth chequered with stripes of various colours

Tauld, or Tald, told. Taupie, a foolish, thoughtless young person.

- Tauted, or Tautie, matted together; spoken of hair or wool.
- Tawis, that allows itself

peaceally to be handled; spoken of a horse, cow, S.c. Teat, a small quantity. Tedding, spreading after the maucer. Ten-hours-bite, a slight feed to the horses while in the yoke, in the forenoon. Tent, a field pulpit, heed, caution; to take heed. Toutie, heedful, cautious, wary. Tentless, hecdless Teugh, tough. Thack.thutch: thack an' rape, clothing, necessaries. Thac, these Thairws, small guts, fiddlestrings. Thankit, thanked Threkit, thatched Thegither, together. Themsel, theuselves. Thick, intimate, familiar. Thiereless, roll, dry spited; spoken of a person's de-Thir, these. Thirl, to thrill. Thirled, thrulled, vibrated. Thale, to suffer, to endure. Thance, a than; to than. Thoucless, slack, lazy. Thrang, throng; a crowd. Thrapple, throat, windpipe Thraw, to sprain, to twist, to Thrawin, twisting, &c. Thrawn, sprained, twisted, contradicted, contradiction. Threap, to maintain by dint of assertion. Threshin, thrashing Thretcen, thirteen. Taristle, thistle Through, to go on with, to make out. Throuther, pell-mill, confusedly.

Thud, to make a loud inter mittent noise; a blow pro-ducing a dull heavy sound Thumpit, thumped. Thysel, thyself. Till't, to it. Timmer, timber. Timmer-propt, propped with timber. Tine, to lose. Tint, lost; tint the gate, lost the way. Tinkler, a tinker. Tip, a ram. Tippince, two pence. Tirl, to make a slight noise, to uncover. Turlin, uncovering Tither, the other. Tittle, to whisper. Tittling, whispering. Tocher, marriage portion. Tod, a fox. Toddle, to totter like the walk of a child. Toddlin, tottering. Toom, empty. Toop, a ram Toun, a hamlet, a farm-house. Tout, the blast of a horn or trumpet, to blow a horn, Tow, a rope. Towmond, a twelve-month. Touzie, rough, shaggy. Toy, a very old fashion of female head-dress. Toyte, to totter like old age. Trams, shafts. Transmugrify'd, trausmigrated, metamorphosed, Trashtrie, trush. Treves, trowsers. Trickie, full of tricks, play Trig, spruce, neat. Trinly, excellently. Trow, to believe.

Trouth, truth, a petty oath

# GLOSSARY.

Trysted, appointéd; to tryste, to make an appointment. Try't, tried. Tug, raw hide; of which in old times plough-traces were frequently made. Tultie, a quarrel; to quarrel, to fight. Twa, two. Twa, two. Ybad, it would. Twal, twolve; twal penny worth, a small quantity, a pennyworth. Twin, to part. Tyke, a dog.

### U.

Unco, strange, uncould, very, very great, prodigious. Uncos, news. Unfanild, unfold. Unsicker, unsure, unsteady. Unskaith d, undamaged, unhurt. Unweeting, unwitting, unknowing. Upo', upon. Urchin, a hedgehog.

### v.

Vap'rin, vapouring, bullying, bragging. Vauntic, vain, proud. Vera, very. Virl, a ring round a column, &c.

### W.

IFa', wall. IFa's, walls. IFabster, a wcaver. IFad, would; to bet; a bet, a pledge. IFadna, would not.

Wae, woe, sorrowful. Wacsucks! or Wass me. alss! O the pity. Waft, the cross thread that goes from the shuttle through the web; woof. Waifu', wailing. Wair, to lay out, to expend. I aie, choice; to choose. Wal'd, chose, chosen. Walie, ample, large, jolly, also an interjection of dis tress. Wame, the billy. Wamefou, a belly full. Wanchancie, unlucky, 171. omened, inau spicious. Wanrestfu', restless, uneasy. Wark, work. Wark-lume, a tool to work with. Warl, or Warld, world. Warlock, a wizard. Warly, worldly, eager GR amassing wealth. Warran, a warrant; to warrant. Warst, worst. Warstl'd, or Warsl'd, wres tled. Wastrie, prodigality. Wat, wet; I wat, I wot, 1 know Water-brose, brose made of meal and water simply, without the addition of milk, butter, &c. Wattle, a twig, a wand. Wauble, to surng, to recl. Waught, draught. Waukit, thickened, as fullers do cloth. Wankrife, not apt to sleep. Wanr, worse, to worst. Waur't, worsted. Wean. or Weanie, a child Wearie, or Weary; monie a weary body, many a dif ferent person.

# GLOSSARY.

liquor.

Weason, weasand. Weaving the stocking. See throwing the stocking, page 62. Wee, little. Wee things, little onrs. Wee bit, a small matter. Weel, well Weelfure, welfare. West, rain, wetness Weird, fate. We'sc, we shall. Wha, who. Whaizle, to wheeze. Whalpit, whelped, brought Whang, a leathern string, a piece of chaese, breud, & c.; to give the strappado. Whare, where. Whare'er, wherever. Whase, whose. Whatreck, neverthcless. Whaup, the curlew, a kind of water-foul. Wheep, to fly nimbly, to jerk; penny-wheep, small beer. Whid, the motion of a hare, running but not frighted; a Whidden, running as a hare or coney. Whigmeleeries, whims, fancies, crotchets. Whingin, crying, complaining, fretting. Whirligigums, useless or-naments, trifing appeudages. Whirrin', whirring; the sound made by the flight of the partridge, Sec. Whisht, silence; to hold one's whisht, to be silent. Whisk, to sweep, to lash. Whiskin, large, swccping. Whiskit, lashed. Whissle, a whistle; to whistle.

Whun-stare, a whinstone. Whyles, whiles, sometimes. Wi<sup>\*</sup>, with. Wick, to strike ... stone in an oblique direction, a term in curling. Wicker, willow (the smaller sort.) Wid lifu', wrathful, angry ruging; one deserving the Widdle, struggle, bustle, effort. Wiel, a small whiripoel. Wifie, a diminutive or endearing term for wife. Wilfu', willing, full of will. Willyart, bashful, reserved, Wimple, to meander, to run very irregularly. Wimpl't, meandered. Wimplin, waving, meander. ing. Win, to wind, to winnow. Win't, winded as a bottom of yarn. Win', wind. Win's, winds. Winna, will not. Winnock, a window. Winsome, hearty, vaunted, gay. Wintle, a stuggering motion; to stagger, to reel. Winze, an oath. Wiss, to wish, to have a strong desire Withouten, without. Witless, simple, easily imposed on. Wizen'd, hide-bound, dried, shrunk. Wonner, a wonder, a contemptuous appellation. Wons, dwells, resides.

Whitter, a hearts draught of

"Voo', wool.

- Woo, to court, to make love to.
- Woddie, a rope, more properly one made of withes or willows, a halter, a gallows.
- Wover-hab, the garter knotted below the knee with a couple of loops.

Wordy, worthy.

Worset, worsted.

Wow, an exclamation of pleasure or wonder. Wrack, to tease, to vex.

- Wraith, a spirit, ghost; an apparition exactly like a living person, whose appeurance is said to forbode the person's approaching death.
- Wrang, wrong; to wrong, to injure.
- Wreeth, a drifted heap of snow.

Writers, attorneys, lawyers. Wud-mad, distracted, wild.

Wumble, a whimble, an instrument for boring holes.

Wyle, beguile.

- Wyliecoat, a flannel vest.
- Wyte, blame; to blame, to accuse.

### Y.

- Ye; this pronoun is frequent-ly used for thou.
- Year, is used both for singular and plural years.
- Yearlings, born in the same year, coivals.
- Yearns, longs much, desires earnestly.
- Yell, barren, that gives no milk.
- Yerk, to lash, to strike, to
- jerk. Yerkit, jerked, lashed, struck. Yestreen, yesternight, the
- night before.
- Yett, a gate, such as is usual-ly at the entrance into a farm-yard or field. Yill, ale.

- Yird, carth.
- Yokin, yoking, a bout
- Yont, beyond. Yoursel', yourself. Yowe, an ewe.
- Yowie, dimin. of your
- Yule, Christmas.

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# PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION.

THE following trifles are not the production of the poet, who, with all the advantages of learned art, and perhaps amid the elegances and idleness of upper life, looks down for a rural theme, with an eye to Theocritus or Virgil. To the author of this, these and other celebrated names, their countrymen, are, at least in their original language, a fountain shut up, and a book sealed. Unacquainted with the necessary requisites for commencing poet by rule, he sings the sentiments and manners he felt and saw in himself, and his rustic compeers around him, in his and their native language. Though a rhymer from his earliest years, at least from the earliest impulses of the softer passions, it was not till very lately that the applause, perhaps the partiality of friendship, wakened his vanity so far as to make him think any thing of his worth showing; and none of the following works were composed with a view to the press. To amuse himself with the little creations of his own fancy. amid the toil and fatigues of a laborious life; to transcribe the various feelings, the loves, the griefs, the hopes, the fears, in his own breast; to find some kind of counterpoise to the strug gles of a world, always an alien scene, a task uncouth to the poetical mind-these were his motives for courting the muses, and in these he found Poetry to be its own reward.

# PREFACE.

Now that he appears in the public character of an author, he does it with fear and trembling. So dearis fame to the rhyming tribe, that even he, an obscure, nameless bard, shrinks aghast at the thought of being branded as—an impertinent blockhead, obtruding his nonsense on the world; and, because he can make a shift to jingle a few doggerel Scotch rhymes together, looking upon himself as a poet of no small consequence forsooth.

It is an observation of that celebrated poet. Spenstone, whose divine elegies do honour to our language, our nation, and our species, that "Humility has depressed many a genius to a hermit, but never raised one to fame!" If any critic catches at the word Genius, the author tells him, once for all, that he certainly looks upon himself as possessed of some poetic abilities. otherwise his publishing in the manner he has done, would be a manœuvre below the worst character which, he hopes, his worst enemy will ever give him. But to the genius of a Ramsay, or the glorious dawnings of the poor, unfortunate Ferguson, he, with equal unaffected sincerity, declares, that even in his highest pulse of vanity, he has not the most distant pretensions. These two justly admired Scotch poets he has often had in his eye in the following pieces; but rather with a view to kindle at their flame, than for servile imitation.

To his subscribers, the author returns his most sincere thanks—not the mercenary bow over a counter, but the heart-throbbing gratitude of the bard, conscious how much he owes to benevolence and friendship, for gratifying him, if he deserves it, in that dearest wish of every poetic

# PREFACE.

bosom—to be distinguished. He begs his readers, particularly the learned and the polite, who may honour him with a perusal, that they will make every allowance for education and circumstances of life; but, if, after a fair, candid, and impartial criticism, he shall stand convicted of dulness and nonsense, let him be done by as he would in that case do by others—let him be condemned, without mercy, to contempt and oblivion.

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# DEDICATION

# TO THE SECOND EDITION.

# TO THE NOBLEMEN AND CENTLEMEN OF THE CAUEDONIAN HUNT.

# My Lords and Gentlemen,

A SCOTTISH bard, proud of the name, and whose highest ambition is to sing in his Country's service—where shall he so properly look for patronage as to the illustrious names of his native Land; those who hear the honours and inherit the virtues of their Ancestors? The Poetic Genius of my Country found me, as the prophetic bard Elijah did Elisha—at the *Plough*; and threw her inspiring *Mantle* over me. She bade me sing the loves, the joys, the rural scenes and rural pleasures of my native soil, in my native tongue; I tuned my wild, artless notes, as she inspired. She whispered me to come to this ancient Metropolis of Caledonia, and lay my songs under your honoured protection.

Though much indebted to your goodness, I do not approach you, my Lords and Gentlemen, in the usual style of dedication, to thank you for past favours. That path is so hackneyed by prostituted learning, that honest rusticity is ashamed of it. Nor do I present this address with the venal soul of a servile Author, looking for a continuation of those favours: I was bred

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# DEDICATION.

to the Plough, and am independent. I come to claim the common Scottish name with you, my illustrious countrymen; and to tell the world that I glory in the title. I come to congratulate my Country that the blood of her ancient heroes still runs uncontaminated; and that from your courage, knowledge, and public spirit, she may expect protection, wealth and liberty. In the last place, I come to proffer my warmest wishes to the great Fountain of honour, the Monarch of the Universe, for your welfare and happiness. When you go forth to waken the Echoes, in the ancient and favourite amusement of your forefathers, may Pleasure ever be of your party; and may social Joy await your return! When harassed in courts or camps with the jostlings of bad men and bad measures, may the honest consciousness of injured worth attend your return to your native Seats; and may domestic Happiness, with a smiling welcome, meet you at your gates! May corruption shrink at your kindling, indignant glance; and may tyranny in the Ruler, and licentiousness in the People. equally find you an inexorable foe!

I have the honour to be, With the sincerest gratitude, And highest respect, My Lords and Gentlemen,

Your most devoted humble Servant,

# ROBERT BURNS.

Edinburgh, 7 April 4, 1787. §

# POEMS,

# CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

# BOOK I.

# MORAL, RELIGIOUS, AND PRECEPTIVE.

### THE TWA DOGS

### A TALE.

'Twas in that place o' Scotland's isle, That bears the name o' Auld King Coil, Upon a bouie day in June, When wearing thro' the afternoon, Twa dogs that were na thrang at hame, Forgather'd ance upon a time.

The first PII name, they ca'd him *Casar*, Was keepit for his Honour's pleasure; His hair, his size, his mouth, his lugs, Show'd he was name o' Scotland's dogs; But whalpit some place far abroad, Where sailors gang to fish for cod.

His locked, letter'd, braw brass collar, Show'd him the gentleman and scholar; But tho' he was o' high degree, The fient a pride nae pride had he; But wad hae spent an hour carcessin, Ev'n wi' a tinkler-gipsey's messin : At kirk or market, mil or smiddie, Nae tauted tyke, tho' e'er sae dnddie, But he wad stan't, as glad to see him, And stroan't on stanes an' hillocks wi' him

# FOEMS,

The tither was a ploughman's collie<sub>r</sub>. A rhynning, rauting, raving billie, Wha for his friend an' contrade had him<sub>r</sub>. And in his freaks had Luath ca'd him, After some dog in Highland sang,\* Was made lang sync—Lord knows how lang

He was a gosh an' frithfu' tyke, As ever lap a sheugh or dyke, His honest, sonsle, Laws'nt face, Ay'gat him friends in ilka place. His breast was white, his touzie back Weel clad wi' coat o' glossy black; His gawcie tail, wi' upward curl, Mang o'er his hurdies wi' a swirl.

Nae doubt but they were fain o' ither, An' unco pack an' thick thegither Wi social nose whyles shull'd and snowkit, Whyles mice and mondreworts they howkit? Whyles social'd awa in hang excursion, An' worry'd ither in diversion; Uniti wi' daffin weary grown, Upon a knowe Liey sat them down; And there began a lang digression About the *Lords o'* the *Greation*.

### CÆSAR.

I've aften wondered, honest Luath, What sort o' life poor dogs like you have; An' when the gentry's life I saw, What way poor bodies liv'd ava.'

Our Laird gets in his racked rents, His coals, his kain, and a' his stents : He rises when he likes himsel'; His flunkies answer at the bell; He ca's his coach, he ca's his horse; He draws a bonie silken purse As lang's my tail, where, thro' the stecks, The yellow-letter'd Geordie keeks.

Frae morn to e'en it's nought but toiling, At baking, roasting, frying, boiling ; An' tho' the gentry first are stechin, Yet e'en the ha' folk fill their pechin Wi' sauce, ragouts, and sic like trashtrie, "hat's little short o' downright wastrie.

\* Cuthullin's dog in Ossian's Fingal

Our Whipper-in, wee blastit wonner, Poor worthless elf, it eats a dim.er, Better than ony tenant man His Honour has in a' the lan' : An' what poor cot-folk pit their painch in, I own its past my comprehension.

### LUATH.

Trowth, Cæsar, whyles they're fasht enough; A cotter howkin in a shengh, Wi' dirty stanes begin a dyke, Boring a quarry, and sic like. Himsel, a wife, he thus sustains, A sunytrie o' wee duddie weans, An' nonght but his hand darg, to keep Them right and tight in thack an' rape.

As when they meet with sair disasters, Like loss o' health, or want o' masters, Ye maist wad think, a wee touch larger, An' they maun starve o' cauld an' hunger: But, how it comes, I never kenn'd yet, They're maistly wonderfu' contented; An' buirdly chiels, and clever hizzles, Are bred in sic a way as this is.

### CÆSAR.

But then to see how ye're negleckit, How huff'd, and cuff'd, and disrespeckit! L-d, man, our gentry care as little For delvers, ditchers, an' sic cattle; They gang as saucy by poor fock, As I wad by a stinking brock.

Pve notic'd on our Laird's cont-day, An' mony a time my heart's been wae, Poor tenant bodies, scant o' cash, How they mann thole a factor's snash : He'll stamp and threaten, curse and swear, He'll apprehend them, poind their gear ; While they maun stau', wi' aspect humble ; An' hear it a', an' fear an' tremble !

I see how folks live that hae riches; But surely poor folk maun be wretches?

# LUATH.

They're nae sae wretched's ane wad think; Tho' constantly on poortith's brink: They're sae accustom'd wi' the sight, The view o't gles them little fright.

### POEMS,

Then chance and fortune are sae guided, They're ay in less or mair provided ; An' tho' fatigu'd with close employment<sub>f</sub> A blink o' rest's a sweet enjoyment.

The dearest comfort o' their lives, Their grushie weans an' frithfu' wives; The pratting things are just their pride, That sweetens a' their fire-side.

An' vahyles twalpennie wordt o' nappCan make the bodies unco happy; They lay aside their private carcs, To mind the kirk and state alfairs: They'll tak o' patronage and priests, Wi' kindling fury in their breasts, Or tell what new taxation's conin', An' ferlie at the folk in Lon'on.

As heak-faced Hallowmas returns, They get the jovial, ranting kirns, When *rural life*, o' every station, Unite in common recreation : Love blinks, Wit slaps, and social Mirtly Forgets there's Care upo' the earth.

That merry day the year begins, They bar the door on frosty winds; The nappy recks wi' mantling ream, An' sheds a heart-inspiring steam; The huntin pipe, an' sneestifn mill, Are handed round wi' right gude will; The cantie and folks crackin cronse, The young anes rantin thro' the louse-My heart has been sae fain to see them, That I for joy hae barkit wi' them.

Still its owre true that ye hae said, Sic game is now owre aften play'd. There's monie a creditable stock O' decent, honest fawsont folk, Are riven out baith root and branch, Some rascal's pridfu' greed to queueß, Wha thinks to knit himsel the faster In favour wi' some gentle Master, Wha, aiblius, thrang a-parliamentin, For Britain's guid his saul indentin—

CÆSAR.

Baith, lad, ye little ken about it ; For Britain's guid ! guid faith ! I doubt it ;

Say, rather, gaun as *Premiers* lead him, An' saying *age* or *no*'s they bid him: At operas an' plays parading; Mortgaging, gambling, masquerading; Or, may be, in a frolic dart, To *Hague* or *Calais* takes a waft; To make a tour, an' tak a whirl; To learn bon ton an' see the worl'.

There, at Fienna or Fersailles; He rives his father's audi entualis; Or by Madrid he takes the rout, To thrum mitars, and feelt wi'n cowt; Or down Italian vista statutes, Wh-re-hunting among groves o' myrdes i Then bouses drumbly German water To mak himsel lock fair and fatter, An' clear the consequential sorrows, Love-giths of Carnival signorus. For Britain's guid! for her destruction! W' dissipation, feed, an' faction.

### LUATH.

Hech man! dear sirs! is that the gate They waste sac mony a braw estate! Are we say foughten an' harass'd For gear to gaug that gate at last!

O would they stay aback frae courts, An' please theinselves wi' countra sports, It wad for every ane be better, The Laird, the Tenant, an't the Cotter ! For that rank, rantin, tambin billies, Fient hact o' them's ill-hearted fellows! Except for breakin o' their timmer, Or speakin lichtly o' their limmer, Or spootin o' a hare or meor-cock, The ne'er a bit they're ill to poor folk.

But will you tell me, Master *Cæsar*, Snre great folk's life's a life o' p'easure ? Nae cauld or hunger e'er can steer them; The yera fliought o't need na fear them.

### CÆSAR.

L-d, man, were ye but whyles whate 1 am. The gentles ye wad ne'er envy 'em.

It's true, they need noe starve or sweat, Thro' winter's cauld or simmer's heat. 前

### FOEMS,

They've nae sair wark to craze their banes, An' fill auld age wi' grips an' granes : But human bodies are sic fools, For a their colleges and schools That when nae real ills perplex then, They make enow themsels to vex them; An' ay the less they hae to sturt them. In like proportion less will hurt them. A country-fellow at the pleugh, His acres till'd, he's right enough; A country girl at her wheel, Her dizzen's done, she's unco weel: But Gentlemen, and Ladies warst, Wi' ev'n down want o' wark are curst. They loiter, lounging, lank, and lazy; Tho' deil haet ails them, yet uneasy Their days insipid, duil, an' tasteless ; Their nights unquict, lang and restless: An' e'en their sports, their balls, an' races, Their galloping thro' public places. There's sic parade, sic pomp, an' art, The joy can scarcely reach the heart. The men cast out in party matches, Then sowther a' in deep debauches; Ae night they're mad wi' drink an' wh-ring, Niest day their life is past enduring. The ladies arm-in arm in clusters, As great and gracious a' as sisters But hear their absent thoughts o' ither, They're a' run deils an' jades thegither. Whyles o'er the wee bit cup an' platie, They sin the scandal potion pretty ; Or lee-lang nights, wi' crabbit leuks Pore owre the devil's pictur'd beaks; Stake on a chance a farmer's stackyard, An' cheat like ony unhang'd blackguard.

There's some exception, man an' woman; But this is gentry's life in common.

By this, the sun was out o' sight, An' darker gloaning brought the night. The burn-clock humm'd wi' lazy drone; The kye stood rowin i' the loan: When up they gat, and shock their lugs, Rejoic'd they were un men but degs; An' each took aff his several way, Resolv'd to meet some ither day.

### THE BRIGS OF AYR.

### A POEM.

# Inscribed to J. B\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*, Esq. Ayr.

The simple Bard, rough at the rustic pleugh. Learning his tuneful trade from ev'ry bough ; The chanting linnet, or the mellow thrush, Hailing the setting sun, sweet, in the green thorn bush; The soaring lark, the perching red-breast shrill, Or deep-ton'd plovers, gray, wild-whistling o'er the hill Shall he, nurst in the peasant's lowly shed, To hardy independence bravely bred, By early Poverty to hardship steel'd, And train'd to arms in stern Misfortone's field; Shall he be guilty of their hirefing chines; The servile, mercenary Swiss of rhymes? Or labour hard the panegyric close, With all the venal soul of dedicating prose ? No ! though his articss strains he rudely sings, And throws his hand uncouthly o'er the strings He glows with all the spirit of the Bard, Fame, honest fame, his great, his dear reward ! Still, if some patron's gen'rous care he trace, Skill'd in the secret to bestow with grace ; When B\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* befriends his humble name, And hauds the rustic stranger up to fame, With heart-felt throcs his grateful bosom swells, The god-like bliss, to give, alone excels.

'Twaa when the stacks get on their winter-he.p. And thack and rape secure the toil-worn crap; Potato-bings are snugged up frae skaith Of coming Winter's bitling, frosty breath; The bees, rejoicing o'er their summer toils, Unmmbered buds an' flowers' delicious spoils, Seal'd up with frugal care in massive waxen piles, Are doom'd by man, that tyrant o'er the weak, The death o' devils smoor'd wi' bitmstone reek; The thundering guns are heard on ev'ry side, The twondering guns are heard on ev'ry side, The foundering guns are heard on ev'ry side, And excernation of the source, rullees deeds ''.

### POEMS,

Nae mair the flow'r in field or meadow springs; Nae mair the grove with airy concert rings, Except perhaps the Robin's whistling glee, Proud o' the height o' some bit half-lang tree; The hoary morns precede the sunny days, Mild, calm, serene, wide spreads the noon-tide blaze, While thick the gossamour waves wanton in the rays "I'was in that season, when a simple Bard, Unknown and poor, simplicity's reward ; Ae night, within the ancient burgh of Ayr, By whim inspir'd, or haply press'd wi' care: He left his bed, and took his wayward route, And down by Simpson's\* wheel'd the left about : (Whether impelled by all-directing Fate, To witness what I after shall narrate; Or whether, rapt in meditation high, He wandered out he knew not where nor why :) The drowsy Dungeon-clockt had numbered two, And Wallace Tow'rt had sworn the fact was true: The tide-swoin Firth, with sullen-sounding roar, Through the still night dashed hoarse along the shore : All else was hush'd as nature's closed e'e The silent moon shone high o'er tow'r and tree: The chilly frost, beneath the silver beam, Crept, gently-crusting, o'er the glittering stream-

When lo ! on either hand the list'ning Bard, The clanging sugh of whistling wings he heard; Two dusky forms dart thro' the midnight air, Swift as the Gos! drives on the wheeling hare ; Ane on th' Auld Brig his airy shape uprears, The ither flutters o'er the rising piers; Our warlock rhymer instantly descry'd The Sprites that owre the Brigs of Ayr preside. (That bards are second sighted is nae joke, And ken the lingo o' the sp'ritual folk; Fays, Spunkies, Kelpies, a', they can explain them, And ev'n the vera deils they brawiy ken them.) Auld Brig appear'd of ancient Pictish race, The vera wrinkles Gothic in his face : He seemed as he wi' Time had warsti'd lang, Yet toughly doure, he bade an unco baug. New Brig was buskit in a braw new coat, That he, at Lon'on, frae ane Adams, got: In's hand five taper staves as smooth's a bead, Wi' virls an' whirlygigums at the head.

\* A noted tavern at the Auld Brig end. The steeples. ‡ The goshawk, or falcon.

The two

The Goth was stalking round with anxious search, Spying the time-worn flaws in cv'ry arch; It chanc'd his new come necbour took Lis e'e, And e'en a vex'd and angry heart had ne! Wi' thieveless sneer to see his motish mien, He, down the water, gives him this guide'en :--

### AULD ERIG.

I doubt na, frien', ye'll think ye're nae sheep-shank Ance ye were streekit o'er from bank to bank ! But gin ye be a brig as auld as ne, Tho' fauth, that day I doubt ye'll never see; There'll be, if that date come, t'll wad a bodde, Some fewer whigmelerries in your noddle.

### VEW BRIG.

And Vandal, ye but show your little mense, Just much about it wi<sup>1</sup> your scanty sense; Will your poor, narrow foot-path of a street, Where twa wheel-barrows trouble when they meet, Your runi'd formless bolk o' stane an' line, Compare wi' house *Brigs* o' modern time ! There's men o' taste would take the *Duckat stream*,<sup>4</sup> They should cast the very sark and swin, Ere they would grate their feeelic ss st<sup>1</sup> the view  $\zeta$  's is an ugly, Gothic talk as yon.

### AULD ERIG.

Conceited gowk! puff'd up wi' windy pride! This mony a year I've stood the fleed an' tide; An' the' wi' erray eld I'm sair forfiairn, I'll be a Brig, when ye're a shapeless cairn! As yet ye little ken aboat the matter, But twa-three winters will inform yon better. When heavy, dark, continued a'-day rains, Wi' deepening deluges o'erflow the plains; Wien from the hills where springs the brawling Coil, Or stately Lugar's mossy fountains boil, Or where the Grzenock winds his moorland course, Or hanned Garpal! draws his feeble source, Arous'd by blast 'ing winds an' spotting thowes, I m many a torrent down his sai 'boot rows

\* A noted ford just above the Auld Brig.

† The banks of Garpal Water is one of the few places in the west of Scotland, where those fancy-scaring beings, known by the name of Ghaists, still continue pertinacionaly to inhabit.

### POEMS,

While crashing ice, home on the rearing speat, Sweeps dams, an' mills, an' brigs, a' to the gate; And from *Glenbuck*.<sup>\*</sup> down to the *Ratton-key*, Anid *Ayr* is just one lengthen'd, tumbling sea; Then down ye'll hurl-deil nor ye never rise! And dash the gumile jamps up to the pouring skies: A lesson stilly traching, to year cost, That Architecture's noble art is lost!

### NEW BRIG.

Fine Architecture ! trowth, I needs must say't o't ! The L-d be thankit that we've tint the gate o't! Gaunt, ghastly, ghaist-alluring edifices, Hanging with threat'ning jut, like precipices; O'er-arching, mouldy, gloom-inspiring coves, Supporting roofs fantastic, story groves; Windows and doors, in nameless sculpture drest, With order, symmetry, or taste, unblest; Forms like some bediam-statuary's dream, The craz'd creations of misguided whim Forms might be worshipp'd on the bended knee, And still the second dread commond be free, Their likeness is not found on earth, in air, or sea. ) Mansions that would disgrace the building taste Of any mason reptile, bird or beast; Fit only for a doited Monkish race, Or frosty maids, forsworn the dear embrace, Or Cuifs of latter times, wha held the notion That sullen gloom was sterling, true devotion ; Fancies that our guid Burgh denies protection, And soon may they expire, unbless'd with resurrection !

### AULD BRIG.

O yee, my dear-remember'd, ancient yealings, Were ye but here to share my wounded feelings! Ye worthy *Proveses*, an' mony a *Bailie*, Wha in the paths of rightcousness did toil ay; Ye dainty *Deacons*, and ye douce *Conneeures*, To whom our moderns are but causey-cleaners; Ye godly *Conneils* what has bless'd this town; Ye godly *Brethrem* of the sacred gown, Wha meekly gae your *hurdies* to the *smitters*; And (what would now be strange) ye godly writers; A' ye donce folk I've home aboon the horo, Were ye hu there, what would ye say or do ?

\* The source of the river Ayr. place above the large key. † A small landing

£3

How would your spirits groan in deep vexation, To see each melancholy alteration ; And agonizing, curse the time and place When ye begat the base, degen'rate race! Nae langer Rev'rend Men, their country's glory, In plain braid Scots hold forth a plain braid story, Nae langer thrifty Citizens, an' douce, Meet owre a pint, or in the Council-house ; But staumrel, corky-headed, graceless gentry ; The herryment and ruin of the country : Men, three-parts made by Tailors and by Barbers, Wha waste your wheel-hain'd gear on d-d new Brigs and Harbours !

# 'NEW BRIG.

Now haud you there ! for faith ye've said enough, And muckle mair than ye can make to through. As for your Priesthood, I shall say but little, Corbies and Clergy are a shot right kittle; But under favour o' your langer beard, Abuse o' magistrates might weel be spar'd: To liken them to your auld warld squad, I must needs say, comparisons are odd. In Ayr, Wag-wits nae mair can hae a handle To mouth 'a Citizen,' a term o' scandai : Nae mair the Council waddles down the street. In all the pomp of ignorant conceit ; Men wha grew wise priggin ower hops an' raisins, Or gather'd lib'ral views in Bonds and Seisins. If haply Knowledge, on a random tramp, Had shor'd them with a glianner of his lamp, And would to Common-sense, for oace betray'd them. Plain, dull Stupidity stept kindly in to aid them.

What farther clishmaclaver might been said, What bloody wars, if sprites had blood to shed, No man can tell ; but all before their sight, A fairy train appear'd in order bright Adown the glittering stream they featly danced Bright to the moon their various dresses glanced ; They footed o'er the wat'ry glass so neal, The infant ice scarce bent beneath their feet : While arts of minstrelsy among them rung, And soul-ennobling Bards heroic ditties sung. O had M'Laughlan,\* thairm-inspiring sage, Been there to hear this heavenly band engage, When through his dear Strathspeys they bore with High land rage;

\* A well known performer of Scottish music on the violin

### POEMS,

Or when they struck old Scotia's melting airs, The lover's raptur'd joys or bleeding cares; How would his Highland hig been nobler fir'd, And ev'n his matchless hand with finer touch inspir'd No gness could tell what instrument appear'd, But all the soul of Music's self was heard; Harmonious concert rung in every part, While single mclody pour'd moving on the heart.

The Genius of the Stream in front appears, A venerable chief advanc'd in years ; His heary head with water-lilies crown'd, His manly leg with garter-taugle bound. Next came the loveliest pair in all the ring, Sweet female Beauty hand in hand with Spring -Then crown'd with flow'ry hay, caule Rural Jo; And Summer, with ins fervid-beaming cye; All-cheering Pleaty, with her flowing horn, Led yellow Autuma wreath'd with nodding corn ; Then Winter's time-bleach'd locks did hoary show By Hospitality with cloudless brow Next follow'd Courage with his martial stride, From where the Feal wild woody coverts hide; Benevolence, with mild, benignant air, A female form, \* came from the tow'rs of Stair; Learning and worth in equal measures trede From simple Catrine, their long-lov'd abode ; Last, white-rob'd Peace, crown'd with a hazel wreath, To rustic Agriculture did bequeath The broken iron instruments of Death ; At sight of whom our Sprites forgat their kindling wrath.

# THE VISION.

### DUAN FIRST.

### THE sun had clos'd the winter day, The curlers quat their roaring play,

\* The Poethere alludes to a Mrs. Stewart, who was then in possession of Stair. She afterwards removed to Aftonlodge on Lie banks of the Afton, a stream which she subsequently colorated in a song entitled, "Afton Water,"-Ed. A Water, a term of Ossian's for the different divisions of a digrassine power. See his Cath Lona, vol. ii. of Maepherson s transl divit.

An' hunger'd maukin ta'en her way To kail-yards green, While faithless snaws ilk step betray Whare she has been.

The thrasher's weary flingin-tree The lee-lang day had tired me; And when the day had clos'd his e'e, Far i' the west, Ben i' the spence, right pensivelie, I gaed to rest.

There, lanely, by the ingle-cheek, I sat and ey'd the spewing reek, That fill'd, wi' hoast-provoking sineek, The auld clay biggin; An' heard the restless rations squeak About the riggin.

All in this mottie, misty clime, I backward mus'd on wasted time, How I bad spent my youthfe' prime, An' done nae-thing, But stringin blethers up in rhyme, For fools to sing.

Had I to guid advice but harkit, I night, by this, hae led a market, Or strutted in a bank sur clarkit My cash account :

While here, half mad, half fed, half sarki Is a' th' amount.

i started, mutt'ring, blockhead ! coof ! And heav'd on high my waukit loof, To swear by a' yon starry roof, Or some rash aith, That I henceforth would be a *rhyme proof* Till my last breath—

When click ! the string the sneck did draw ! And jee ! the door gaed to the wa', An' by my ingle-love I saw, Now bleezin bright, A tight, outlandish *Hrzie*, braw, Come full in sight.

Ye need nae doubt, I held my whisht; The infant aith, half-form'd was crusht; I glow'rd as eerie's I'd been dusht, In some wild glen;

### · POEMS,

When sweet, like modest Worth, she blusht, And stepped ben.

Green, stender, leaf-clad holly-boughs Were twisted, gracefu', round her brows, I took her for some Scottish muse, By that same token; An' come to stop those reckless vows, Wou'd soon been broken.

A "hair-brain'd sentimental trace," Was strongly marked in her face; A wildly-witty, rustic grace Shone full upon her;

Her eye, ev'n turn'd on empty space, Beam'd keen with Honour.

Down flow'd her robe, a Tartan sheen, Till half a leg was scrimply seen; And such a leg i ny bonie Jean Could only peerit; Sae straught, sae taper, tight and clean, Name else came near it.

Her Mantle large, of greenish hue, My graving wonder chielly drew; Deep lights and shades, bold-mingling, threw A bastre grand; And seen'd, to my astonish'd view, A well known land.

Here, rivers in the sea were lost; There, monutains to the skies were tost; Here, tumbling billows mark'd the coast, With surging foam; There distant shone Art's lofty loast, The lord y dome.

Here Deen pour'd down his far-fetch'd floods, There, well-fed Irvine stately fluids; Aud hernit Ayr staw thro' his woods, On to the shore ; And many a lesser torrent scuds, With scenning roar.

Low, in a sandy valley spread, An ancient *Borough* rear'd her head ; Still, as in Scottish story read, She boasts a Race, To ev'ry nobler virtue bred, And polish'd grace.

By stately tow'r or palace fair, Or ruins pendant in the air, Bold stems of heroes, here and there, I could discern; Some seem'd to muse, some seem'd to dare, With features stern.

My heart did glowing transport feel, To see a Race\* heroic wheel, And brandish round the deep-dy'd steel In sturdy blows; While back-recoiling secm'd to reel Their Southron foes.

His Country's Saviour,† mark him well; Bold Richardton's† heroic swell -The chief on Sark§ who glorious fell, In high command; And He whom ruthless Fates expel His native land.

There, where a sceptr'd Pictish shadel Stalk'd round its ashes lowly laid, I mark'd a martial race, portray'd In colours strong; Bold, soldier-featur'd, urdismuy'd They strode alorg.

Thro' many a wild romantic grove, ¶ Near many a hermit-fancy'd cove, (Fit haunts for Friendship or for Love) In musing mood, An aged Judge, I saw him rove, Dispensing good.

\* The Wallaces. † William Wallace.

‡ Adam Wallace, of Richardton, consin to the inimorial preserver of Scottish Independence.

§ Wallace, laird of Cragic, who was second in command, under Douglas, earl of Ormond, at the famous battle on the banks of Sark, fought anno 1448. That glorious victory was principally avoing to the judicious conduct and intrepid valour of the gallant laird of Cragie, who died of his wounds after the action.

[] Coilus, king of the Picts, from whom the district of Kyle is said to take its name, lies buried, as tradition says, near the family-seat of the Montgomerics of Coil's field, where his burial-place is still shown.

T Barskimming, the seat of the late Lord Justice Clerk Vol. I. G

### POEMI

With deep-struck reverential awe\* The learned Size and Son I saw, To Nature's God and Nature's law They gave their lore, This all its source and end to draw, That, to adore.

Brydone's brave wardt I well could spy, Beneath old Scotia's smiling eye, Who call'd on Fame, low standing by To hand him on, Where many a Patriot-hame on high, And hero shone.

### DUAN SECOND.

With musing-deep, astonish'd stare; I viewed the heav'nly-scenning Fair; A whisp'ring throb did witness bear, Of kindred sweet, When, with an elder sister's air, She did me greet.

All hail! my own inspir'd Bard ! In me thy native muse regard ! Nor longer mourn thy fate is hard ! Thus poorly low ! I come to give thee such reward As we bestow.

"Know the great Genius of this land Has many a light aerial band, Who all beneath his high command, Harmoniously, As arts or arms they understand, Their labours ply.

"They Scatia's race among them share { Some fire the Soldier on to dare; Some rouse the Particut up to bare Corruption's heart; Some teach the Bard, a darling care, The tuneful art.

Catrine, the scat of the lats doctor, and present professor
 Stewart.
 Colonel Fullation.

"Mong swelling floods of reeking gore, They ardent, kindling spirits pour; Or, mid the venal senate roar, They, sightless, stand, To mend the honest Patriot-lore, And grace the land.

"And when the bard, or hoary Sage

Charm or instruct the future age, They bind the wild poetic rage In energy, Or point the inconclusive page

Full on the eye.

"Hence Fullarton, the brave and young; Hence Dempster's zeal-inspired tongue; Hence sweet harmonicus Beattie surg His' Minstrel lays;

Or tore, with noble ardour stung, The Sceptic's bays.

"To lower orders are assign'd The humbler raaks of human-kind. The rustic Bard, the lab'ring Hind, The Artisan ;

All choose, as various they're inclin'd, The various man.

"When yellow waves the heavy grain, The threat ning storm some strongly rein, Some teach to meliorate the plain With tillage-skill:

And some instruct the shepherd train Blithe o'er the hill.

"Some hint the lover's harmless wile; Some grace the maiden's artless smile; Some south the lab'rer's weary toil, For humble gains,

And make his cottage-scenes beguile His cares and pains.

"Some, bounded to a district-space, Explore at large man's infant race, To mark the embryotic trace Of rustic Bard;

And careful note each op'ning grace, A guide and guard.

" Of these am I-Coila my name ; And this district as mine I claim,

### FOEMS.

Where once the Campbells, chiefs of fame, Held ruling pow'r: 1 mark'd thy embryo tuneful flame, Thy natal hour.

"With future hope, I oft would gaze, Fond, on thy little early ways, Thy rudely caroll'd, chiming phrase, In uncouth rhymes, Fir'd at the simple artless lays Of other times.

"I saw thee seek the sounding shore, Delighted with the dashing roar Or when the North his fleecy store Drove thro' the sky, I saw grim Nature's visage hoar, Struck thy young eye.

" Or when the deep green-mantled earth Warm cherish'd ev'ry flow'ret's hirth, And joy and music pouring forth In ev'ry grove, I saw thee eye the gen'ral mirth With boundless love.

"When ripen'd fields, and azure skies, Call'd forth the reapers' rustling noise, I saw thee leave their evining joys, And lonely stalk. To vent thy bosom's swelling rise In pensive walk.

"When youthful love, warm-blushing strong Keen-shivering shot thy nerves along, Those accents, grateful to thy tongue, Th' adored Name, I taught thee how to pour in song, To sooth thy flame.

" I saw thy pulses maddening play, Wild send thee pleasure's devious way, Misled by fancy's metcor ray, By passion driven; But yet the light that led astray

Was light from heaven. " I taught thy manners-painting strains, The loves, the ways of simple swains, Till now, o'er all my wide domains

Thy fame extends:

### And some, the pride of Coila's plains, Become thy friends.

"Thou canst not learn, nor can I show, To paint with Thompson's landscape glow, Or wake the bosom-melting throe, With Shenstone's art, Or pour with Gray, the moving flow Warm on the heart.

"Yet all beneath the univalled rose, The lowly daisy sweetly blows; Tho' large the forest's monarch throws His army shade, Yet green the juicy hawthorn grows, Adown the glade.

"Then never murmur nor repine; Strive in thy hamble sphere to shine; And trust me, not *Potosi's* mine, Nor king's regard, Can give a bliss o'ermatching thine, A rustie Bard.

" To give my counsels all in one, Thy uneful flame still careful fan; Preserve the *Dignity of Man*, With soul crect; And trust, the Universal Plan Will all protect.

"And wear thou this !"—she solemn said, And hound the Holly round my head: The polish'd leaves, and berries red, Did rustling play; And, like a passing thought, she fled In light away.

# THE COTTER'S SATURDAY NIGHT.

INSCRIBED TO R. A\*\*\*\*, ESQ.

Let not ambition mock their useful toil, Their howely joys, and destiny obscure; Nor grandeur hear, with a disdainful smile, The short, but simple annals of the poor GRAY

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My lov'd, my honour'd, much respected friend ! No mercenary Bard his homage pays;

With honest pride, I scorn each selfish end, My dearest meed, a friend's esteem and praise; To you I sing, in simple Scottish lays,

The lowly train in life's sequester'd scene; The native feelings strong, the guileless ways; What A\*\*\*\* in a cottage would have been; Ah ! tho' his worth unknown, far happier there, I ween.

November chill blaws load wi' angry sugh . The short'ning winter-day is near a close;

The miry beasts retreating frae the pleugh ; The black ning trains o' craws to their repose;

The toil-worn Cotter frac his labour goes.

This night his weekly moil is at an end, Collects his spades, his mattocks, and his hoes,

Hoping the morn in case and rest to spend, And weary o'er the moor his course does homeward bend

At length his lonely cot appears in view,

Beneath the shelter of an aged tree:

Th' expectant wee-things, toddlin, stacher thro' To meet their Dad, wi' fichter in noise an' glee

His wee bit ingle, blinkin bonily

His clean hearth-stane, his thriftie wifie's smile, The lisping infant prattling on his knee

Does a' his weary carking cares beguile

An' makes him quite forget his labour and his toil.

Belyve the elder bairns come drappin in,

At service out, among the farmers roan'; Some ca' the pleugh, some herd, some tentie rin A cannie errand to a neebor town;

Their eldest hope, their Jenny, woman grown, In youthfu' bloom, love sparkling in her e'e,

Comes hame, perhaps, to show a braw new gown, Or deposite her sair-won penny-fee,

To help her parents dear, if they in hardship be.

Wi' joy unfeign'd brothers and sisters meet, An' each for other's welfare kindly spiers ;

The social hours, swift-wing'd, unnoticed fleet; Each tells the uncos that he sees or hears;

The parents, partial, eye their hopeful years; Anticipation forward points the view, The mother wi' her needle an' her sheers. Gars auld clacs look amaist as weel's the new; The Father, mixes a' wi' admonition due.

### VI.

Their master's an' their mistress's command, The younkers a' are warned to obey; ' An' mind their labours wi' an eydent hand,

An' ne'er, tho' out o' sight, to jauk or play: An' O! be sure to fear the Lord alway! An' mind your *duty*, duly, morn an' night!

Lest in temptation's path ye gang astray,

Implore his counsel and assisting might:

They never sought in vain, that sought the Lord aright !"

But hark ! a rap comes gently to the door ; Jenny, wha kens the meaning o' the same, Tells how a neebor lad came o'er the moor,

To do some errands, and convoy her hame

The wily mother sees the conscious flame Sparkle in Jenny's e'e, and flush her check ;

With heart-struck anxious care, inquires his name,

While Jenny hafflins is afraid to speak ; Weel pleas'd the mother hears, it's nae wild, worthless rake

Wi' kindly welcome Jenny brings him ben; A strappan youth ; he takes the mother's eye , Blithe Jenny sees the visit's no ill ta'en ;

The father cracks of horses, pleughs, and kye. The youngster's artless heart o'erflows wi' joy,

But blate an' laithfu', scarce can weel behave ;

The mother, wi' a woman's wiles, can spy What makes the youth sae bashfn' an' sae grave ;

Weel pleas'd to think her bairn's respected like the lave.

IX.

O happy love ! where love like this is found ; O heart-felt raptures ! bliss beyond compare !

've paced much this weary, mortal round,

And sage experience bids me this declare-

" If Heaven a draught of heavenly pleasure spare, One cordial in this melancholy va'e,

Tis when a youthful, loving, modest pair,

In other's arms breathe out the tender tale,

Beneath the milk-white thorn that scents the evining gala.

### POEMS.

х.

Is there, in human form, that bears a heart-A wretch! a villain! lost to love and truth!

That can, with studied, sly, ensuaring art, Betray sweet Jenny's unsuspecting youth ?

Curse on his perjur'd arts! dissembling smooth ! Are honour, virtue, conscience, all exil'd ?

Is there no pity, no releating ruth, Points to the parents fonding o'er their child? 'Then paints the ruin'd maid, and their distraction wild!

But now the supper crowns their simple board ! The halesome *parritch*, chief o' *Scotia*'s food; The soup their only *h vekie* does afford,

That 'yout the hallon snugly chows her cud: The dame brings forth in complimental mood,

To grace the lad, her weet-hain'd kebbuck fell, An' aft he's press'd, an' aft he ca's ir good; The frugal wifie garrutous wid tell,

How 'thas a towmond auld, sin' lint was i' the bell.

The cheerfa' suppor done, wi' serious face, They, round the ingle, form a circle wide; The sire turns o'er, wi' patriarchal grace,

The big Ha'-Bible, ance his father's pride; His boundt rev'rently is laid aside, His lyart haffets wearin thin an' bare;

Those strains that once did sweet in Zion glide,

He wales a portion with judicious care ; And "Let us worship God!" he says with solemn air.

They chant their artless notes in simple guise . They tune their hearts, by far the noblest aim ;

Perhaps Dundee's wild warbling measure's rise, Or plaintive Martyrs, worthy of the name;

Or noble Elgin beats the heav'nward flame, The sweetest far of Scatia's holy lays :

Compar'd with these, Italian trills are tame ; The tickled ears no heart-felt raptures raise

Nae unison has they with our Creator's praise.

The priest-like father reads the sacred page,

How Abram was the friend of God on high;

Or. Mases hade eternal wanfare wage

With .4 malch's ungracious progeny :

Or, how the royal Bard did groaning fie Beneath the stroke of Heaven's averaging ire, Or, Job's pathetic plaint, and wailing cry; Or, rapt Isaint's wild scraphic fire;

Or other holy seers that tune the sacred lyre.

### XV.

Perhaps the *Christian volume* is the theme, How guiltless bloed for guilty man was shed :

How He, who bore in heav'n the second name,

Had not on earth whereon to lay his head : How His first followers and servants sped ;

The precepts sage they wrote to many a land: How he, who lone in Patmos banished.

Saw in the sun a mighty angel stand;

And heard great Bab'lon's doom pronounced by Heaven's command.

### XVI.

Then kneeling down, to beaven's cternal King, The saint, the father, and the husband prove

Hope "springs exulting on triumphant wing,"\*

That thus they all shall meet in future days : There, ever bask in nucreated rays,

No more to sigh, or shed the hitter teau, Together hymning their Creator's praise,

In such society, yet still more dear ; While circling time moves round in an eternal sphere

### XVII.

Compar'd with this, how poor Religion's pride, In all the pomp of method, and of art,

When men display to congregations wide, Devotion's ev'ry grace except the heart 1

The Pow'r incens'd, the pageant will desert, The pompous strain, the sacerdotal stole;

But haply, in some cottage far apart,

May hear, well pleas'd, the language of the soul And in his book of life the inmates poor enrol.

### XVIII.

Then horneward all take off their sev'ral way; The youngting cottagers retire to rest; The parent-pair their servet homage pay, And proffer up to Heaven's clam'rous nest, That He who stills the raven's clam'rous nest,

\* Pope's Windsor Forest.

### POEMS.

And decks the Wy fair in flow'ry pride, Would, in the way his wisdom sees the best,

For them and for their little ones provide,

But chiefly in their hearts with grace divine preside.

### XIX.

From scenes like these old Scotia's grandeur springs. That makes her lov'd at home, rever'd abroad;

Princes and lords are but the breath of kings, " An honest man's the noblest work of God ;" And certes in fair virtue's heav'uly road,

The cott are leaves the palace far behind :

What is a lordling's ponip ? a cumbrous load, Disguising of the wretch of human-kind.

Studied in arts of hell, in wickedness refin'd !

### XX.

O Scotia! my dear, my native soil!

For whom my warmest wish to heaven is sent, Long may the hardy sons of rustic toil,

Be blest with health, and peace, and sweet content! And, O! may heaven their simple lives prevent

From luxury's contagion, weak and vile !

Then, howe'er crowns and coronets be rent,

A virtuous populace may rise the while, And stand a wall of fire around their much-lov'd Isle.

### XXI.

O Thou! who pour'd the patriotic tide That stream'd thro' Wallace's undaunted heart ; Who dared to nobly stem tyrannic pride,

Or nobly die, the second glorious part,

(The patriot's God, peculiarly thou art,

His friend, inspirer, guardian, and reward !) O never, never Scotia's realm desert; But still the patriot and the patriot bard,

In bright succession rise, her ornament and guard !

### VERSES

WRITTEN IN FRIAR'S CARSE HERMITAGE, ON NITH SIDE

Thou whom chance may hither lead, Be thou clad in russet weed, Be thou decked in silken stole, Grave these counsels on thy soul-





SHADES OF EVENING.

Life is but a day at most, Spring from night, in darkness lost; Hope not sunshine ev'ry honr, Fear not clouds will always low'r.

As youth and love, with sprightly dance, Beneath thy morning star advance, Pleasure with her siren air May delude the thoughtless pair; Let prudence bless enjoyment's cup, Then raptur'd sip, and sip it up.

As thy day grows warm and high, Life's meridian flaming nigh, Dost thou spurn the humble vale ? Life's proud summits wouldst thou scale ? Check thy clinibing step, elate, Evils burk in felon wait; Dangers, eagle-pinion'd, bold, Soar around each clify hold, While cheerful peace, with linnet song, Chants the lowly dells among.

As the shades of evening close, Beck'ning thee to long repose ; As life itself becomes disease, Seek the chimney-neuk of ease ; There runniate with sober thought, On all thon'st seen, and heard, and wrought, And teach the sportive younkers round, Laws of experience, sage and sound. Say, Man's true, genuine, estimate, The grand criterion of his fate, Is not, art thou high or low? Did thy fortune ebb or flow ? Did many talents gild the span ? Or frugal nature grudge thee one? Tell them, and press it on their mind, As thou thyself must shortly find, The smile or frown of awful heav'n, To virtue or to vice is giv'n. Say, to be just, and kind, and wise, There solid self-enjoyment lies; That foolish, selfish, faithless ways, Lead to the wretched, vile, and base.

Thus resign'd and quiet, creep To the bed of lasting sleep; Sleep, whence thou shalt ne'er awake, Night, where days chall never break,

"Till future life, future no more, To light and joy the good restore, To light and joy unknown before!

Stranger, go! Heav'n be thy guide! Quod the Beadsman of Nith side.

# A PRAYER,

UNDER THE PRESSURE OF VIOLENT ANGUISE

O THOU great Being! what thou art Surpasses me to know; Yet sure I am, that known to Thee

Yet sure I am, that known to Thee Are all thy works below.

Thy creature here before Thee stands, All wretched and distrest; Yet sure those ills that wring my soul Obey thy high behest.

Sure Thou, Almighty, canst not act From cruelty or wrath !

O, free my weary eyes from tears, Or, close them fast in death !

But if I must afflicted be, To suit some wise design; Then man my soul with firm resolves To bear and not repine!

# A PRAYER,

## IN THE PROSPECT OF DEATH.

#### I.

O THOU, unknown, Almighty Cause Of all my hope and fear !

In whose dread presence, ere an hour, Perhaps I must appear !

#### П.

If I have wander'd in those paths Of life I ought to shun ; As something, loudly in my breast,

Remonstrates I have done;

# III.

Thou know'st that Thou hast formed me With passions wild and strong; And list'ning to their witching voice

Has often led me wrong.

#### IV.

Where human weakness has come short, Or frailty stept aside, Do Thou, All good 1 for such Thou art,

In shades of darkness hide.

V

Where with *intention* 1 have err'd, No other plea I have, But, *Thou art good*; and goodness still Delighteth to forgive.

# STANZAS

# ON THE SAME OCCASION

#### [.

Wiry and I loath to leave this earthly scene ? Have 1 so found it full of pleasing charms ?

Some drops of joy with dranghts of ill between; Some gleans of sunshine mid renewing storms;

Is it departing pangs my soul alarms ? Or death's unlovely, dreary, dark abode ?

For guilt, for guilt, my terrors are in arms; I tremble to approach an angry God,

And justly smart beneach his sin-avenging rod.

# И.

Fain would I say, "Forgive my foul offence!" Fain promise never more to disobey :

But, should my Author health again dispense, Again I might desert fair virtue's way :

Again in folly's path might go astray ; Again exalt the brute and sink the man ;

Then how should 1 for heavenly mercy pray, Who act so counter heavenly mercy's plan?

Who sin so oft have month'd, yet to temptation ran t

#### п.

O Thon, great Governor of all below If I may dare a lifted eye to Thee

Thy nod can make the tempest cease to blow, Or still the humdh of the raging sea; With that controlling pow'r assist ev'n me, These headlong, furious passions to confine; For all unfit I feel my powers to be, To rule their torrent in th' allowed line; O, aid me with thy help, Omnipotence Divine!

# VERSES,

LEFT BY THE AUTHOR, AT A REVEREND FRIEND'S HOUSE, IN THE ROOM WHERE HE SLEPT.

#### I.

O THOU, dread Pow'r, who reign'st above; I know thou wilt me hear: When for this scene of peace and love, I make my pray'r sincere.

#### II.

The hoary sire—the mortal stroke, Long, long, be pleas'd to spare ! To bless his little filial flock, And show what good men are.

#### III.

She, who her lovely offspring eyes With tender hopes and fears, O bless her with a mother's joys, But spare a mother's tears!

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Their hope, their stay, their darling youth ; In manhood's dawning blush ;

Bless him, thou God of love and truth,

Up to a parent's wish !

# V.

The beauteous, scraph sister-band, With earnest tears I pray,

Thou knowest the snares on ev'ry hand, Guide Thou their steps alway !

#### VI.

When soon or late they reach that coast, O'er life's rough ocean driv'n, May they rejoice, no wand'rer lost,

A family in heav'n

# A GRACE BEFORE DINNER.

O THOU, who kindly dost provide For every creature's want ! We bless thec, God of Nature wide, For all thy goodness lent:

And if it please thee, heavenly Guide, May never worse be sent; But whether granted or denied, Lord bless us with content!

Amen.

# THE FIRST PSALM.

THE man in life, wherever plac'd, Hath happiness in store, Who walks not in the wicked's way, Nor learns their guilty lore!

Nor from the seat of scornful pride Casts forth his eyes abroad, But with humility an `awe

Still walks before his God.

That man shall flourish like the trees Which by the streamlets grow; The fruitful top is spread on high, And firm the root below.

But he whose blossom buds in guilt, Shall to the ground be cast, And like the rootless stubble, tost Before the sweeping blast.

For why? That God, the good adore, Hath giv'n them peace and rest, But hath decreed that wicked men Shall ne'er be truly blest.

# THE FIRST SIX VERSES OF THE NINETIETH PSALM

O THOU, the first, the greatest Friend Of all the human race ! Whose strong right hand has ever been Their stay and dwelling place !

## POLMS

Before the mountains heav'd their heads Beneath thy forming hand, Before this pond'rous globe itself Arose at thy command;

That Pow'r which rais'd and still upholds This universal frame, From countless, unbeginning time, Was ever still the same.

Those mighty periods of years

Which seem to us so vast, Appear no more before thy sight Than yesterday that's past.

Thou giv'st the word-Thy creature, main, Is to existence brought;

Again thou sayest, "Ye sons of men, Return ye into nought!"

Then layest them, with all their cares, In everlasting sleep ; As with a flood Theu tak'st them off

With overwhelming sweep.

They flourish like the morning flow'r, In beauty's pride array'd;

But long ere night, cut down, it lies All wither'd and decay'd.

# EPISTLE TO A YOUNG FRIEND. I.

I LANG has thought, my youthfu' friend, A something to have sent you, Tho' it should serve no other end

Than just a kind memento; But how the subject-theme may gang, Let time and chance determine;

Perhaps it may turn out a sang, Perhaps turn out a sermon.

cinaps tann out a sermon

11.

Ye'll try the world soon, my lad, And Andrew dear, believe me, Ye'll find mankind an unco squad, And muckle they may grieve ye! For care and trouble set your thought, Ev'n when your end's attained;

# And a' your views may come to nough: When ev'ry nerve is strained.

#### III.

I'll no say men are villains a'; The real, harden'd wicked, Wha hae nae check but human law,

Are to a few restricked-

But och ! mankind are unco weak, An' little to be trusted ;

If self the wavering balance shake It's rarely right adjusted !

#### IV.

Yet they wha fa' in fortune's strife, Their fate we should na censure,

For still th' important end of life, They equally may answer;

A man may hae an honest heart, Tho' poortith hourly stare him :

A man may tak a neebor's part, Yet hae na cash to spare him.

Ay free, aff han', your story tell, When wi' a bosom crony : But still keep something to yoursel,

Ye'll scarcely tell to ony.

Conceal yoursel as weel's ye can, Frae critical dissection ;

But keek thro' ev'ry other man, Wi' sharpen'd sly inspection.

# vı.

The sacred lowe o' weel-placed love, Luxuriantly indulge it; But never tempt th' illicit rove,

Tho' naething should divulge it ;

I waive the quantum o' the sin, The hazard o' concealing ; But och ! it hardens a' within,

And petrifies the feeling!

# VII.

To catch dame Fortune's golden smile. Assiduous wait upon her; And gather gear by ev'ry wile That's justified by honour-H

VOL. I.

# POEMS.

Not for to hide it in a hedge, Nor for a train-attendant, But for the giorious privilege Of being independent.

#### VIII.

The fear o' hell's a hangman's whip 'To haud the wretch in order-But where ye feel your honour grip,

Let that ay be your border ;

It's slightest touches, instant pause-Debar a' side pretences ;

And resolutely keep its laws, Uncaring consequences.

#### IX.

The great Creator to revere, Must sure become the creature:

But still the preaching cant forbear, And ev'n the rigid feature;

Yet ne'er with wits profane to range,

Be complaisance extended ; An atheist's laugh's a poor exchange For Deity offended !

#### x.

When ranting round in pleasure's ring, Religion may be blinded ;

Or, if she gie a random sing It may be little minded;

But when on life we're tempest driv'a A conscience but a canker

A correspondence fix'd wi' Heav'n. Is sure a nobler anchor !

#### XI.

Adieu, dear, amiable youth !

Your heart can ne'er be wanting ; May prudence, fortitude, and truth,

Ercct your brow undaunting! In ploughman phrase, "Gad send you speed,"

Still daily to grow wiser ;

And may you better reck the reds Than ever did th' adviser !

May, 1786.

# BOOK II.

# PATHETIC, ELEGIAC, AND DESCRIPTIVE

# MAN WAS MADE TO MOURN A DIRGE.

1.

WHEN chill November's surly blast Made fields and forests bare,

One evining, as I wander'd forth Along the banks of *Ayr*, I spy'd a man, whose aged step

Seen'd weary worn with care; His face was furrow'd o'er with years, And hoary was his hair.

I.

Young stranger, whither wand rest thou ? (Began the rev'rend sage ;)

Does thirst of wealth thy step constrain, Or youthful pleasure's rage ?

Or haply, prest with cares and woes, Too soon thon hast began

To wander forth, with me, to mours The miseries of man !

#### II.

The sun that overhaugs you moors, Out-spreading far and wide, Where hundreds labour to support

A haughty fordling's pride ; I've seen yon weary winter sum

Twice forty times return ; And ev'ry time has added proofs, That man was made to mouru.

#### V.

O man ! while in thy early years, How prodigal of time ! Mispending all thy precious hours,

Thy glorious youthful prime!

Alternate follies take the sway;

Licentions passions burn ; Which tenfold force gives Nature's law

That man was made to mourn.

#### v

Look not alone on youthful prime Or manhood's active might ; Man then is useful to his kind,

Supported in his right

But see him on the edge of life. With cares and sorrows worn,

Then age and want, oh ! ill matched pair ! Show man was made to mourn.

# VI.

A few seem favourites of Fate, In Pleasure's lap carest;

Yet, think not all the rich and great Are likewise truly blest. But oh! what crowds in every land,

Are wretched and forlorn

Thro' weary life this lesson learn, That man was made to mourn.

# VII.

Many and sharp the num'rous ills Inwoven with our frame !

More pointed still we make ourselves Regret, remorse, and shame !

And man, whose heav'n-erected face The smiles of love adorn,

Man's inhumanity to man

Makes countless thousands mourn. VIII.

See yonder poor, o'erlabour'd wight. So abject, mean and vile, Who begs a brother of the earth,

To give him leave to toil :

And see his lordly fellow-worm

The poor petition spurn, Unmindful, tho' a weeping wife

And helpless offspring mourn.

# IX.

If I'm design'd you lordling's slave-By Nature's law design'd

Why was an independent wish E'er planted in my mind ?

If not, why am I subject to Ilis cruelty, or scorn ?

Or why has man the will and pow'r To make his fellow mourn?

# Х.

Yet, let not this too much, my son Disturb thy youthful breast; This partial view of human kind

Is surely not the *last!* The poor, oppressed, honest man, Had never, sure, been born, Had there not been some recompense

To comfort those that mourn.

#### XI.

O death ! the poor man's dearest friend ! The kindest and the best ! Welcome the hour my aged links

Are laid with thee at rest ! The great, the wealthy, fear thy blow From pomp and pleasure torn; But, oh—a blest relief to those That weary-laden mourn !

# A WINTER NIGHT.

Poor naked vortches, wheresoe'er you are, That bide the pelting of this pitiless storm! How shall your houseless heads, and unfed sides, Your loop'd and window'd raggedness, defend you From scassons such as these!— SHAKSFARE

WHEN biting Boreas fell and doure, Sharp shivers thro' the leafless bow'r; When Phabus gies a short-liv'd glow'r Far sonth the lift,

Dim-dark'ning thro' the flaky show'r, Or whirlin drift!

Ae night the storm the steeples rock'd, P or Labour sweet in sleep was locked, While burns, wi's snawy wreaths up-chocked, Wild-eddying swirl, Or thro' the mining outlet bocked,

Bown headlong hurl.

List'ning, the doors an' winnocks rattle, I thought me on the ourie cattle, Or silly sheep, wha bide this brattle O' winter war,

And thro' the drift, deep-lairing sprattle, Beneath a scar.

Ilk happing bird, wee helpless thing, That, in the merry months o' spring, Delighted me to hear thee sing,

What comes o' thee ?

Where wilt thou cow'r thy chitt'ring wing, An' close thy e'e ?

Ev'n you on murd'ring errands toil'd, Lone, from your savage homes exil'd, The blood-stained roost, and sheep-cote spoil'd, My heart forgets,

While pitiless the tempest wild, Sore on you beats.

Now *Phabe*, in her midnight reign, Dark muffled, view'd the dreary plain, Still crowding thoughts, a pensive train, Rose in my soul,

When on my ear this plaintive strain, Slow, solemn, stole-

"Blow, blow, ye winds, with heavier gust ! And freeze, thou bitter-biting frost ! Descend, ye chilly, smothering snows ! Not all your rage, as now united, show More hard unkindness, unrelenting,

Vergeful malice, unrepenting,

Than heaven-illumin'd man on brother man bestows !

" See stern oppression's iron grip, Or mad Ambition's gory hand, Sending, like blood-hounds from the slip, Wo, want, and murder o'er a land .

"Ev'n in the peaceful rural vale. Truth, weeping, tells the mournful tale, How pamper'd huxury, flatt'ry by her side.

The parasite empoisoning her ear.

With all the servile wretches, in the rear, Look o'er proud property extended wide,

And eves the simple rustic hind,

Whose toil upholds the glitt'ring show, A creature of another kind,

Some coarser substance, mircfin'd, Piac'd for her lordly use thus far, thus vile, below.

"Where, where is love's fond, tender throe, With lordly honour's lofty brow, The pow'rs you proudly own ? Is there, beneath love's noble name. Can harbour, dark, the selfish aim, To bless himself alone ! " Mark maiden-innocence a prey To love pretending snares, This boasted honour turns away, Shunning soft pity's rising sway, Regardless of the tears, and unavailing prayers ! Perhaps, this hour, in mis'ry's squalid nest, She strains your infant to her joyless breast, And with a mother's fears shricks at the rocking blast ! "O ye! who, sunk in bcds of down, Feel not a want but what yourselves create, Think for a moment on his wretched fate, Whom friends and fortune quite disown ! Ill satisfied keen nature's clam'rous call, Stretched on his straw, he lays himself to sleep, While thro' the ragged roof and chinky wall, Chill o'er his slumbers piles the drifty heap !---Think on the dungeon's grim confine, Where guilt and poor misfortune pine ! Guilt, erring man, relenting view ! But shall thy legal rage pursue The wretch already crushed low By cruel fortune's undeserved blow ! Affliction's sons are brothers in distress, A brother to relieve, how exquisite the bliss !" I heard nae mair, for Chanticleer Shook off the ponthery snaw, And hail'd the morning with a cheer, A cottage rousing craw. But deep this truth impress'd my mind-

Thro' all his works abroad, The heart, benevolent and kind, The most resembles GOD.

# WINTER. A DIRGE.

THE wintry west extends his blast, And hail and rain does blaw; Or, the stormy north sends driving forth The blinding sleet and snaw :

# FOEMS.

# While tumbling brown, the burn comes down, And roars frae bank to brae; And bird and beast in covert rest.

And pass the heartless day.

" The sweeping blast, the sky o'ercast,"? The joyless winter-day, Let others fear, to me more dear

Than all the pride of May !

The tempest's howl, it soothes my soul,

My griefs it seems to join, The leafless trees my fancy please, Their fate resembles mine !

# III.

Thou Pow'r Supreme, whose mighty scheme These woes of mine fulfil, Here, firm, I rest, they must be best, Because they are thy will ! Then all I want (O do thou grant This one request of mine !)

Since to enjoy thou dost deny, Assist me to resign.

# DESPONDENCY,

# AN ODE.

I. OPPRESS'D with grief, oppress'd with cars, A burden more than I can bear, I sit me down and sigh; O life, thou art a galling load, A long, a rough, a weary road, To wretches such as I !

Dim backward as 1 cast my view, What sick'ning scenes appear! What sorrows yet may pierce me thro», Too justly I may fear!

Still caring, despairing,

Must be my bitter doom ; My woes here shall close ne'er, But with the closing tomb !

\* Dr. Young.

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# П.

Happy, ye sons of busy life, Who, equal to the bustling strife,

No other view regard !

Ev'n when the wished end's deny'd, Yet while the busy means are ply'd, 'They bring their own reward :

Whilst I, a hope-abandon'd wight, Unfitted with an aim, \_\_\_\_

Meet ev'ry sad returning night, And joyless mourn the same,

You, bustling, and justling Forget each grief and pain;

I, listless, yet restless, Find over prospect up in

Find every prospect vain

#### III.

How blest the Solitary's let, Who, all forgetting, all-forgot, Within his humble cell, The cavern wild with tangling roots, Sits o'er his newly-gather'd fruits, Beside his crystal well? Or, haply to his ev'ning thought, By unfrequented stream, The ways of men are distant brought, A faint collected dream; While praising, and raising His thoughts to heav'n on high, As wand 'ring, menand'ring,

He views the solemn sky,

# IV.

Then I, no lonely hermit plac'd Where never human footstep trac'd, Less fit to play the part; The lucky moment to improve, And *just* to stop and *just* to move, With self-respecting art : But ah ! those pleasures, loves and joys, Which I too keenly taste, The *Solitary* can despise, Can wan, and yet be blest !

He needs not, he heeds not, Or human love or hate,

Whilst I here, must cry here, At perfidy ingrate! :13

V.

Oh! enviable, enrly days, When dancing thoughtless pleasure's maze, To carre, to guilt unknown ! How ill exchang'd for riper times, Of others, or my own ! Ye ting eves that guildess sport, Like linnets in the bush, Ye litule know the ills ye court, When manhood is your wish! The losses, the crosses, That active man engage !

The fears all, the tears all, The dim declining age!

# TO RUIN.

# Ι.

ALL hail! inexorable lord! At whose destruction-breathing word

The mightiest empires fall!

Thy cruel, wo-delighted train,

The ministers of grief and pain,

A sullen welcome, all ! With stern, resolv'd, despairing eye,

I see each aimed dart ;

For one has cut my dearest tie, And quivers in my heart.

Then low'ring and pouring, The storm no more I dread;

The' thick'ning and black'ning

Round my devoted head.

#### П

And thou, grim pow'r, by life abhorr'c, While life a *pleasure* can afford, Oh! hear a wretch's pray'r!

No more I shrink appall'd, afraid, I court, I beg thy friendly aid,

To close this scene of care !

When shall my soul, in silent peace, Resign life's joyless day:

My weary heart its throbbings cease, Cold mould'ring in the clay?

# No fear more, no tear more, To strain my lifeless face; Enclasped, and grasped Within thy cold embrace!

# LAMENT OF MARY, QUEEN OF SCOTS

ON THE APPROACH OF SPRING.

Now Nature hangs her mantle green On every blooming tree, And spreads her sheets o' daisies white

And spreads her sheets o' daisies white Out o'er the grassy lea:

Now Phæbus cheers the crystal streams, And glads the azure skies;

But nonght can glad the weary wight That fast in durance lies.

Now lav'rocks wake the merry morn, Aloft on dewy wing;

The merle, in his noontide bow'r, Makes woodland echoes ring ;

The mavis mild, wi' many a note, Sings drowsy day to rest:

In love and freedom they rejoice, Wi' care nor thrall opprest.

Now blooms the fily by the bank, The primrose down the brae;

The hawthorn's budding in the glen, And milk-white is the slae;

The meanest hind in fair Scotland May rove the sweets amang;

But I, the Queen of a' Scotland, Maun lie in prison strang.

1 was the Queen o' honie France, Where happy I has been;

Fu' lightly raise I in the morn, As blithe lay down at e'en :

And I'm the Sov'reign of Scotland And monie a traitor there;

Yet here I lie in foreign bands, And never ending care.

But as for thee, thou false woman, My sister and my fae,

Grim Vengeance, yet, shall whet a sword That this' thy soul shall gae ;

The weeping blood in woman's breast Was never known to thee;

Nor th' bain that draps on wounds of wo Frae woman's pitying e'e.

My son ! my son ! may kinder stars Upon thy fortune shine ;

And may those pleasures gild thy reign, That ne'er wad blink on mine!

God keep thee frae thy mother's facs, Or turn their hearts to thee;

And where thon meet'st thy mother's friend, Remember him for me !

O! soon, to me, may summer-suns Nae mair light up the morn!

Nae mair, to me, the autumn winds Wave o'er the yellow corn !

And in the narrow house o' death Let winter round me rave!

And the next flowers that deck the spring, Bloom on my peaceful grave!

# THE LAMENT,

CCASIONED BY THE UNFORTUNATE ISSUE OF A FRIEND'S AMOUR.

Alas! how oft does Goodness wound itself And sweet Affection prove the spring of wo HOME.

Ι.

O thou pale orb, that silent shines While care-introubled mortals sicep Thou seest a wretch that inly pines, And wanders here to wail and weep With wo nightly vigils keep, Beneath by wan unwarming beam; And mourn , ' lamentation deep,

How life and love are all a dream.

#### 11

I joyless view fay rays adoin The faintly marked distant hill: I joyless view thy trembling horn, Reflected in the gurgling rill:

## My fondly-fluttering heart, he still ! Thou busy pow'r, Remembrance, cease Ah ! must the agonizing thrill

For ever bar returning peace!

No idly-feign'd poetic pains,

My sad love-lorn lamentings claim : No shepherd's pipe-Arcadian strains;

No fabled tortures, quaint and tame; The plighted faith—the unitual flame— The oft attested Pow'rs above ;

The promis'd Father's tender name;

These were the pledges of my love!

Encircled in her clasping arms, How have the raptur'd moments flown ;

How have I wished for fortune's charms,

For her dear sake, and her's alone ! And must 1 think it ! is she gone, My secret heart's exulting hoast ?

And does she heedless hear my groan? And is she ever, ever lost ?

### $\overline{V}$ .

Oh ! can she bear so base a heart, So lost to honour, lost to truth, As from the fondest lover part, The plighted husband of her youth :

Alas ! life's path may be unsmooth !

Her way may lie thro' rough distress : Then, who her pangs and pains will sooth, Her sorrows share, and make them less 1

Ye winged hours that o'er us past, Enraptur'd more, the more enjoy'd,

Your dear remembrance in my breast, My fondly-treasur'd thoughts employ'd That breast, how dreary now, and void,

For her too scanty once of room ! Ev'n ev'ry ray of hope destroy'd,

And not a wish to gild the gloom !

The morn that warns th' approaching day Awakes me up to toil and wo-

# POEMS.

I see the hours in long array,

That I must suffer, lingering, slow. Fall many a pang, and many a three, Keen recollection's direful train

Must wring my soul, ere Pherbus, low,

Shall kiss the distant western main.

## VIII

And when my hightly couch I try, Sore harass'd out with care and grief, My toil-beat nerves, and tear-worn eye,

Keen watchings with the nightly thief-

Or if I slumber, Fancy, chief, Reigns haggard wild, in sore affright; Ev'n day, all-bitter, brings relief,

From such a horror-breathing night.

#### IX.

O ! then bright queen, who o'er th' expanse Now highest reign'st, with boundless sway! Oft has thy suent-marking glance

Observ'd us, foudly-wand'ring, stray! The time, unlieded, sped a vay,

While love's inxurious pulse beat high, Beneath thy silver-gleaning ray, To mark the mutual kindling eye,

# Χ.

Oh ! scenes in strong remembrance set ! Scenes, never, never, to return ! Scenes, if in stupor I forget,

Again I feet, again I burn ; From ev'ry joy and pleasure torn, Life's weary vale I'll wander thro':

And hopeless, comfortless, I'll mourn A faithless woman's broken yow.

# LAMENT

OF A MOTHER FOR THE DEATH OF HER SON,

Tune-" Finloyston House."

FATE gave the word, the arrow sped, And pierc'd my darling's heart And with him all the joys are fled Life can to me impact.

# By crule hands the sapling drops, In dust dishonour'd haid; So fell the pride of all my hopes, My age's future shade,

The mother linnet in the brake, Bewails her ravish'd young— So I, for my lost darling's sake, Lament the live-day long.

Death, oft I've fear'd thy fatal blow, Now, fond, I bare my breast, O, do thon kindly lay me low With him I love, at rest !

# LAMENT

# FOR JAMES, EARL OF GLENCAIRN.

THE wind blew hollow frae the hills, By fits the sun's departing beam Look'd on the fading yellow woods That wav'd o'er Lugar's winding stream ; Beneath a craigy steep, a bard, Laden with years and meikle pain, In loud lament bewail'd his lord, Whom death had all untimely ta'en. He lean'd him to an ancient aik, Whose trunk was mould'ring down with years : His locks were bleached white wi' time, His heary check was wet wi' tears ! And as he touched his trembling harp, And as he tun'd his doleful sang, The winds, lamenting thro' their caves, To Echo bore the notes alang. "Ye scatter'd birds that faintly sing, The reliques of the versal quire ! Ye woods that shed on a' the winds The honours of the aged year ! A few short months, and glad and cay, Again ye'll charm the ear and e'e; But nocht in all revolving time Can gladness bring again to me. "I am a bending aged tree, That long has stood the wind and rain-

But now has come a cruel blast. And my last hald of earth is gane ; Nae leaf o' mine shall greet the spring, Nae simmer sun exalt my bloom : But I maun lie before the storm. And ithers plant them in my room. " I've seen sae monie changefu' vears. On earth I and a stranger grown; I wander in the ways of men, Alike unknowing and unknown : Unheard, unpitied, unreliev'd, I bear alane my lade o' care. For silent, low, on beds of deist, Lie a' that would my sorrows share. " And last (the sum of a' my griefs!) My noble master lies in clay The flow'r amang our barons bold, His country's pride, his country's stay; In weary being now I pine, For a' the life of life is dead, And hope has left my aged ken, On forward wing for ever fled. "Awake thy last sad voice, my harp! The voice of wo and wild despair! Awake, resound thy latest lay, Then sleep in silence evermair ! And thou, my last, best, only friend, That fillest an untimely tomb, Accept this tribute from the bard Thou brought from fortune's mirkest gloom. " In poverty's low barren vale, Thick mists, obscure, involved me round; Tho' oft I turn'd the wistful eye, Nae ray of fame was to be found: Thou found'st me like the morning sun That melts the fogs in limpid air-The friendless bard and rustic song, Became alike thy fostering care. "O! why has worth so short a date? While villains ripen gray with time Must thou, the noble, gen'rous, great, Fall in bold manhood's hardy prime? Why did I live to see that day ? A day to me so full of wo! O! had I met the mortal shaft

Which laid my benefactor low!

"The bridgeroom may forget the bride Was made his wedded wife yestreen; The monarch may forget the crown That on his head an hour has been; The mother may forget the child That smiles sae sweetly on her knee; But Fill remember thee, Glencairn, And a' that thou hast done for me

# LINES,

SENT TO SIR JOHN WHITEFORD, OF WHITEFORD, BART.

# With the foregoing Poem.

Thou who thy honour as thy God rever'st, Who, save thy mind's reproach, noight earthly fear'st. To thee this votive offering I input, The tearful tribute of a broken heart. The friend thou valued'st, I the patron lov'd; His worth, his honour, all the world approv'd. We'll mourn till we too go as he has gone, And tread the dreary path to that dark world anknown

# STRATHALLAN'S LAMENT

THICKEST night o'erhangs my dwelling ' Howling tempests o'er me rave ! Turbid torrents, wintry swelling, Still surround my lonely cave.

Crystal streamlets gently flowing, Busy haunts of base mankind, Western breezes softly blowing,

Suit not my distracted mind. In the cause of right engaged,

Wrongs injurious to redress, Honour's war we strong y waged, But the Heavens denied success.

Ruin's wheel has driven o'er us, Not a hope that dare attend,— The wide world is all before us, But a world without a friend!

VOL. 1.

# THE CHEVALIER'S LAMENT.

**THE** small birds rejoice in the green leaves returning; The nurmining streamlet winds clear thro' the vale; The hawthorn trees blow in the dews of the morning, And wild-scattered coweling bedeck the green dale:

But what can give pleasure, or what can seem fair, While the lingering moments are number'd by care?

No flowers gayly springing, nor birds sweetly singing, Can sooth the sad boson of joyless despair.

The deed that I dar'd, could it merit their malice, A king and a father to place on his throne? His right are these hills, and his right are these vallies,

Where the wild beasts find sheiter, but I can find none

But 'tis not my sufferings, thus wretched, forlorn, My brave, gallaut friends, 'tis your ruin 1 mourn; Your deeds prov'd so toyal in hot bloody trial, Alas' can 1 make you no sweeter return!

# THE AUTHOR'S FAREWELL TO HIS NATIVE COUNTRY.

# Tune-" Roslin Castle."

#### I.

Fine gloomy hight is gath'ring fast, Lond roars the wild, inconstant blast, Yon murky cloud is fool with rain, I see it driving o'er the plain; The linuter new has left the moor, The scatter'd coveys meet secure, While here I wander, prest with cate. Along the lonely banks of *Apr.* 

#### п.

The Automa moorns her right dig com By early Winter's rayage torn, Across her placid azare sky, She sees the scowling tempest fly: Chill rans my blood to hear it rave, Uthink upon the stormy wave, Where many a danger 1 must dare. Far from the bonie banks of Apr

#### III.

Tis not the surging billows' roar, Tis not that fatal, deadly shore; Though death in ev'ry shape appear, The wretched have no more to fear: But round my heart the ties are bound, That heart transpierc'd with many a wound These bleed afresh, those ties I tear To leave the bonic banks of Aur.

#### IV.

Farewell, old *Coila*'s hills and dates, Her heathy moors and winding vales The scenes where wretched fancy roves, Pursuing past, unhappy loves! Fareweil, my friends! farewell, my foce ! My peace with these, my love with those— The bursting to ars my heath declare, Farewell the bonic banks of *Ayr*.

# FAREWELL TO AYRSHIRE.

SCENES of wo and scenes of pleasure, Scenes that former thoughts renew, Scenes of wo and scenes of pleasure, Now a sad and last adieu!

Bonie Doon, sae sweet and gloamin, Fare thee weel before I gang ! Bonie Doon, whare, early roaming, First I weav'd the *rustic sang I* 

Bowers, adieu, whare Love, decoying, First inthrall'd this heart o' mine, There the safest sweets enjoying, Sweets that Mem'ry ne'er shall type !

Friends, so near my bosom ever, Ye hae render'd moments dear; But, alas! when forc'd to sever, Then the stroke, O how severe!

Friends ! that parting tear, reserve it, Tho' 'tis doubly dear to me! Could I think I did deserve it, How much happier would I be!

Scenes of wo and scenes of pleasure, Scenes that former thoughts renew, Scenes of wo and scenes of pleasure, Now a sad and last adien !

# THE FAREWELL TO THE BRETHREN OF ST JAMES'S LODGE, TARBOLTON.

Tune-"Good night, and joy be wi' you a'!"

#### Ι.

ADTEM ! a heart-warm fond adieu ! Dear brothers of the *mystic tye* ! Ye favour'd, ye *enlighten'd* f w, Comparisons of my sorial joy ! The' I to foreign iands must 'tie, Pursuing fortune's slidlery ba', With meiting beart, and brinfut eye, Id mind you shill, the' far awa'.

#### 11.

Oft have 1 met your social band, And spent the cheerful, festive night: Oft, honour'd with supreme command, Presided o'er the sens of light: And by that hieroglyphic bright,

Which none but *craftsmen* ever saw! Strong mem'ry on my heart shall write Those happy scenes when far awa'.

#### III.

May freedom, harmony, and love, Unite you in the grand design, Beneath the Onniscient Eye above, The glorious Architect divme! That you may keep the *awareing line*, Still order bight completely shine,

Shall be my pray'r when far awa .

#### IV

And you, facewell! whose merits claim, Justly, that highest badge to weat ! Heav'n bless your honour'd, noble name To Masonry and Scotia dear !

A last request, permit me here, When y arly ye assemble a', One round, I ask it with a tear, To him,-the Bard that's far awa'

# FAREWELL TO ELIZA.

# Tune-" Gilderoy."

I.

FROM thee, *Eliza*, I must co, And from my native shore; The cruel fates between ns throw A boundless occan's roar:

But boundless oceans, roaring wide, Between my love and me,

They never, never can divide My heart and soul from thee;

17

Farewell, farewell, Eliza deat, The maid that Ladore! A boding voice is in mine car, We part to meet no more. But the last throb that leaves my heart, While death stands victor by, That throb, Eliza, is thy part, And thine that latext sight

# HIGHLAND MARY.

# Tune-" Katharine Ogie."

Ys banks, and bracs, and streams around The castle o' Montgomery. Green be your woods, and fair your flowers Your waters never drumlie ! There simmer anst nuffauld her robes, And there the lan-est tarry ; For there I took the last fareweel

O' my sweet highland Mary.

How sweetly bloom'd the gay green birk, How rich the hawthorn's blossom; As underneath their fragrant shade,

I starp'd ber to my bosome

### POEMS.

The golden hours on angel wings, Flew o'er me and my dearie; For dear to me, as light and life, Was my sweet Highland Mary.

Wi' many a yow, and lock'd embrace, Our parting was fu' tender; A od. pledging aft to meet again, We tore oursels asunder; But oh i fel deatt's unimely frost That nipt my flower sac early ! Now green's the sod, and cauld's the clay

That wraps my Highland Mary !

O pale, pale now, those rowy lips, I aft line kiss'd saw fondly! And clos'd, for ay, the sparkling glance, That dwelt on me saw kindly! And mouthering mow in silent dast, That heart that io'ed me dearly! Det sill within my hosson's core, Shall five my Highland Mary.

# TO MARY IN HEAVEN.

Thou lingering star, with less'ning ray, That lov'st to great the early morn, Again thou asher'st in the day My Mary from my soul was torn.

O Mary ! dear departed shade ! Where is thy place of blissful rest ?

Seest thou thy lover lowly laid ? Hear'st thou the grouns that rend his breast ?

That sacred hour can I forget, Can I forget the hallow'd grove, W'terre by the winding *Ayr* we net, To live one day of parting love!

Discuity will not efface, These records dear of transports past :

Thy image at our last embrace! Ab! little thought we 'twas our last !

Aye gurgling kissed bis pebbled shore, O'erhang with wild woods, thick'n'r g, green; The fragmant blich, and hawthorn hear, Twin'd amorous round the raptur'd scere. The flowers sprang wanton to be prest,

The birds sang love on every spray,

Till too, too soon, the glowing west, Proclaim'd the speed of winged day.

Still o'er these scenes my mem'ry wakes, And fondly broods with miser care !

Time but the impression deeper makes, As streams their channels deeper wear. My Mary ! dear departed shade !

Where is thy blissful place of rest? Seest thou thy jover lowly faid?

Hear'st thou the groans that rend his breast?

# ELEGY ON THE LATE MISS BURNET OF MONBODDO.

LIFE ne'er exulted in so rich a prize, As Burnet, lovely, from her native skies; Nor envious Death so triumph'd in a blow, As that which laid the accomplished Burnet low.

Thy form and mind, sweet maid, can I forget ? In richest ore the brightest jewel set! In thee, high Heaven above was truest shown, As by his noblest work the Godhead best is known.

In vain ye flaunt in summer's pride, ye groves; Thou crystal streamlet with thy flowery shore;

Ye woodland choir that chant your idle loves, Ye cease to charm-Eliza is no more !

Ye heathy wastes, immix'd with reedy fens: Ye mossy streams, with sedge and rushes stor'd, Ye rugged cliffs, o'erhanging dreary glens, To you 1 fly-ye with my soul accord.

10 you I ny-ye with my sour accord.

Princes, whose cumb'rous pride was all their worth Shall venal lays their pour pous exit hail ? And thou, sweet excellence : forsake our earth,

And not a muse in honest grief bewail!

We saw thee shine in youth and beauty's pride, And virtue's light, that beams beyond the spheres. But like the sun celips'd at morning tide,

Thou left'st us darkling in a world of tears.

The parent's heart that nestled fond in thee, That heart how sunk, a prey to grief and care; So decked the woodbine sweet yon aged tree, So from it ravisl'd, leaves it bleak and bare.

# $POEMS_1$

# VERSES

ON READING, IN A NEWSPAPER, THE LEATH OF JOHN N<sup>1</sup>LEOD<sub>1</sub> ENQ EROTHER TO A YOUNG LADY, & PARTICULAR FRIEND OF THE AUTORON'S.

Ske thy tale, then fille pare,

And metal thy alarms: D and tears the incriter of her love From Isabella's arms.

s weetly deck'd with pearly dew The morning rose may blow; Buy cold, successive bounde blosts

For on Sahel'a's norn The san propulsus shill'd ; Rot, long ere noon, succeeding clouds

For, long etc floor, succeeding could Succeeding hopes beguif'd.
F we of wors the bosen chords

Trat Natore finest string; So bale (a's heart was form'd, And so that heart was wrung

Dotal Onnipotence, alone, Can hea the wound he gave; Can point the brindfil grief worn eyes. To scenes beyond the grave.

Virtue's blossoms there shall blow, And fear no with'ring blast; There I-aheda's spotless worth Shall hoppy be at last.

## SONNET

ON THE DEATH OF ROBERT RIDDLL, ESQ. OF GLEN RIDDEL, APRIL, 1794.

No more, ye warblers of the wood, no more, Nor pour your descant, grating on my soul; Thom yourgeeyed Spring, gay in thy verdant stole, More welcome were to me grim Winter's wildest rour.

How can ye charm, ye flow'rs, with a'l your dyes? Ye blow upon the sod that wraps my friend: How can I to the tuneful strain attend? That strain flows round th' untimely tends where Riddel fice

Yes, pour, ye warblers, pour the notes of wo, And sooth the Virtues weeping on this bier: The Man of Worth, and has not left his peer, to be in View Parcov house?" for ourse derive here.

Is in his " narrow house," for ever darkly low. Thee, Spring, again with joy shall others greet; Me, ment'ry of my loss will only meet.

# VERSES

# ON THE DEATH OF SIR JAMES HUNTER BLAIR.

The lamp of day, with ill-presaging glare, Dim. cloudly, suck beneath the western wave; Th' inconstant blast how'd thro' the darkening air, And hollow whistled in the rocky cave.

Lone as I wander'd by each cliff and dell, Ouce the lov'd haunts of Scotia's royal train ;\* Or mus'd where limpid streams, once hallow'd we'l, {

Or mould'ring ruins mark the sacred fane;‡

Th' increasing blast roar'd round the beetling rocks, 'The clouds, swift-wing'd, flew o'er the starry sky, The groaning trees untimely shed their locks,

And shooting meteors caught the startled eye.

The paly moon rose in the livid east, And 'mong the cliffs disclos'd a stately form,

In weeds of wo, that frantic beat her breast, And mix'd ber wallings with the raving storm.

Wild to my heart the filial pulses glow, "Twas Caledonia's trophicd shield I view'd: Her form majestic droop'd in pensive wo, The light'ning of her eye in tears imbaed.

Revers'd that spear, redoubtable in war, Reclin'd that banner, erst in fields unfurl'd, That like a deathful meteor gleam'd afar, And brav'd the mighty monarchs of the world :--

The King's Park, at Hulyrood-house.

St Anthonu's Well. 1 St. Anthony's Chapel

" My patriot Son fills an untimely grave ! With accents wild and lifted arms she cried--

"Low lies the hand that off was stretch'd to save Low lies the heart that swell'd with honest pride !

" A weeping country joins a widow's tear, The helpless poor mix with the orphan's cry; The drooping arts surround their patron's bier, And grateful science heaves the heartfelt sigh.

"I saw my sons resume their ancient fire; I saw fair Freedom's blossons richly blow; But ah! how hope is born but to expire! Relentless fate has laid this guardian low.

" My patriot falls, but shall he iie unsung, While empty greatness saves a worthless name? No; every muse shall join her tuneful tongue, And future ages hear his growing fame.

# ADDRESS

TO THE SHADE OF THOMSON, ON CROWNING HIS BUST AT EDNAM, BOXBURGHSHIRE, WITH BAYS.

WHILE virgin Spring, by Eden's flood, Unfolds her tender mantle green, Or pranks the sod in frolic mood, Or tunes Æolian strams between;

While Summer with a matron grace Retreats to Dryburgh's cooling shade, Yet oft, delighted, stops to trace The progress of the spiky blade;

While Autumn, benefactor kind, By Tweed erects his aged head, And sees, with self-approving mind, Each creature on his bounty fed;

While maniac Winter rages o'er The hills whence classic Yarrow flows, Rousing the turbid torrent's roar, Or sweeping, wild, a waste of snows:

So long, sweet poet of the year, Shall bloom that wreath thou well hast were . While Scotia, with evuluing tear, Procleims that 'I honson was her son,

# LPITTPH

# FOR THE AUTHOR'S FATHER.

O yE, whose check the tear of pity stains, Draw near with plots revice see, and attend, Here lie the loving his band's dear remains,

The tender father, and the gen'rous friend,

The pitying heart that felt for human work The donutless heart that fear'd no human pride : The fifthed of man, to vice along a long " For evin his fuilings loan'd to victue's side.".\*

# FOR R. A., ESO.

KNOW thou, O stranger to the fame Of this much loy'd, much honour'd name; (For none that knew him need he tod) A warmer heart Death ac'er made coal.

# ON A FRIEND

As honest man here lies at rest, As e'er God with his image blest : The friend of man, the friend of truth; The friend of age, and guide of youth : Few hearts, like his, with virtue warm'd, Few heads with knowledge so inform'd; If there's another world, he lives in blast; If there is none, he made the best of this.

\* Galismoth

# A BARD'S EPITAPH.

Is there a whin-inspired fool, Owre fast for thought, owre hot for rule, Owre blate to seek, owre proud to snool, Let him draw near: And owre this grassy heap sing dool, And rap a tear,

Is there a Bard of rustic song, Who, noteless, steals the crowds among, That weekly this area throng, O, pass not by ! Bat with a frater-feeling strong, Here heave a sigh

Is there a man whose judgment clear, Can others teach the course to steer, Yet runs, himself, life's mad career, Wild as the wave;

Here pause—and thro' the starting tear, Survey this grave.

The poor inhabitant below Was quick to learn and wise to know, And keenly felt the friendly glow, And softer flame, But thoughtless follies laid him low,

And stain'd his name !

Reader, attend—whether thy soul Soars fancy's flights beyond the pole, Or darkly grubs this earthly hole, In low pursuit; Know, prudent, cautious, self-control.

Is wisdom's root.

# VERSES

ON THE BIRTH OF A POSTHUMOUS CHILD,

Born in peculiar circumstances of Family Distress

SWEET Flow'ret, pledge o' meikle love, And ward o' monie a pray'r, What heart o' stane wad thou na move, Sae helpless, sweet, and fair!

November hirples o'er the lea, Chill on thy lovely form; And gane, alas! the sheltering tree, Should shield thee frae the storm.

May He who gives the rain to pour, And wings the blast to blaw, Protect thee frae the driving show'r, The bitter frost and snaw!

May He, the friend of wo and want, Who heals life's various stounds, Protect and guard the mother-plant, And heal her cruel wounds.

But late she flourished, rooted fast, Fair on the summer morn; Now, feebiy bends she in the blast, Unshelter'd and forlorn.

Blest be thy bloom, thou lovely gen, Unscath'd by ruffian hand; And from thee many a parent stem Arise to deck our land.

# ON SENSIBILITY.

TO MY DEAR AND MUCH HONOURED FRIEND, MRS DUNLOP OF DUNLOP.

> SENSIBILITY, how charming, *Thou, my friend*, canst truly tell; But distress with horrors aiming, Thou hast also known too well.

Fairest flower, behold the lily, Blooming in the sunny ray; Let the blast sweep o'er the valley, See it prostrate on the clay.

Hear the wood-lark charm the forest, Telling o'er his little joys; Hapless bird ! a prey the surest, To each pirate of the skies.

Dearly bought the hidden treasure, Finer feelings can bestow ; Chords that vibrate sweetest pleasure, Thrill the deepest notes of we,

# VERSES,

# IN SEEING & WOUNDED HARE LIMP BY ME, WHICH & FELLOW HAD JUST SHOT AT.

INHUMAN man ! curse on thy barb'rous art, And blasted be thy murder-aiming eye ; May never pity sooth thee with a sigh, Nor ever pleasure glad thy cruel heart !

Go, live, poor wanderer of the wood and field, The bitter little that of life remains;

No more the thickening brakes and verdant plains To thee shall home, or food, or pastime yield.

Seek, mangled wretch, some place of wonted rest, No more of rest, but now thy dying bed ! The sheltering rushes whistling o'er thy head, The cold earth with thy bloody bosom prest.

Oft as by winding Nith, I, musing, wait The sober eve, or hail the cheerful dawn, I'll miss thee sporting o'er the dewy lawn, And curse the ruffian's aim, and mourn thy hapless fate.

# LINES,

# ON SCARING SOME WATER-FOWL IN LOCH TURIT, A WILD SCENE AMONG THE HILLS OF OUGHTERTYRE.

Conscious, blushing for our race, Soon, too soon, your fears I trace; Man, your proud usurping foo, Would be lord of all below; Plumes himself in Freedom's pride, Tyrant stern to all beside.

The eagle from the cliffy brow, Marking you his prey below, In his breast no pity dwells, Strong necessity compels; But man, to whom alone is giv'n A ray direct from pitying Heav'n, Glories in his heart humane,— And creatures for his pleasure slaig.

In these savage, liquid plains, Only known to wand'ring swains, Where the mossy rivitet strays, Far from human hannts and ways, All on Nature you depend, And iffe's poor season peaceful spend.

Or, if man's superior might, Dare invade your native right, On the loity other borne, Man with all his pow'rs you scorn; Swifty seek, on clanging wings, Other lakes and other springs; And the foe you cannot brave, Scorn at least to be his slave.

## SONNET,

WRITTEN ON THE 25TH OF JANUARY, 1793, THE BIRTHDAY OF THE AUTHOR, ON HEARING A THRUSH IN A MORNING WALE.

Sing on, sweet thrush, upon the leafless bough; Sing on, sweet bird, I listen to thy strain; See aged Winter, mid his surly reign, At thy bithe carol clears his furrow'd brow;

So in lone Poverty's dominion drear,

Sits meek Content, with light, unanxious heart, Welcomes the rapid moments, bids them part, Not asks if they bring aught to hope or fear.

I thank thee, Author of this opening day, Thou whose bright sun now gilds you orient skies! Riches denied, thy boon was purer joys, What wealth could never give nor take away!

Yet come, thou child of poverty and care; The mite high Heav'n bestow'd, that mite with thee I'll share.

## TO A MOUSE,

ON TURNING HER UP IN HER NEST, WITH THE PLOUGH, NOVEMBER, 1785.

WEE, sleekit, cow'rin, tim'rous beastie ! O, what a panic's in thy breastie ! Thou need nae start awa sae hasty, Wi' bickerin brattle? I wad be laith to rin an' chase thee,

Wi' murd'ring pattle!

I'm truly sorrow man's dominion Has broken Nature's social union, An' justifies that ill opinion, Which makes thee startle

At me, thy poor earth-born companion, An' fellow-mortal !

I doubt na, whyles but thou may thieve? What then ? poor beastie, thou maun live! A daimen-icker in a thrave 's a sma' request: 'I'l get a blessin wi't the lave,

And never miss't?

Thy wee bit *housie*, too, in ruin! Its silly wa's the win's are strewin; An' naething, now, to big a new ane, O' foggage green; An' bleak December win's ensuin, Baith snell and keen!

Thou saw the fields laid bare an' waste, An' weary winter comin' fast, An cozie here, beneath the blast, Thou thought to dwell, Till, crash ! the cruel coulter past Out thro' thy cell.

That wee bit heap o' leaves au' stibble, Has cost thee monic a weary nibble ! Now thou'st turn'd out, for a' thy trouble. But house or hald,

But house or hald, To thole the winter's sleety dribblo, An' cranreuch cauld !

But, Mousie, thou art no thy lane, In proving foresight may be vain: The best laid scheme o' mice an' men, Gang aft a-gley, An' lea'e us nought but grief and pain

For promis'd joy.

Still thou art blest, compar'd wi' me! The present only toucheth thee; But, och ! I backward cast my e'e, On prospects drear! An' forward, tho' I canna see, I guess an' fear.

## TO A MOUNTAIN DAISY,

DA TURNING ONE DOWN WITH THE PLOUGH, IN APRIL, 1785

WEE, modest, crimson-tipped flow'r, Thou'st met me in an evil hour; For I maun crush amang the stoure Thy sleuder stem; To spare thee now is past my pow'r, Thou bonie gem.

Alas! it's no thy neebor sweet, The bonie Lark, companion meet, Bending the e'mang the dewy weet, Wi's spreckled breast, When upward-springing, blithe, to greet The purpling East.

Cauld blew the Sitter-biting North Upon thy early, humble birth; Yet cheerfully thou glinted forth Amid the storm, Scarce rear'd above the parent-earth Thy tender form.

The flaunting flow'rs our gardens yield, High shelt'rlng woods and wa's mann shield; But thou beneath the random bield O' clod or stane, Adorns the histie stibble-field, Unseen, alane,

There, in thy zounty mantle clad, The mix-we become sunward spread friou lifts thy unassuning head In humble guise; But now the share uptears thy bed, And low thou hes!

Such is the fate of artless Maid; Sweet flow'ret of the rural shade Vol. I. K

## POEMS.

By love's simplicity betray'd, And guileless trust, Till she, like thee, all soil'd, is laid Low i' the dust.

Such is the fate of simple Bard, On life's rough ocean luckless starr'd ; Unskilful he to note the card Of prudent lore, Till billows rage, and gales blow hard, And whelm him o'er.

Such fate to suffering worth is giv'n, Who long with wants and woes has striv'n, By human pride or cunning driv'n, To mis'ry's brink, Till wrench'd of ev'ry stay but Heav'n, He, ruin'd, sink !

Ev'n thou who mourn'd the Daisy's fate, That fate is thine-no distant date Stern Ruin's plough-share drives, elate. Full on thy bloom, Till crush'd beneath the furrow's weight, Shall be thy doom.

# THE HUMBLE PETITION OF BRUAR WATER.

## TO THE NOBLE DUKE OF ATHOLE.

My lord, I know your noble car Wo ne'er assails in vain : Emboldened thus, I beg you'll hcar Your humble slave complain, How saucy Phœbus' scorching beams, In flaming summer-pride, Dry-withering, waste iny foamy streams And drink my crystal tide.

The lightly jumping glowrin trouts, That thro' my waters play, If, in their random, wanton spouts, They near the margin stray;

\* Bruar Falls, in Athole, are exceedingly pictures que and beautiful: but their effect is much impaired by the want of trees and shrubs.

If, hapless chance, they linger lang, I'm scorching up so shallow,

They're left the whit'ning stanes amang, In gasping death to wallow.

Last day I grat wi' spite and teen, As Poet B\*\*\*\* came by,

That, to a Bard, I should be seen Wi' half my channel dry;

Ev'n as I was, he shor'd me; But had I in my glory been, He, kneeling, wad ador'd me.

Here, foaming down the shelvy rocks, In twisting strength I rin :

There, high my boiling torrent smokes, Wild-roaring o'er a linn:

Enjoying large each spring and well As nature gave them me, I am, altho' I say't mysel,

Worth gaun a mile to see.

Would then my noble master please To grant my highest wishes, He'll shade my banks wi' tow'ring trees,

And bonie spreading bushes;

Delighted doubly then, my lord, You'll wander on my banks,

And listen monie a grateful bird Return you tuneful thanks.

The sober lav'rock, warbling wild, Shall to the skies aspire ;

The gowdspink music's gayest child, Shall sweetly join the choir ;

The blackbird strong, the lintwhite clear, The mavis mild and mellow;

The robin pensive autumn cheer, In all her looks of yellow ;

This too, a covert shall ensure, To shield them from the storm ; And coward maukin sleep secure,

Low in her grassy form ; Here shall the shepherd make his seat,

To weave his crown of flow'rs; Or find a shelt'ring, safe retreat,

From prone descending show'rs.

And here, by sweet endearing stealth, Shall meet the loving pair,

Despising worlds with all their wealth As empty, idle care.

The flow'rs shall vie in all their charms, The hour of heav'n to grace,

And hirks extend their fragrant arms, To screen the dear embrace.

Mere haply too, at vernal dawn, Some musing Bard may stray, And eye the smoking, dewy lawn,

And misty mountain, gray; Or, by the reaper's nightly beam, Mild chequ'ring thro' the trees,

Rave to my darkly-dashing stream, Hoarse-swelling on the breeze.

Let lofty firs, and ashes cool, My lowly banks o'erspread, And view, deep-bending in the pool, Their shadows' wat'ry bed;

Let fragrant birks in woodbines drest My craggy cliffs adorn; And, for the little songster's nest,

And, for the little songster's nest, 'The close embow'ring thorn.

So may old Scotia's darling hope, Your little angel band, Spring, like their father's, up to prop

Their honour'd native land. So may thro' Albion's farthest ken,

To social flowing glasses, The grace be—" Athole's honest men,

" And Athole's bouie lasses !"

#### LINES

#### WRITTEN WITH A PENCIL, OVER THE CHIMNEY-FIECE, IN THE PARLOUR OF THE INN AT KENMORE, TAYMOUTH

ADMIRING Nature in her wildest grace, These northern scenes with weary feet I trace; O'er many a winding dale and painful steep, Th' abodes of covey'd grouse and timid sheep, My savage journey, curious, I pursue, Til fam'd Breadalbane opens to my view —

The meeting cliffs each deep-sunk glen divides, The woods, wild scatter'd, clothe their ample sides; Th' unstructhing lake, embosom'd 'nong the hills, The gye with wonder and amazement fills; The Tay, meand'ring sweet, in infant pride, The palace rising on his verdant side; The palace rising on his verdant side; The hillocks dropt in Nature's native taste; The hillocks dropt in Nature's carcless haste; The willage, glittering in the noon-tide beam-

Poetic ardours in my bosom swell, Lone, wand'ring by the hermit's mossy cell: The sweeping theatre of hanging woods; Th' incessant roar of headlong tumbling floods—

#### 

Here Poesy might wake her heav'n-tanght lyre, And look thro' Nature with creative fire; Here, to the wrongs of Fate half reconcil'd, Misfortune's lighten'd steps might wander wild; And Disappointment, in these lonely bounds, Find balm to sooth her bitter, rankling wounds; Here heart-struck Grief might heav'n-ward stretch her scar And Injur'd Worth forget and pardon man.

## LINES

#### WRITTEN WITH A PENCIL, STANDING BY THE FALL OF FYERS, NEAR LOCH-NESS.

Anowe the heathy hills and ragged woods The roaring Fyers pours his mossy floods; Thil full he dashes on the rocky mounds, Where, through a shapeless breach, his stream resounds As high in air the bursting torrents flow, As beep recoiling surges it am below, Prone down the rock the whitening sheet descends, And viewless Echo's ear, astonish'd, rends. Dim seen, through rising mists and ceaseless show'rs The heary cavern, wide-surrounding, low'rs. Still thro' the gap the struggling river toils, And still, below, the horrid caldron boils—

# BOOR HL

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# FAMILIAR AND EPISTOLARY

## TO MISS L .....

## WITH BEATTIE'S POEMS AS A NEW-YEAR'S GHT, JANUARJ 1, 1767.

AGAIN the silent wheels of time Their annual could have droy'n, And you, the' scarce in maiden prime, Are so much nearer heav'n.

No gifts have I from Indian coasts The infant year to bail; I send you more than India boasts In Edwin's simple tale.

Our sex with guile and faithless love is charg'd, perhaps too true; But may, dear maid, each lover provo An Educia still to yea.

# TO MISS CRUICKSHANES,

#### A VERY YOUNG LADY,

Written on the blank leaf of a Book, presented to her by the Author.

> BEACTEORS rose bud, young and gay, Blooming on thy early May, Never may'st thea, lovely flow'r, Chilly shrink in sheery show'r. Never Boreas' hoary path, Never Boreas' hoary path, Never baiefal steller byta, Tsint thee with unturally blights.

## POEMS, CHIEFLY SCOTTISM.

Never, never reptile thief Riot on thy virgin lead': Nor even Sol too fiercely view Thy bosom blushing still with dew!

May'st thou long, sweet crimson gem, Richly deck thy native stem; Till some evening, sober, caim, Dropping dews, and hreathing balm, While all around the woodland rings, And ev'ry bird thy requiem sings; Thou amid the dirgeful sound, Bhed thy dying honours round, And resign to parent earth The loveliest form she e'er gave birtk.

## VERSES

## ON A YOUNO LADY,

Residing on the banks of the small river Devon, in Clackmannanshire, but whose infant years were spent in Ayrshire.

How pleasant the banks of the clear winding Devon, With green spreading bushes, and flow'rs blooming fak;

But the boniest flower on the banks of the Devon Was once a sweet bud on the bracs of the Ayr.

Mild be the sun on this sweet-binshing flower, In the gay, rosy morn, as it bathes in the dew ! And gentle the fall of the soft vernal shower,

That steals on the evening each leaf to renew.

O spare the dear blossom, ye orient breezes, With chill hoary wing, as ye usher the dawn :

And far be thou distant, thou reptile that seizes The verdure and pride of the garden and lawn.

Let Bourbon exult in his gay gilded lilics, And England triumphant display her proud rose; A furer than either adoms the green vallies

Where Devon, sweet Devon, meandering flows.

A serve second and a second and a

## POEMS.

#### VERSES

## TO A YOUNG LADY, WITH A PRESENT OF SONGE.

HERE, where the Scottish muse immortal lives, In sacred strains and tuneful numbers join'd Accept the gift ; tho' humble he who gives, Rich is the tribute of the grateful mind.

So may no ruffian-feeling in thy breast Discordant jar thy bosom-chords among; But peace attune thy gentle soul to rest, Or love ecstatic wake his seraph song :

Or pity's notes, in luxury of tears, As modest want the tale of wo reveals: While conscious virtue all the strain endears And heav'n-born piety her sanction seals.

#### VERSES.

#### NRITTEN ON THE BLANK LEAF OF A COPY OF HIS PORMS. PRESENTED TO A LADY, WHOM HE HAD OFTEN CELEBRAT ED UNDER THE NAME OF CHLORIS.

'Tis Friendship's pledge, my young fair friend, Nor thou the gift refuse,

Nor with unwilling ear attend The moralizing muse.

Since thou, in all thy youth and charms, Must bid the world adieu, 'A world 'gainst peace in constant arms) To join the friendly few.

Since, thy gay morn of life o'ercast, Chill came the tempest's lower ; And ne'er misfortune's eastern blast

Did nip a fairer flower.)

Since life's gay scenes must charm no more, Still much is left behind ; Still nobler wealth hast thou in store, The comforts of the mind l

Thine is the self-approving glow, On conscious honour's part : And, dearest gift of Heaven below, Thine friendship's trucst heart.

The joys refin'd of sense and taste, With every Muse to rove : And doubly were the Poct blest, These joys could he improve.

## VERSES,

WRITTEN ON THE BLANK LEAF OF A COPY OF HIS POEMS, PRE SENTED TO AN OLD SWEETHEART, THEN MARRIED.

> Orce fondly lov'd, and still remember'd dear, Sweet early object of my youthful vows, Accept this mark of friendship, warm, sincere, Friendship !—'tis all cold duty now allows: And when you read the simple, artless rhymes, One friendly sigh for him, he asks no more, Who distant burns in flamiag, torrid climes, Or haply lies beneath the Atlantic roar.

# TO A YOUNG LADY,

> Trurk be the volumes, Jessy fair, And with them take the Poet's prayer; That Fate may in her fairest page, With ev'ry kindliest, best presage Of .uture bliss, enrol thy name, Mith native worth and spotless fame, And wakeful caution, still aware Of III—but chief, man's fclon snare; All blameless joys on earth we find And all the treasures of the mind— These be thy guardiar and reward, Bo prays thy faithful friend, the Bard.

#### TO J. S\*\*\*\*

Friendship | mysterious cement of the soul Sweet'ner of life, and solder of society | I owe thee muck.—

BLAIR.

DEAR S\*\*\*\*, the sleest, paukie thief, That e'er attempted stealth or rief,

## POEMS.

Ye surely hae some warlock-breef Owre hunian hearts ;

For ne'er a bosom yet was prief Against your arts.

For me, I swear by sun and moon, And ev'ry star that blinks aboon, Ye've cost me twenty pair o' shoon Just gaun to see you;

And ev'ry ither pair that's done, Mair ta'en I'm wi' you.

That auld capricious carlin, Nature, To mak amends for scrimpit stature, She's turn'd you aff' a human creature On her first plan,

And in her freaks, on ev'ry feature, She's wrote the Man.

Just now I've ta'en the fit o' rhyme, My barmie noddle's working prime, My fancie yerkite up sublime Wi' hasty summon; Hae ye a leisure-moment's time

To hear what's comin?

Some rhyme, a neebor's name to lash; Some rhyme (vain thought !) for needfu' cash , Some rhyme to court the countra clash,

An' raise a din; For me, an aim 1 never fash ;

I rhyme for fun.

The star that rules my luckless lot, Has fated me the russet coat, And damn'd my fortune to the groat; But in requit,

Has bless'd me wi' a random shot O' countra wit.

This while my notion's ta'en a sklept, To try my fate in guid black prent; But still the mair I'm that way bent. Something cries, " Hoolie 1

I rede you, honest man, tak tent ! Ye'll shaw your folly.

" There's ither poets, much your betters, Far seen in Greek, deep men o' letters, Hae thought they had insur'd their debtors A' future ages;

Now moths deform in shapeless tatters Their unknown pages."

Then'fareweel hopes o' laurel-boughs, To garland my poetic brows ! Henceforth I'll rove where busy ploughs Are whistling thrang, An teach the lanely heights and howes

My rustic sang.

I'll wander on wi' tentless heed, How never-halting moments speed, Till fate shall snap the brittle thread; Then, all unknown,

I'll lay me with the inglorious dead, Forgot and gone !

But why o' Death begin a tale ? Just now we're living, sound, and hale, Then top and maintop crowd the sail, ileave Care o'er-side !

And large, before Enjoyment's gale, Let's tak the tide.

This life, sae far's I understand, Is a' enchanted, fairy land, Where Pleasure is the magic wand That, wielded right,

Maks hours like minutes, hand in hand, Dance by fu' light.

The magic wand then let ns wield; For, ance that five-an'-forty's speel'd, See crazy, weary, joyless Eild, Wi' wrinkled face,

Comes hostin, hirplin owre the field, Wi' creepin pace.

When ance Life's day draws near the gloamin, Then fareweel vacant, careless roamin; Au' fareweel cheerfu' tankards foamin, An' social noise;

An' fareweel dear, deluding woman, The joy of joys!

O life ! how pleasant in thy morning Young Faucy's rays the hills adorning ! Cold-pausing Caution's lessons scorning, We frisk away.

Like school-boys, at th' expected warning, To joy and play.

We wander there, we wander here, We eye the rose upon the brier,

Unmindful that the thorn is near, Among the leaves; And though the puny wound appear, Short while it grieves.

Some, lucky, find a flow'ry spot, For which they never toil d nor swat ; They drink the sweet, and eat the fat, But care or pain ;

And, haply, eye the barren hut With high disdain.

With steady aim, some Fortune chase; Keen Hope does every shew brace; Thro' fair, thro' foul, they urge the race, And seize the prey;

Then canie, in some cozie place, They close the day.

And others, like your humble servan', Poor wights ! nae rules nor roads observin; To right or left eternal swervin,

They zig-zag on ; Till curst with age, obscure an' starvin, They aften groan.

Alas ! what bitter toil an' straining— But, truce with peevish, poor complaining ! Is Fortune's fickle *Lunc* watting ? E'en let her gang !

Beneath what light she has remaining, Let's sing our sang.

My pen I here fling to the door, And kneel, "Ye Powers!" and warm implow, "Tho' I should wander Terra o'er, In all her climes,

Grant me but this, I ask no more, Ay rowth o' rhymes.

"Gie dreeping roasts to countra lairds, Till icicles hing frate their beards; Gie fine braw claes to fine Life-Guards, And Maids o' Honour; And yill an' whiskey gie to Cairds,

Until usey sconner.

"A Title, Dempster merits It; A garter gie to Willie Put; Gie Wealth to some be-leger'd cl2, In cent. per cent.; But gie me real, sterling Wit, And I'm context.

"While ye are pleas'd to keep me hale, I'll sit down o'er my scanty meal, Be't water-brose or muslin-kail, Wi' cheerfu' face, As lang's the Muses dinna fail To say the grace."

An anxious e'e I never throws Behint my lug, or by my nose; I jouk beneath Misfortune's blows As weel's I may; Sworn foe to Serrow, Care, and Prose,

Sworn foe to Serrow, Care, and Prose, I rhyme away.

O ye douce folk, that live by rule, Grave, tiddless-bloody, calm, and cool, Compar'd wi' you-O fool ! fool ! fool ! How much unlike ! Your hearts are just a standing pool,

Your lives, a dyke!

Nae hair-brain'd, sentimental traf In your unlettered nameless faces, In arioso trills and graces Ye never stray;

But, gravissimo, solemn basses Ye hum away.

Ye are sae grave, nae doubt ye're wise; Nae ferly tho' ye do despise The hairum scairum, ram.stam boys, The rattlin squad: I see you upward cast your eyes— Ye ken the road.

Whilst I—but I shall haud me thero---Wi' you I'll scarce gang ony where--Then, Jamie, I shall say nae mair, But quat my sang, Content wi' you, to mak a pair, Whare'er I gang.

# EPISTLE TO DAVIE.

## A BROTHER POET.\*

January .

T.

WHILE winds frae aff Ben-Lomond blaw And bar the doors wi' driving snaw, And hing us owre the ingle, I sit me down to pass the time, And spin a verse or twa o' rhyme,

In hamely westlin jingle. While frosty winds blaw in the drift, Ben to the chimla lug, I grudge a wee the great folks' gift,

That live sae bien an' snug :

I tent less, and want less

Their roomy fire side ;

But hanker and canker, To see their cursed pride.

#### п.

It's hardly in a body's pow'r To keep at times frae being sour,

To see how things are shar'd : How best o' chiels are whiles in want,

While coofs on countless thousands rant, And ken na how to wair't:

Bat, Davie, lad, ne'er fash your head, Tho' we hae little gear,

We're fit to win our daily bread,

As lang's we're hale and fier; "Mair spier na, no fear na,"

Auld age ne'er mind a feg,

The last o't, the warst o't, Is only for to beg.

## III.

To lie in kilns and barns at e'en,

When banes are craz'd and bluid is thim Is, doubtless, great distress! Yet then content could make us blest ; Ev'n then, sometimes we'd snatch a taste Of truest happiness.

\* David Sillar, one of the club at Tarbolton, and author of a volume of Poems in the Scottish dialect. t Ramsaw.

The honest heart that's free frae a' Intended fraud or guile, However Fortune kick the ba', Has ay some cause to smile; And mind still, you'll find still, A comfort this nae sma'; Nae mair then, we'll care then, Nae farther can we fa'.

#### IV.

What the', like commoners of air, We wander out we know not where, But either house or hal'! Yet nature's charms, the hills and woods, The sweeping vales and foaming floods, Are free alike to all. In days when daisies deck the ground, And blackbirds whistle clear, With honest joy our hearts will bound, To see the coming year: On braces when we please, then, We'll sit an's owth a tune; Syne rhyme till't, we'll time till't, And sing't when we hae done.

#### v.

It's no in titles nor in rank It's no in wealth like Lon'on bank, To purchase peace and rest; It's in makin muckle mair; It's no in books; it's no in lear, To make us truly blest: If happiness hae not her seat And centre in the breast, We may be wise, or rich, or great, But never can be blest: Nae treasures, nor pleasures, Could make us happy lang; The heart's ay the part ay, That maxes us right or wrang

#### VI.

Think ye, that sic as you and I, Wha drudge and drive thro' wet and dry, Wi' never-ceasing toil, Think ye, are we less blest than they, Wha scarcely tent us in their way, As hardly worth their while ?

## PUEMS.

Alas! how aft in haughty mood, God's creatures they oppress ! Or else, neglecting a' that's guid, They riot in excess ! Baith careless and fearless Of either heav'n or hell ! Esteeming, and deeming

It's a' an idle tale !

#### VU.

Then let us cheerfu' acquiesce, Nor make our scanty pleasures less, By pining at our state;

And, even should misfortunes come, I, here wha sit, hae met wi' some, An' 's thankfu' for them yet,

They gie the wit of age to youth; They let us ken oursel;

They make us see the naked truth, The real guid and ill.

Tho' losses and crosses,

Be lessons right severe,

There's wit there, ye'll get there, Ye'll find na other where.

#### VIII.

But tent me, Davie, ace o' hearts ! (To say aught less wad wrang the cartes And flatt'ry I detest,)

This life has joys for you and I;

And joys that riches ne'er could buy ; And joys the very best.

There's a' the pleasures o' the heart, The lover an' the frien';

Ye hae your Meg, your dearest part, And I my darling Jean!

It warms me, it charms me, To mention but her name :

It heats me, it beets me,

And sets me a' on flame!

## IX.

O all ye Pow'rs who rule above ! O Thou whose very self art love! Thou know'st my words sincers!

fue life-blood streaming thro' my heard

Or my more dear in mortal para

Is not more fordly dear :

When heart-corroding care and grief Deprive my soul of rest, Her dear idea brings relief And solace to my breast. Thon Being, All-seeing, O hear my fervent pray'r, Still take her, and make her Thy most peculiar case! X.

All hail, ye tender feelings do at ! The smile of love, the friendly tear,

The sympathetic glow ; Long since, this world's thorny ways Had number'd out my weary days,

Had it not been for you ! Fate still has blest me with a friend,

In every care and ill; And oft a more endearing band,

A tie more tender still.

It lightens, it brightens, The tenebrific scene,

To meet with, and greet with, My Davie of my Jean.

#### XI.

O, how that name inspires my style ! The words come skelpin rank and file, Amaist before 1 ken !

The ready measure rins as fine,

As Phoebus and the famous Nine

Were glowin owre my pen. My spaviet *l'egasus* will limp, Till ance he's fairly het;

And then he'u bilch, and stilt, and jimp, An' rin an unco fit:

But lest then, the beast then,

Should rue this hasty ride, I'll light now, and dight now, His sweaty, wizen'd hide.

#### TO THE SAME.

ACLD NEEBOR,

I'm three times doubly o'er your debtor, For your auld farrant, frien'ly letter, Tho' I maun sav't, I doubt ye flatter, Ye speak sae fair;

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#### For my puir, silly, rhymin' clatter, Some less maun sair.

Hale be your heart, hale be your fiddle; Lang may your elbuck jink an' diddle, To cheer you thro' the weary widdle O' war'ly cares,

Till bairns' bairns kindly cuddle Your auld gray hairs.

But, Davie, lad, I'm red ye're glaikit; I'm tauld the muse ye hae negleckit, An' gif its sae, ye sud be licket Until ye fyke;

Sic hauns as you sud ne'er be faikit, Be hain't wha like.

For me, I'm on Parnassus' brink, Rivin the words tae gar them clink; Whyles daez't wi' love, whyles daez't wi' drink Wi' jads or masons;

An' whyles, but ay owre late, I think Braw sober lessons.

Of a' the thoughtless sons o' man, Commen' me to the Bardie clan; Except it be some idle plan

O' rhymin' clink The devil-haet, that I sud ban, They ever think.

Nae thought, nae view, nae scheme o' livin', Nae cares tae gie us joy or grievin'; Bnt just the pouchie put the nieve m, An' while aught's there,

Then hiltie, skiltie, we gae scrievin', An' fash nae mair.

Leeze me on rhyme ! its ay a treasure, My chief, amaist my only pleasure, At hame, a-fiel', at wark or leisure,

The Muse, poor hizzie! The' rough an' raploch be her measure, She's seldom lazy.

Haud tae the Muse, my daintie Davie : The warl' may play you monie a shava But for the Muse, she'll never leave ye, The' e'er sae nuir

Tho' e'er sae puir. Na, even tho' !impin wi' the spavie Frae door to door.

## EPISTLE TO J. LAPRAIK,

#### AN OLD SCOTTISH BARD.

April 1, 1785.

WHILE briers an' woodbines budding green, An' paitricks scraichin loud at e'en, An' morning poussie whiddin seen, Inspire my Muse, This freedom in an unknown frien'

I pray excuse.

On fasteen een we had a rockin, To ca' the crack and weave our stockin And there was muckle fun an' jokin Ye need na doubt

At length we had a hearty yokin At sang about.

There was as sang, among the rest Aboon them a' it pleas'd me best, ----That some kind husband had addrest To some sweet wife; It thrill'd the heart-strings thro' the breast. A' to the life.

I've scarce heard aucht describe sae wee What gen'rous, manly bosons feel: Thought I, "Can this be Pope, or Steele, Or Beattic's wark ?" They told me 'twas an odd kind chiel About Muirkirk.

It pat me fidgin-fain to hear't, And sae about him there I spier't, I'hen a' that kent him round Jeclar'd He had *ingine*, 'That nane excell'd it, few can near't, It was sae fire.

That set him to a pint of ale An' either douce or merry tale, Of rhymes an' sangs he'd made hunsel, Or witty catches, 'Tween Inverness and Tiviotdale, He had few matches.

Then up I gat, an' swore an aith, Though I should pawn my pleugh and granth, Or die a cadger-pownie's death, At some dyke-back,

A pint an' gill I'd gie them baith To hear your crack.

But first an' foremost, I should tell, Amaist as soon as I could spell, I to the *crambo-jingle* fell, Tho' rude an' rough,

Yet crooning to a body's sel, Does weel enough.

I am nae Poet, in a sense, But just a Rhymer, like, by chance, An' hae to learning nae pretence,

Yet what tha matter ? Whene'er my Muse does on me glance, I jingle at her.

Your critic-folk may cock their nose, And say, "How can you e'er propose, You wha ken hardly verse frae prose, To mak a sang?"

But, by your leaves, my learned foes, Ye're may be wrang.

What's a' your jargon o' your schools, Your Latin names for horns an' stools, If honest nature made you fools,

What sairs your grammare ? Ye'd better taen up spades and shools, Or knappin-hammers.

A set o' dull, conceited hashes, Confuse their brains in college classes! They gang in stirks, and come out asses, Plain truth to speak:

An' syne they think to climb Parnassus By dint o' Greek !

Gie me ae spark o' nature's fire, That's a' the learning I desire; Then tho' I drudge thro' dub an' mire At pleugh or cart, Ny Muse tho' hamely in attige

My Muse, the hamely in attire, May touch the heart.

O for à spunk o' Allan's glee, Or Fergusson's, the bauld and slee, Or bright Lapraik's, my friend to be, If I can hit it !

That would be *lear* enough for me. If I could get it !

Now, sir, if ye hae friends enow, Tho' real friends, I b'lieve are few, Yet, if your catalogue be fou, I'se no insist, But gif ye want a friend that's true, I'm on your list.

I winna blaw about mysel; As ill I like my fauts to tell; But friends and folk that wish me well, They sometimes roose me, Tho' I maun own, as monie still As far abuse me.

There's ae wee faut they whyles lay to me I tike the lasses—Gude forgie me! For monie a plack they wheedle frae me At dance or fair; May be some ither thing they gie me, They weel can spare.

But Mauchline race, or Mauchline fair, I should be proud to meet you there, We'se gie ae night's discharge to care, If we forgather, An' hae a swap o' rlymin-zare Wi' ane anither.

The four-gill chap, we'se gar him clatter, An' kirsen him wi' reekin water; Syne we'll sit down an' tak our whitter To cheer our heart; An' faith, we'se be acquainted better Before we part.

Awa, ye selfish, warly race, Wha think that havins, sense an' grace, Ev'n love an' friendship should give place To catch-the-plack ! I dinna like to see your face, Nor hear your crack.

But ye whom social pleasure charms, Whose hearts the tide of kindness warms Who hold your being on the terms, "Each aid the others!" Come to my bowk, come to my arms, My friends, my brothers!

But, to conclude my lang epistle, As my auld pen's worn to the grissle;

Twa lines frae you wad gar me fissle, Who an, most fervent, While I can either sing or whissle, Your friend and servant.

## TO THE SAME.

#### April 21, 1785.

White new-ca'd kye rout at the siake An' pownies reek in pleugh or braik, This hour on e'euin's edge I take, To own I'm debtor To honest-hearted, auld Lapraik, For his kind letter

Forjesket sair, with weary legs, Rattlin the corn out-owre the rigs, Or dealing thro' amang the naizs Their ten-hours bite, My awkart Muse sair pleads and begs, I would na write.

The tapetless ramfeezl'd hizzle, She's saft at best, and something lazy, Quo' she, "Ye ken we've been sat busy, This month an' mair,

That trouth my head is grown right dizzle, And something sair."

Her dowff excuses pat me mad : "Conscience," says, I, " ye thowless jad! I'll write, an' that a hearty blaud, That vera night; So dinna ye affront your trade,

But rhyme it right.

"Shall band *Lapraik*, the king o' **hcarts**, Fho' mankind were a pack of **cartes**, Roose you sac weel for your deserts, In terms sae friendly, fet vell neglect to show your parts,

fet yc'll neglect to show your parts, And thank him kindly!"

Sae I gat paper in a blink, An' down gaed stumpic in the ink Quoth I, "Before I sleep a wink, I vow l'll close it; An' if you winna mak it clink, By Jove I'll prose it!"

Sae I've begun to scrawi, but whether In rhyme or prose, or baith thegither, Or some hotch-potch that's rightly neither Let time mak proof;

But I shall scribble down some blether Just clean aff-loof.

My worthy friend, ne'er grudge an' carp Tho' fortune use you hard an' sharp; Come, kittle up your moorland harp Wi' gleesome touch!

Ne'er mind how Fortune waft an' warp; She's but a b-tch.

She's gien me monie a jest an' fleg, Sin' I could striddle owre a rig; But by the L-d, tho' I should beg Wi' layart pow, I'll laugh an' sing, an' shake my leg, As langs I dow!

Now comes the sax-an'-twentieth simmer I've seen the bud ope' the timmer, Still persecuted by the limmer Frae year to year; But yet, despite the kittle kinner

I, Rob, am here.

Do ye envy the city Gent, Behlnd a kist to lie and skient, Or purse-proud, big wi' cent. per cent., And muckle wane, In some bit burgh to represent A Baitie's name !

Or, is't the paughty, feudal Thane, Wi' ruffled sark an' glancing cane, Wha thinks himsel nae slueep-shank bane, But lordly stalks, While caps and brunets aff are taen, As by he walks?

" O Thou wha gies us each good gift, Gle me o' wit an' sense a lift, Then turn me, lf Thou please, adrift, Thro' Scotland wide; WI' Cits nor Lairds I wadna shift, In a' their pride!"

Were this the charter of our state, "On pain of hell be rich an' great,"

Damnation then would be our fate, Beyond remead; But thanks to Heav'n! that's no the gate We learn our creed :---

For thus the royal mandate ran, When first the human race began— "The social, friendly, honest man, Whate'er he be,

'Tis he fulfils great Nature's plan, An' none but he !''

O mandate glorious and divine ! The ragged followers of the Nine, Poor thoughless devils ! yet may shine In glorious light, While sordid sons of Mammon's line Are dark as night.

Tho' here they scrape, an' squeeze, an' growl. Their worthless neivefu' of a soul May in some future carcass howl, The forest fright; Or in some day-detesting owl May shun the light.

Then may Lapraik and Burns arise, To reach their native, kindred skies, And sing their pleasures, hopes, an' joys, In some mild sphere, Still closer knit in friendshlp's ties, Each passing year !

## TO W. S\*\*\*\*\*N.

## OCHILTREE, MAY, 1785.

I gat' your letter, winsome *Willie*; Wi' grateful heart 1 thank you brawlle Tho' I maun say't, I wad be silly, An' unco vain, Should I believe, my coaxin billy, Your flatt'rin strain.

But I'se believe ye kindly meant it, I sud be laith to think ye hinted Ironic satire, sideline sklented On my poor Musie; Tho' in sic phraisin terms ye've penn'd it, I scare excuse ye.

My senses wad be in a creel, Should I but dare a hope to speel, Wi' Allan, or wi' Gilbertfield, The bracs o' fame ; Or Forgusson, the writer-chiel,

A deathless name.

(O Fergusson I thy glorious parts Ill suited law's dry, musty arts ! My curse upon your whunstane hearts, Ye E'nburgh gentry ! The tithe o' what ye waste at cartes, Wad stow'd his pantry !)

Yet when a tale comes i' my head, Or lasses gie my heart a screed, As whyles they're like to be my dead, (O sad disease !) I kittle up my rustic reed,

It gies my ease.

Auld Coila now may fidge fu' fain, She's getten Poets o' her ain, Chiels wha their chanters winna hain, But tune their lays Till echoes a' resound again

Her weel-sung praise.

Nae Poet thought her worth his while, To set her name in mensur'd style ! She lay like some unkenn'd-of isle Beside New-Holland,

Or whare wild-meeting oceans boil Besouth Magellan.

Ramsay an' famous Fergusson Gled Forth an' Tay a lift aboon ; Yairow an' Tweed, to monie a tune, Owre Scotland rings ;

While Irwin, Lugar, Ayr an' Doon, Nae body sings.

Th' Illissus, Tiber, Thames an' Seine, Glide sweet in monie a tunefu' line ! But, Willie, set your fit to mine, An' cock your clest,

We'll gar our streams and burnics shine Up wi' the best.

We'll sing auld Coila's plains an' fells, Her moors red-brown wi' heather-bells,

Her banks an' braes, her dens an' dells, Where glorious *Wallacs* Aft bure the gree, as story tells,

Frae Southron billies.

At Wallace's name, what Scottish blood But boils up in a spring-tide flood ! Of have our fearless fathers strode By Wallace's side,

Still pressing onward, red-wat shod, Or glorious dy'd.

O sweet are *Coila's* haughs an' woods, When lintwhites chant amang the buds, And jirkin bares, in amorous whids, Their loves enjoy,

While thro' the braes the cushat croods Wi' wailfu' cry !

Ev'n winter bleak has charms to me, When winds rave through the naked tree; Or frosts on hills of *Ochiltree* 

Are hoary gray; Or blinding drifts wild furious flee, Dark'ning the day!

O Naturel a' thy shews an' forms To feeling pensive hearts nae charms ! Whether the summer kindly warms, Wi' life an' light,

Or winter howls, in gusty storms, The lang, dark night !

The Muse, nae Poet ever fand her, Till by himself he learn'd to wander, Adown some trotting burn's meander, An' no think lang !

O sweet, to stray an' pensive ponder A heart-felt sang !

The warly race may drudge an' drive, Hog-shouther, jundie, stretch an' strive, Let me fair Nature's face descrive, And I, wi' pleasure,

Shall let the busy, grumbling hive Bum owre their treasure.

Fareweel, "ny rhynie-composing brither 1" We've been owre lang unkenn'd to ither: Now let us lay our heads thegither, In love fraternal:

May Envy wallop in a tether, Black fiend, infernal!

While Highlandmen have tolls an' taxes: While moorlan' herds like guid fat braxies ; While terra firma, on her axis Diurnal turns, Count on a friend in faith an' practice

In Robert Burns.

### POSTSCRIPT.

My mem'ry's no worth a preen : I had amaist forgotten clean, Ye bade me write you what they mean By this new light,\*

'Bout which our herds sae aft hae been Maist like to fight.

In days when mankind were but callans At Grammar, Logic, and sic talents, They took nae pains their speech to balance,

Or rules to gie, But spak their thoughts in plain, braid Lallians

Like you or me.

In thac auld times, they thought the moon, Just like sark, or pair o' shoor, Wore by degrees, till her last roon,

Gaed past their viewin', An' shortly after she was done,

They gat a new one.

This past for certain, undisputed : It ne'er came in their heads to doubt it. Till chiels gat up an' wad confute it,

Ån' ca'd it wrang ;

An' muckle din there was about it, Baith loud and lang.

Some herds, wecl learn'd upo' the beak, Wad threap auld folk the thing misteuk ? For 'twas the auld moon turn'd a neuk, An' out o' sight.

An' backlins-comin, to the leuk, She grew mair bright.

This was deny'd, it was affirm'd; The herds an' hissles were alarm'd; The rev'rend gray-beards rav'd an' storm d, That beardless laddies

Should think they better were inform'd Than their auld daddies.

• New light, a cant phrase in the West of Scotland for those religious opinions which Dr. Taylor of Norwich defended so strenuously.

Frae less to mair it gaed to sticks ; Frae words an' aiths to blours an' nicks, And monie a fallow gat his licks, Wi' hearty crunt

An' some, to learn them for their tricks. Were hang'd an' brunt.

This game was play'd in monie lands, An' auld light caddies pure sic hands, That, faith, the youngsters took the sands Wi' nimble shanks,

The lairds forbade, by strict commands, Sic bluidy pranks.

But new-light herds gat sic a cowe, Folk thought them ruin'd stick an' stowe, Till now amaist on ev'ry knowe, Ye'll find ane plac'd;

An' some, their new-light fair avow, Just quite barefac'd.

Nae doubt the auld-light flocks are bleatin ; Their zealous herds are vex'd an' sweatin ; Mysel, I've even seen them greetin Wi' girnin spite To hear the moon sue sadly lied on

By word an' write.

But shortly they will cowe the louns: Some auld-light herds in neebor towns Are mind't in things they ca' balloons, To tak a flight,

An' stay ae month amang the moons, An' see them right.

Guid observation they will gie them, An' when the aud new wing the there is a set of the hind out of the set of the hind out of the set of the hind out of the hind

I think they'll crouch !

Sae ye observe that a' this clatter Is naething but a "moonshine matter;" But tho' dull prose-folk Latin splatter In logic tulzie, I hope, we bardies ken some better Than mind sic brulzie.

## EPISTLE TO J. R\*\*\*\*\*\*.

#### ENCLOSING SOME POEMS.

O ROUGH, rude, ready-witted R\*\*\*\*\*\*, The wale o'cocks for fun and drinkin ! There's monie godly folks are thinkin, Your dreams\* an' tricks Will send you, Korah-like, a sinkin,

Straught to auld Nick s.

Ye hae sae monie cracks an' cants, And in your wicked, drucken rants, Ye make a devil o' the saunts, An' fill them fou; And then their failings, flaws, an' wants, Are a' seen thro'

Hypocrisy, in mercy spare it ? That holy robe, O dinna tear it ? Spar't for their sakes wha aften wear it, The lads in black ; But your curst wit, when it comes near it, Rives't aft their back.

Think, wicked sinner, wha ye're skaithing, It's just the blue-goon badge an' claithing O' saunts; tak that, ye leae them naething To ken them by, Frae ony unregenerate heathen

Like you or I.

I've sent you here some rhyming ware, A' that I bargain'd for, an' mair; Sae, when ye hae an hour to spare, I will expect Your sang', ye'll sen't wi' cannie care And no neglect.

The' faith, sma' heart hae I to sing ! My Muse dow scarcely spread her wing ! I've play'd mysel a bonie spring, An' danc'd my fill ! I'd better gaen an' sair'd the king, At Bunker's Hill.

 A certain humorous dream of his was then making a moles in the country-side.
 A some he had promised the Author.

## POEMS.

'Twas ae night, lately, in my fun, I gaed a roving wi' the gun, An' brought a partrick to the grun. A bonie hen, An', as the twilight was begun, Thought nane wad ken

The poor, wee thing was little hurt. I straikit it a wee for sport, Ne'er thinkin they wad fash me for't, But dell-ma'-care ' Somebody tells the poacher court The hale affair.

Some auld-us'd hands had taen a note That sic a hen had got a shot ; I was suspected for the plot I scorn'd to lie, So gat the whissie o' my groat, An' pay't the fee

But, by my gun, o' guns the wale. An' by my pouther an' my hail, An' by my hen, an' by her tail, I vow an' swear!

The game shall pay o'er moor an' dale For this, niest year.

As soon's the clockin-time is by, An' the wee pouts begin to cry, L-d, I'se hae sportin by an by,

For my gowd guinea. Tho' I should herd the buckskin kyo For't in Virginia.

Trowth, they had muckle for to blame \* 'Twas neither broken wing nor limb, But twa-three draps about the wame

Scarce thro' the feathers; An' baith a yellow George to claim, An' thole their blethers '

It pits me ay as mad's a hare; Sc I can rhyme nor write nae mair! But pennyworths again is fair, When time's expedient ; Meanwhile, I am, respected sir, Your most obedient

## TO DR. BLACKLOCK.

## Ellisland, Oct. 21 1789.

Wow, but your letter made me vauntie ! And are ye hale, and weel, and cantie ? I kenn'd i still your wee bit jauntie Wad bring ye to : Lord send ye ay as weel's I want ye, And then ye'll do.

The ill-thief blaw the Heron\* south ! And never drink be near his drouth ! Ile taid mysel by word o' mouth, He'd tak my letter ; I lippen'd to the chief in trouth And bade nae better.

<sup>°</sup> But aiblins honest Master Heron Had at the time some dainty fair one, To ware his theologic care on, And holy study

And holy study, And tir'd o' sauls to waste his lear on, E'en tried the body.

But what d'ye think, my trusty fier, I'm turn'd a gauger—peace be here! Parnassan queens, I fear, I fear Ye'll now disdain mc, And then my fifty pounds a-year Will little gain me.

Ye glaikit, gleesome, daintie damies Wha by Castalia's wimplin streamies, Lowp, sing, and lave your pretty limbics Ye ken, ye ken, That strang necessity supreme is

'Mang sons o' men.

I hae a wife an' twa wee laddies. They maun hae brose and brats o' duddies. Ye ken yoursels my heart right proud is, I need na vaunt, But I'll once besons—thraw saugh woodles, Before they want.

\* Mr. Heron, author of a History of Scotland, ans various other works

### POEMS.

Lord help me thro' this warld o' care! I'm weary sick o't late and air ! Not but I hae a richer share Than mony ithers : But why should ae man better fare,

And a' men brithers ?

Come, Firm Resolve, take thou the van, Thou stalk o' carl-hemp in man ! And let us mind, faint heart ne'er wan A lady fair; Wha does the utmost that he can.

Will whyles do mair.

But to conclude my silly rhyme, (I'm scant o' verse, and scant o' time,) To make a happy fire-side clime To verans and wlfe, That's the true pathos and sublime Of human life.

My compliments to sister Beckie; And eke the same to honest Lucky, I wat she is a dainty chuckie, As e'er tread clay! An' gratefully, my guid auld cockie, I'm yours for ay.

ROBERT BURNS

# TO COLONEL DE PEYSTER

## DUMFRIES, 1796.

Ny honour'd Colonel, deep I feel Your interest in the Poet's weal; Ah! now sma heart hae I to speel The steep Parnassus, Surrounded thus by bolus pill, And potion glasses.

O what a canty warld were it, Would pain, and care, and sickness spare it; And fortune favour worth and merit, As they deserve; (And aye a rowth, roast-beef and claret; Sync wha wad starve i)

Dame Life, tho' fiction out may trick her And in paste gems and frippery deck her: Oh! flickering, feeble, and unsicker I've found her still,

Ay wavering like the willow wicker, 'Tween good and ill.

Then that curst carmagnole, auld Satan. Watches, like baudrans by a rattan, Our sinfu' saul to get a clant on Wi' felon ire ;

Syne, whip! his tail ye'll ne'er cast saut on, IIe's aff like fire.

Ah! Nick! ah Nick! it is na fair, First showing us the tempting ware, Bright wines and bonie lasses rare, To put us daft : Syne weave, unseen, thy spider snare, O' hell's damn'd waft.

Poor man the flie, aft bizzies by, And aft as chance he comes thee nigh, Thy auld damn'd elbow yeuks wi' joy, And hellish pleasure ; Already in thy fancy's eye, Thy sicker treasure.

Soon heels o'er gowdie ! in he gangs, And like a sheep-head on a tangs, They girning laugh enjoy his pangs And murdering wrestle. As dangling in the wind, he hangs, A gibbet's tussel.

But lest you think I am uncivil, To plague you with this draunting drivel Abjuring a' intentions evil, I quat my pen: The Lord preserve us frae the devil !

Amen ! Amen !

## TO MR. MITCHELL.

## COLLECTOR OF EXCISE, DUMFRIES, 1796.

FRIEND of the Poet, tried and leal, Wha wanting thee might beg or steal; VOL. I. M

Alake, alake, the meikle deil Wi' a' his witches Are at it, skelpin! jig and reel, In my poor pouches.

I modestly, fu' fain wad hint it, That one pound one, I sairly want it; If wi' the hizzie down ye sent it, It would be kind;

And while my heart wi' life-blood dunted, I'd bear't in mind.

So may the auld year gang out moaning To see the new come laden, groaning, Wi' double plenty o'er the loaning To thee and thine; Domestic peace and comforts crowning

The hale design.

#### POSTSCRIPT.

Ye've heard this while how I've been licket, And by feil death was nearly nicket; Grim loun ! he gat me by the fecket, And sair me sheuk; But by good luck, I lap a wicket, And turn'd a neuk.

But by that health, I've got a share o't, And by that life, I'm promis'd mair o't, My hale and weel I'll take a care o't, A tentier way; Then fareweel, folly, hide and hair o't,

or ance and aye.

#### LETTER

#### TO J-S T-T GL-NC-R.

Auth comrade dear and brither sinner, How's a' the folk about Gl-nc-r1 How do you this blae eastlin wind, That's like to blaw a body blind **1** For me, my facultics are frozen, My dearest member nearly dozen'd: Ver sent you here my Johnnie Simson, Twa sage philosophers to glimpse on; Smith, wi' his sympathetic feeling, ... t Keid to common sense appealing,

Philosophers have fought an' wrangled, And meikle Greek an' Latin mangled, An' meikle Greek an' Latin mangled, An' m the depth of science mir'd, An' m the depth of science mir'd, To common sense they now appeal, What wives and wabsters see an' feel; But hark ye, friend, I charge yon strictly, Peruse them an' return them quickly; For now i'm grown sae cursed douce, I pray an' ponder *hut* the house, My shins, my lane, I there sit roastin, Perusing Bunyan, Brown, and Boston; Till by an' by, if I hand on, I'll grunt a real Gospel groan; Already I begin to try it, To cast my cen up like a pyct, When by the gun she tunbles o'er, Flutt'ring an' gasping in her gore: Sae shortly you shall see me bright, A burging an' a shining licht.

My heart warm hove to puid and Glen, The ace an' wale of honest men; When bending down with and gray hairs, Beneath the load of years and cares, May he who made lim still support him, An' views beyond the grave comfort him. His worthy family far and near, God bless them a' wi' grace and gear.

My au'd school fellow, Preacher Willie, The manly tar, my mason Billie, An' Auchenbay, I wish lim joy; If he's a parent, lass or boy, May he be dad, and Meg the mither, Just five-an'-forty years thegisher! An' no forgetting wabster Charlie, I'm tauld he offers very fairly. An' L—d remember singing Sannock, Wi'h hale breeks, saxpence an' a bannock Mu'h herking stars hae airted till her A guid chiel wi' a pickle siller. My kindest, best respects I sen' it, To cousin Kate, an' sister Janet; Tell them face me, wi' chiels be cautious, For faith, they'l' niblins fin' them fashious -To grant a heart is faithy civil

But to grant a maidenhead's the devil! An' lastly, Jamie, for yoursel, May guardian angels tak a spell, An steer you seven miles south o' hell: But first, before you see heav n's glory, May ye get monie a merry story, Monie a laugh and monie a drink, An' ay enough o' neediu' clink.

Now fare ye weel, an' joy be wi' you, For my sake this I beg it o' you, Assist poor Simson a' ye can, Ye'll fin' him just an honest man: Sae I conclude and quat my chanter, Your's, saint or sinner,

#### ROB THE RANTER.

#### TO THE GUIDWIFE OF WAUCHOPE-HOUSE

## IN ANSWER TO AN EPISTLE WHICH SHE HAD SENT THE AUTHOR.

#### I.

Guidwife,

I MIND it weel in early date,

When I was beardless, young, and blate, And first could thresh the barn;

Or haud a yokin at the pleugh; An' tho' for foughten sair enough,

Yet unco proud to learn :

When first among the yellow corn A man I reckon'd was,

And wi' the lave ilk merry morn,

Could rank my rig and lass,

Still shearing, and clearing

The tither stooked raw, Wi' claivers, an' haivers,

Wearing the day awa.

#### II.

Ev'n then, a wish, I mind it's pow'r, A wish that to my latest hour, Shall strongly heave my breast, That I for poor auld Scotland's sake Some usefu' plan or book could make, O'r sing a sang at least.

The rough burr-thistle, spreading wide Amang the bearded bear, I turn'd the weeder-clips aside, An' spar'd the symbol dear: No nation, no station, My envy e'er could raise, A Scot still, but blot still, I knew nae higher praise.

#### III

But still the elements o' sang, In formless jumble, right an' wrang, Wild floated in my brain :

Till on that har'st I said before, My partner in the merry core, She rous'd the forming strain !

I see her yet, the sonsie quean, That lighted up her jingle,

Her witching smile, her pauky e'en, That gar't my heart-strings tingle;

I fired, inspired,

At every kindling keek, But bashing, and dashing, I feared ay to speak.

#### IV.

Hail to the set, ilk guid chiel says, Wi' merry dance in winter-days,

An' we to share in common; The gust o' joy, the balm o' wo, The saul o' life, the heav'n below,

Is rapture-giving woman.

Ye surly sumphs, who hate the name, Be mindfu' o' your mither;

She, honest woman, may think shame That ye're connected with her ;

Ye're wae men, ye're nae men, That slight the lovely dears;

To shame ye, disclaim ye,

Ilk honest birkie swears

#### VZ.

For you, na bred to barn or byre, Wha sweetly tune the Scottish lyre, Thanks to you for your line. The marled plaid ye kindly spare By me should gratefully be ware 'T'wad please me to the Ninc.

I'd be mair vauntie o' my hap, Douse hinging o'er my curple, Than onie ermine ever lap, Or proud imperial purple. Fareweel then, lag hale then, An' plenty be your fa': May losses and crosses Ne'er at your hallan ca'.

March, 1787.

R. BURNS.

#### TO J. RANKEN,

ON HIS WRITING TO THE AUTHOR THAT A GIRL WAS WITH CHILD BY HIM.

> I AM a keeper of the law In some sma' points, altho' not a'; Some people tell une gin 1 fa', Ac way or ither, The breaking of ae point, tho' sma', Breaks a' thegither.

I hae been in for't ance or twice, And winna say o'er far for thrice, Yet never met wich that surprise That broke my rest, But now a rumour's like to rise, A whaup's i' the nest.

#### ADDRES

#### TO AN ILLEGITIMATE CHILD.

Thou's welcome, wean, mishanter fa' me, If aught of thee, or of thy mammy, Shall ever danton ne, or awe me, My sweet wee lady, Or if I blush when thou shalt ca' me Titta or daddy

Wee image of my bonie Betty, I fatherly will kiss an' daut thee, As dear an' near my heart I set thee Wi' as gude will As a' the priests had seen me get thee That's out o' h-ll.

What tho' they ca' me fornicator, An' tease my name in kintry-clatter; The mair they tauk I'm kent the better, E'en let them clash; An auld wife's tongue's a feckless matter To gie ane fash.

Sweet fruit o' monie a merry dint, My funny tiel is now a' tint; Sin' thou came to the warl asklent, Which fools may scoff at; In my last plack thy part's be in't— The better half o't.

An' if thou be what I wad hae thee, An' tak the counse I shall gie thee, A lovin father I'll be to thee, If thou be spar'd Thro' a' thy childish years I'll e'e thee, An' think't weel war'd.

Gude grant that thou may ay inherit Thy mither's person, grace, an' merit, An' thy poor worthless daddy's spirit, Without his failins, 'Twill please me mair to hear an' see't, Than stocket mailins.

#### TO A TAILOR,

#### IN ANSWER TO AN EPISTLE WHICH HE HAD SENT THE AUTHOR.

WHAT ails ye now, ye lousie b—h, To thresh my back at sic a pitch? Losh man! hae mercy wi' your natch, Your bodkin's bauld, I did na suffer half sae much Frae dady Auld.

What tho' at times when I grow crouse, I gle their wames a random pouse, Is that enough for you to souse Your servant sae? Gae mind your seam, ye prick the louse, An' jag the flae.

#### POEM3,

King David o' poetic brief, Wrought 'mang the lasses sic mischlef As fill'd his after life wi' grief An' bloody rants,

An' yet he's rank'd amang the chief O lang syne saunts.

And, may be, Tam, for a' my cants, My wicked rhymes, an' drucken rants, I'll gie auld cloven Clooty's haunts An unco slip yet,

An' snugly sit among the saunts, At Davie's hip yet.

But fegs, the session says I maun Gae fa' upo' anitier plan, Than garren lasses cowp the cran Clean heels owre body, And sairly thole their mithers' ban Afore the howdy.

This leads me on, to tell for sport How I did with the session sort— Auld Clinkum at the inner port Cry'd three times, "Robin? Come hither, lad, an' answer for't, Ye're blam'd for jobbin."

Wi' pinch I put a Sunday's face on, An' snoov'd awa' before the session— I made an open, fair confession, I scorn'd to lie; An' supe Mess Lobe housed envession

An' syne Mess John, beyond expression, Fell foul o' me.

A fornicator loun he call'd me, An' said my faut frae bliss expell'd me; I own'd the tale was true he tell'd me, "But what the matter,"

Quo' I, "I fear unless ye geld me, I'll ne'er be better.'

"Geld you !" quo' he, "and whatfore no, If that your right hand, leg or toe, Should ever prove your sp'ritual foe, You shou'd remember T) cut it aff, and whatfore no

Your dearest member."

"Na, Na," quo' I, "I'm no for that, Gelding's nae better than 'tis ca't,

I'd rather suffer for my faut, A hearty flewit As sair owre hip as ye can draw't ! Tho' I should rue it.

" Or gin ye like to end the bother To please us a' I've just ae ither, When next wi' yon lass I forgather Whate'er betide it, I'll frankly gie her't a' thegither, An' let her guide it."

But, Sir, this pleas'd them warst ava, An' therefore, Tam, when that I saw, I said "Gude night," and cam awa', An' left the session; I saw they were resolved a' On my oppression.

#### TO MR. WILLIAM TYTLER.

#### WITH A PORTRAIT OF THE AUTHOR.

**REVERED** defender of beauteous Stuart, Of Stuart, a name once respected,

A name, which to love was the mark of a true heart, But now 'tis despised and neglected.

Tho' something like moisture conglobes in my eye, Let no one misdeem me disloyal ;

A poor friendless wanderer may well claim a sigh, Still more, if that wand'rer were royal.

My fathers that name have rever'd on a throne; My fathers have fallen to right it;

Those fathers would spurn their degenerate son, That name should he scoffingly slight it.

Still in prayers for K— G— I most heartily join, The Q—, and the rest of the gentry, Be they wise, be they foolish, is nothing of mine; Their title's avow'd by my country.

But why of this epocha make such a fuse,

But loyalty, trace ! we're on dangerous ground, Who knows how the fashions may alter ? The doctrine to-day that is loyalty sound, To-morrow may bring us a halter,

1 send you a triffe, a head of a bard, A triffe scarce worthy your care, But accept it, good sir, as a mark of regard, Sincere as a saint's dying prayer.

Now life's chilly evening dim shades on your eye, And ushers the long dreary night; But you, kike the star that athwart gilds the sky, Your course to the latest is bright.

#### FPISTLE

#### TO R. GRAHAM, ESQ. OF FINTRA.

WHEN Nature her great masterpiece design'd, And fram'd her last, best work, the human mind, Her eye intent on all the mazy plan, She form'd of various parts the various mar,

Then first she calls the useful many forth; Plain, plodiding industry, and sober wordh; Thence peasants, farmers, native sons of earth, And merchandise, whole genus take their birth; Each prudent cit a warm existence finds, And all mechanics' many apron'd kinds. Some other rarer sorts are wanted yet, The 'ead and buoy are needful to the net; The capart mortuum of gross desires Makes a material for mere knights and squires; The marital phosphorus is taught to flow, She kneads the lumpish, philosophic dough, The marks th' unyielding mass with grave designs Law, physics, politics, and deep divincs; Last she sublimes the Aurora of the poles, The flow and the formation of female souls.

The order'd system fair before her stood, Nature, wei pleas'd, pronounced it very good; But ere she gave creating labour o'er, Half jest, she tried one curious labour more Some spumy, ficty, ignis fatures matter; Such as the slightest breath of air might scatter; With arch alacrity stud conscious glee

(Nature may have her whim as well as we, Her Hogarth-art perhaps she meant to show it.) She forms the thing, and christens it — a poet. Creature, though of the prey of care and sorrow, When blest to-day unmindful of to-morrow. A being form'd to amuse his graver friends, A dmir'd and prais'd — and there the homage ends; A mortal quite unfit for fortune's strife, Yet of the sport of all the ills of life; Prone to enjoy each pleasure riches give, Yet haply wanting wherewithal to live; Longing to wipe each tear, to heal each groan, Yet frequent all unheeded in his own.

But honest Nature is not quite a Turk, She laugh'd at first, then felt for her poor work, Pitying the propless climber of mankind, She cast about a standard-tree to find; And, to support his helpless woodbine state, Attach'd him to the generous, truly great, A title, and the only one I claim, To lay strong hold for help on bounteous Graham.

Pity the tuneful Muses' hapless train, Weak, timid landmen on life's stormy main ! Their hearts no selfish, stern, absorbent stuff, That neither gives — though humbly takes enough The little fate allows, they share as soon, Unlike sage, proverb'd Wisdom's hard-wrung boon. The world were bless'd did bliss on them depend, Ah ! that "the friendly e'er should want a friend !" Let prudence number o'er each sturdy son, Who life and wisdom at one race begun. Who feel by reason, and who give by rule, Who here by reacting and sentiment a fool !) Who make poor will do wait upon I should — We own they're prudent, but who feels they're good ? Ye wise ones, hence ! ye burt the social eye ! God's image rudely etch'd on base alloy ! But come ye who the godlike pleasure know, Heaven's attribute distinguish'd - to bestow ! Whose arms of love would grasp the human race; Come thou who giv'st with all a courtier's grace ; Friend of my life, true patron of my rhymes ! Prop of my dearest hope for future times. Why shrinks my soul half-blushing, half-afraid, Backward, abashed to ask thy friendly aid ? I know my need, I know thy giving hand, I crave thy friendship at thy kind command;

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#### POEMS,

But there are such who court the tuneful nine-Heavens! should the branded character be mine. Whose verse in manhood's pride sublimely flows, Yet vilest reptiles in their begging prose, Mark, how their lofty, independent spirit Soars on the spurning wing of injured merit! Seek not the proofs in private life to find ! Pity, the best of words should be but wind! So to heaven's gates the lark's shrill song ascends, But grovelling on the earth the carol ends. In all the clamorous cry of starving want, They dun benevolence with shameful front : Oblige them, patronise their tinsel lays, They persecute you all your future days! Ere my poor soul such deep damnation stain, My horny fist assume the plough again; The piebald jacket let me patch ouce more; On eighteen pence a week I've liv'd before. Though thanks to heaven, I dare even that last shiQ; I trust, meantime, my boon is in thy gift; That placed by thee upon the wished-for height, Where, Man and Nature fairer in her sight, My Muse may imp her wing for some sublimer flight.

#### TO THE SAME.

LATE crippled of an arm, and now a leg, About to beg a pass for leave to beg; Dull, listless, tcased, dejected and deprest, (Nature is adverse to a cripple's rest.) Will generous Graham list to his Poet's wall ? (It sooths poor Misery hearkening to her tale) And hear him curse the light he first surveyed, And doubly curse the luckless, rhyming trade !

Thou, Nature, partial Nature, I arraign; Of thy caprice maternal I complain. The lion and the built by care have found, One shakes the forest, and one spurus the ground; Thou givs the asa his hide, the snail his shell, Th' envenom'd wasp, victorious, guards his cell. Thy minions, kings, defend, control, devour In all th' omnipotence of rule and power. Foxes and statesmen, subile wiles insure; The cit and polecnt stink, and are secure. Toads with their poison. doctors with their drug,

The priest and hedgehog in their robes are snug. Ev'n silly woman has her warlike arts, Her tongue and eyes, her dreaded spear and darts.

But oh ! the bitter step-mother, and hard, To thy poor fenceless, naked child--the Bard, A thing unteachable in world's skill, And half an idiot too, more helpless still. No heals to bear him from the op'ning dun; No claws to dig, his hated sight to shun; No horns, but those by luckless Hymen worn, And those, alas ! not Amalthea's horns: No nerves olfact'ry, Mammon's trusty cur, Clad in rich dulness, confortable fur, In naked feeling, and in aching pride, Ite bears th' unbroken blast from ev'ry side ; Vampyre booksellers drain him to the heart, And scorpion critics curcless venom dart.

Critics—appall'd I venture on the name, Those cut-throat bandits in the paths of fame : Bloody dissectors, worse than ten Monroes; He hacks to teach, they mangle to expose.

His heart by causeless, wanton malice wrung, By blockheads' daring into madness stung; His well-won bays, than life itself more dear, By miscreants torn, who ne'er one sprig must wear: Foil'd, bleeding, tortur'd in the unequal strife, The hapless Poet flounders on thro' life, Till fled each hope that once his bosom fir'd, And fled each Muse that glorious once inspir'd, Low sunk in squalid, unprotected age, Dead, even resentment, for his injur'd page, He heeds or fleds no more the ruthless critie's rage ?

So, by some hedge, the generous steed deceas'd, For half-starv'd snarling curs a dainty feast; By toil and famine wore to skin and bone, Lie senseless of each tuggin bitch's son.

O Dulness ! portion of the truly blest ; Calm shelter'd haven of eternal rest ! Thy sons ne'er madden in the fierce extremes Of Fortune's polar frost, or torrid beams. If manting high she fills the golden cup, With sober, selfsh ease they sip it up ; Conscious the bounteous meed they well deserve, They grave sage hero thus ensy picks his frog,

And thi.ks the mallard a sad, worthless dog. When disappointment snaps the clue of hope, And thro' disastrous night they darkling grope, With deaf endurance sluggishly they bear, And just conclude that "iools are Fortune's care." So, heavy, passive to the tempest's shocks, Strong on the sign-post stands the stupid ox.

Not so the idle Muses, mad-cap train, Not such the workings of their moon-struck brain; In equanimity they never dwell, - : By turns in soaring heav'n or vaulted hell.

I dread thee, Fate, relentiess and severe, With all a Poet's, Husband's, Father's fear ! Already one strong hold of hope is lost, GLENCAIRN, the truly noble, lies in dust ; (Fled, like the sun eclips' dat noon appears, And left us darkling in a world of tears ;) O ! hear my ardent, grateful, sclfish pray'r ! FINTRA, my other stay, long bless and spare ! Thro' a long life his hopes and wishes crown ; And bright in cloudless skies his sun go down ! May bliss domestic smooth his latest breath ; Give energy to life, and sooth his latest breath ; With many a filial tear circling the bed of death.

#### TO THE SAME,

#### ON RECEIVING A FAVOUR.

I CALL no goddess to inspire my strains, A fabled Muse may suit a bard that feigns; Friend of my life! my ardent spirit burns, And all the tribute of my heart returns, For boons accorded, goodness ever new, The gift still dearer, as the giver you.

Thou orb of day, thou other paler light; And all ye many sparkling stars of night; If aught that giver from my nind efface; If I that giver's bounty e'er disgrace; Then roll to me, along your wandering spheres, Only to number out a villain's years!

#### TO A GENTLEMAN

#### WHOM THE AUTHOR HAD OFFENDED.

THE friend whom wild from wisdom's way The fumes of wine infuriate send; (Not moony madness more astray;) Who but deplores that hapless friend?

Mine was the insensate frenzied part, Ah why should I such scenes outlive ? Scenes so abhorrent to my heart ! 'Tis thine to pity and forgive.

#### TO A GENTLEMAN

#### WHO HAD SENT HIM A NEWSPAPER, AND OFFERED TO CONTINUE IT FREE OF EXPENSE.

KIND Sir, I've read your paper through, And faith, to me, twas really new! How guess'd ye, Sir, what maist I wanted **?** This monie a day I've grain'd and gaunted, To ken what French mischief was brewin; Or what the drumblie Dutch were doing; That vile doup-skelper, Emperor Joseph. If Venus yet had got his nose off; Or how the collieshangie works Atween the Russians and the Turks Or if the Swede, before he halt, Would play anither Charles the Twalt; If Denmark, any body spak o't; Or Poland, wha had now the tack o't How cut-throat Prussian blades were hingin, How libbet Italy was singin If Spaniard, Portuguese, or Swiss, Where sayin or takin aught amiss Or how our merry lads at hame, In Britain's court kept up the game, How royal George, the Lord leuk o'er him Was managing St. Stephen's quorum ; If sleekit Chatham Will was livin, Or glaikit Charlie got his nieve in ; How daddie Burke the plea was cookin, If Warren Hastings' neck was yeukin; How cesses, stents, and fees were rax'd,

Or if bare a-sex yet were tax'd; The news o' princes, dukes, and earla, Pimps, sharpers, bawds, and opera-gints; If that daft buckie, Geordie W\*\*\*s, Was threshin still at hissies' tails, Or if he has grown oughtlins douser, And no a perfect kintra cooser, A' this and mair I never heard of; And but for you I might despair'd of So, gratefu', back your news I send you, And pray, a' guid things may attend you!

Ellisland, 1790.

#### SKETCH,

#### TO MRS. DUNLOP, ON A NEW YEAR'S DAT.

Turs day, Time winds the exhausted chain, To run the twelvemonth's length again; I see the auld bauld-pated fellow, With ardent eyes, complexion sallow, Adjust the unimpair'd machine, To wheel the equal, dull routine.

The absent lover, minor heir, In vain assail him with their prayer; Deaf as my friend, he sees them press, Nor makes the hour one moment less. Will you (the Major's with the hounds. The happy tenants share his rounds: Coila's fair Rachel's care to-day, And blooming Keith's engaged with Gray) From housewife cares a minute borrow-That grandchild's cap will do to-morrow-And join with me a moralizing, This day's propitious to be wise in. First, what did yesternight deliver? "Another year is gone for ever." And what is this day's strong suggestion, "The passing moment's all we rest on !" Rest on-for what do we here ? Or why regard the passing year ? Will time, amus'd with proverb'd lore, Add to our date one minute more ? A few days may-a few years must-Repose us in the silent dust.

Then is it wise to damp our bliss? Yes-all such reasonings are amiss ! The voice of nature loudly cries, And many a message from the skies. That something in us never dies: That on this frail, uncertain state, Hang matters of eternal weight ; That future life, in worlds unknown, Must take its here from this alone; Whether as heavenly glory bright, Or dark as misery's woful night. Since then, my honour'd, first of friends, On this poor being all depends ; Let us the important now employ, And live as those that never die. Tho' you, with days and honours crown'd, Witness that filial circle round, (A sight life's sorrows to repulse, A sight pale envy to convulse,) Others now claim your chief regard ; Yourself, you wait your bright reward.

#### THE AULD FARMER'S

NEW YEAR MORNING SALUTATION TO HIS AULD MARE, MAGGIE,

()n giving her the accustomed rip of corn to hansel in the New Year.

A GUID NEW YEAR I wish thee, Maggie! Hae, there's a rip to thy auld baggie: Tho' thou's howe-backit, now, an' knaggle, I've seen the day Thou could hae gaen like onie staggie Out-owre the lay.

Tho' now thou's dowle, stiff, an' crazy, An' thy auld hide's as white's a daisy, I've seen thee dappl'd, sleets and glaizie, A bonie gray;

He should been tight that daur't to raise thee Ance in a day.

N

Thou ance was i' the foremost rank, A filly, buirdly, steeve an' swank, An' set weel down a shapeless shank. As e'er tread yird, An' could hae flewn out-owre a stank, Like onie bird.

Vol. I.

It's now some nine-an'-twenty year, Sin' thou was my guid father's meere; He gied me thee, o' tocher clear, An' fifty mark ;

Tho' it was sma' 'twas weel-won gear, An' thou was stark.

When first I gaed to woo my Jenny, Ye then was trottin wi'your minnle; Though ye was trickie, slee, an' funnle, Ye ne'er was donsie;

But hamely, tawie, quiet, an' cannie, An' unco sonsie.

That day, ye pranced wi' muckle pride, When ye bure hame my bonie bride; An' sweet an' gracefu' she did ride, Wi' maiden air ! Kyle Stewart I could braggead wide, For sic a pair,

Though now ye dow but hoyte and hobble, An' wintle like a saumont cobble, That day ye was a jinker noble, For heels an' win'!

An' ran them till they a' did wauble, Far, far behin'.

When thou an' I were young an' skeigh, An' stable meals at fair were dreigh, How thou wad prance, an' snore, an' skreigh, An' tak the road ! Town's bodies ran, and stood abeigh, An' ca't thee mad.

When thou was corn't, an' I was mellow, We took the road ay like a swallow;

At Brooses thou had ne'er a fellow, For pith an' speed ; But ev'ry tale thou pay't them hollow Where'er thou gaed.

The sma', droop-rumpi't, hunter-cattle, Might aiblins waurt thee for a brattle; But sax Scotch miles, thou try't their mettle An' gar't them whalzle: Nae whip nor spur, but just a wattle O' saugh or hazel.

Thou was a noble fittie-lan', As o'er in tug or tow was drawn ;

Aft thee an' I, in aught hours gaun, On guid March-weather, Hee turn'd sax rood beside our han' For days thegither.

Thou never braindg't, an' fech't, an' fliskit, But thy auld tail theu wad hae whiskit, An' spread abreed thy weel-fill'd brisket, Wi'n ith and pow'r.

Wi' pith and pow'r, Tid spritty knowes wad rair't and risket, An slypet owre.

When frosts lay lang, an' snaws were deep, An' threaten'd labour back to keep, I gled thy cog a weep-bit heap Aboon the timmer :

I kenn'd my Maggie wad na sleep For that, or simmer.

In cart or car thou never restit; The steyest brac thou wad hae fac'd it: Thou never lap, and sten't and breastit, Then stood to blaw;

But just thy step a wee thing hastit, Thou snoov't awa.

My pleugh is now thy baim-time a'; Four gallant brutes as e'er did draw; Forbye sax mae, I've sell't awa, That thou hast nurst;

They drew me thretteen pund an' twa, The very warst.

Monie a sair daurk we twa hae wrought, An' wi' the weary wari' fought! An' monie an anxious day, I thought We wad be beat;

Yet here to crazy age we're brought, Wi' something yet.

An' think na, my auld trusty servan', That now perhaps thou's less deservin, An' thy auld days may end in starvin, For my last fou,

A heapit stimpart, I'll reserve ane Laid by for you.

We've worn to crazy years thegither; We'll toyte about wi' ane anither; Wl' tenie care l'll filt thy tether To some hain'd rig, Whare ye may nobly rax yeu: eather Wl' sma' fatigue.

#### THE DEATH AND DYING WORDS OF POOR MAILIE,

#### THE AUTHOR'S ONLY PET YOWE.

An unco mournfu' Tale.

As Mailie an' her lambs thegither, Where ae day nibbling on the tother, Upon her cloot she coost a hitch, An' owre she warsi'd in the ditch; There, groaning, dying, she did lie, When Hughoc\* he came doytin by.

Wi' glowrin een, an' lifted han's, Poor Hughoc like a statue stan's; He saw her days were near-hand ended, But, waes my heart ! he could na mend it ! He gaped wide, but naething spak, At length poor Mailie sllence brak.

"O thou, whase lamentable face, Appears to mourn my wofu' case! My dying words attentive hear, An' bear them to my master dear.

"Tell him, if e'er again he keep As muckle gear as buy a sheep, O, bid him never tie them mair Wi' wicked strings o' hemp or hair ! But ca' them out to park or hill, An' let them wander at their will ; So may his flock increase, an' grow To scores o' lambs, an' packs o' woo'!

" Tell him he was a master kln', An' ay was guid to me and mine; An' now my dying charge I gie him, My helpless lambs I trust them wi' him.

"O, bid him save their harmless lives Frae dogs, an' tods, an' hutchers' knives ; But gie them guid cow-milk their fill, Till they be fit to fend themsel; An' tent them duly, e'en an' morn, Wi't teats o' hay an' rips o' corn.

A neighbour herd-callan.

"An' may they never learn the gaets Of ither vile wanrestfu' pets! To slink thro'slaps, an' reave, an' steal, At stacks o' pease, or stocks o' kail. So may they, like their great forbears, For manie a year come thro' the shears; So wives will gie them blus o' bread, An' baims greet for them when they're dead.

"My poor toop-lamb, my son an' heir, O, bid him breed him up wi' care ! An', if he live to be a beast, To pit some havins in his breast ! An' warn him what I winna name, To stay content wi' yowes at hame ; An' no to rin an' wear his cloots, Like tither menseless, graceless brutea.

" An' niest my yowie, silly thing. Gude keep thee frae a tether-string, O, may thou ne'er forgather up Wi' ony blastit, moorland toop; But ah keep mind to moop an' mell Wi' sheep o' credit like thysel!

"And now, my bairns, wi' my last breath, I lea'e my blessin wi' you baith; An' when you think upo' your mither, Mind to be kin' to ane anither.

"Now, honest *Hughoc*, dinna fail, To tell my master a' my tale; An' bid him burn this cursed tether, An', for thy pains, thous'e get my blether."

This said, poor Mailie turn'd her head, An' clos'd her een amang the dead.

#### POOR MAILIE'S ELEGY.

Lament in rhyme, lament in prose, Wi' saut tears trickling down your nose; Our bardie's fate is at a close, Past a' remead;

The last sad cap-stane of his woes ; Poor Mailie's dead !

It's no the loss o' warl's gear, That could sae bitter draw the tear, Or mak our bardie, dowie, wear The mourning weed;

He's lost a friend and neebor dear In Mailie dead.

#### POEMS, CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

Through a' the toun she trotted by him, A lang half mile she could descry him; Wi' kindly bleat, when she did spy him, She ran wi' speed :

A friend mair faithfu' ne'er cam nigh him, Than Mailie dead.

I wat she was a sheep o' sense, An' could behave hersel wi' mense; I'll say't she never brak a fence, Thro' thievish greed; Our bardia lanely keens the scenes

Our bardie, lanely, keeps the spence Sin' Mailie's dead.

Or, if he wanders up the howe, Her living image in her yowe, Comes bleating to him, owre the knowe, For bits o' bread; An' down the briny nearls rowe.

An' down the briny pearls rowe, For Mailie dead.

She was nae get o' moorland tips, Wi' tawted ke an' hairy hips; For her forbears were brought in shipe Frae yont the Tweed; A bonier fleesh ne'er cross'd the clips Than Mailie dead.

Was worth the man wha first did shape That vile, wanchancie thing—a rape ! It maks guid fellows girn an gape, Wi' chockin bread ;

An' Robin's bonnet wave wi' crape, For Mailie dead.

O, a' ye bards on bonie Doon ! An' who on Ayr your chanters tune ! Come join the melanchollous croon O' Robin's reed ! His heart will never get aboon ! His Mailie dead.

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#### THE

## POETICAL WORKS

#### OF

# ROBERT BURNS.

INCLUDING

## SEVERAL PIECES

NOT INSERTED IN DR. CURRIE'S EDITION :

EXHIBITED UNDER

A NEW PLAN OF ARRANGEMENT,

AND PRECEDED BY

## A LIFE OF THE AUTHOR

AND

A COMPLETE GLOSSARY.

TWO VOLUMES IN ONE. Vol. II.

BOSTON: PHILLIPS AND SAMPSON, 110 Washington Street. 1849.



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#### CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

## BOOK IV.

SUMOROUS, SATIRICAL, EPIGRAMMATICAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS.

#### TAM O'SHANTER.

#### A TALE.

Of Brownyis and of Bogilis full is this Buke. GAWIN DOUGLAS.

WHEN chapman billies leave the street, And droubly neebors, neebors meet, As market days are wearing late, An' folk begin to tak the gate; White we set housing at the nappy, An' getting feu and unco happy, We think na on the lang Scots miles, The mosses, waters, slaps, and styles, That lie between us and our hame, Whare sits our sulky, sullen dame, Gath'ring her brows like gath'ring storm, Nursing her wrath to keep it warm.

This truth fand honest Tam O'Shanter, As he, frae Ayr, ae .'cht did canter, (Auld Ayr wham ne'er. town surpasses, For honest men and bonie lasses.) Vol. H. B

O Tam ! had'st thou but been sae wise, As taen thy ain wife Kate's advice ! She tauld thee weel thou was a skellum, A blethering, blustering, drunken blellum ; That frae November till October, A e market day thou was na sober ; That ilka melder, wi' the miller, Thou sat as lang as thou had siller ; That at the L-d's house, ev'n cra Sunday, That at the L-d's house, ev'n cra Sunday, Thou drank wi' Kirton Jean til Monday. She prophesy' d, that, late or soon, Thou would be found deep drown'd in Doon Or catch'd wi' warlocks in the mirk, By Alloway's auld haunted kirk.

Ah, gentle dames ! it gars me greet, To think how monie counsels sweet, How monie lengthen'd sage advices, The husband frac the wife despises !

But to our tale: Ae market night, Tam had got planted unco right: Fast by an ingle, bleezing finely, Wir reaming swats, that drank drincly And at his elbow, souter Johany, His ancient, trusty, drouther crony, Tam lo'ed him like a vera brither; The pight drave on wi's sings and clatter And ay the ale was growing hetter; The landlady and Tam grew gracious, Wir favours, sccret, sweet, and precious: The souter tauld his queerest stories; The lator's langth was ready clorus: The storm without might rair and rustle, Tam di'd an jind the storm a whistle.

Care, mad to see a man sae happy, E'en drown'd himself amang the nappy; As bees fice hane wi' lades o' treasure, The minutes wing'd their way wi' pleasure; Kings may be blest, but Tam was glorious, O'er a' the lils o' lile victorious.

But pleasures are like popples spread, You seize the flower ats bloom is shed; Or, like the snow adds in the river, A moment while—then melts for ever;

Or like the borealis race, That flit ere you can point their place; Or like the rainbow's lovely form Evanishing amid the storm.— Nae man can tether time or tide; The hour approaches *Tam* maun ride; That hour, o' night's black arch the key-stane, That dreary hour he mounts his beast in; And sic a night he taks the road in, As ne'er poor sinner was abroad in.

The wind blew as 'twad blawn its last; The ratiling show'rs rose on the blast; The speedy gleams the darkness swallow'd; Loud, deep, and lang, the thunder bellow'd: That night, a child might understand, The Deil had business on his hand.

Weel mounted on his gray mare, Meg, A better never lifted leg, Tam skelpit on thro' dub and mire, Despising wind, and rain, and fire; Whyles holding fast his guid blue bonnet; Whyles crooning o'er some auld Scots sonnet; Whyles glow'ring round wi' prudent cares, Lest bogies catch him unawares; Kirk-Alloway was drawing nigh, Whare ghaists and houlets nightly cry.

By this time he was cross the ford, Whare in the snaw the chapman smoor'd: And past the birks and meikle stane, Whare drunken *Charlie* brak's neck bane; An thro' the whins, and by the cairn, Whare hunters fand the murder'd bairn; And near the thorn, aboon the well, Whare *Marago*'s mither hanged hersel.— Before him *Doon* pours all its floods, The ightning flash from pole to pole; Near and more near the thunders roll; When, glimmering thro' the groaning trees, *Kirk-Alloway* seem'd in a bleze: Thn'o likk abore the beams were glancing; And load resounded mirth and dancing.

Inspiring bold John Barleycorn ! What dangers thou canst make us scorn ! Wi' tippenny, we fear nae evil ; Wi' usquebae, we'll face the devil !

The swats sae ream'd in Tammie's nodille. Fair play, he car'd na Deils a boddle. But Maggie stood right sair astonish'd, Till, by the heel and hand admonish'd, She ventur'd forward on the light; And vow! T'am saw an unco sight! Warlocks and witches in a dance; Nae cotillion brent new frae France, But hornpipes, jigs, strathspeys, and reels, Put life and mettle in their heels. A winnock-bunker in the east, There sat auld Nick, in shape o' beast; A towzie tyke, black, grim, and large, To gie them music was his charge: He screw'd the pipes, and gart them skirl Till roof and rafters a' did dirl. Coffins stood round like open presses, That shaw'd the dead in their last dresses ! And by some devilish cantrip slight, Each in its cauld hand held a light, By which, heroic Tam was able To note upon the haly table, A murderer's banes in gibbet airns; Twa span lang, wee, unchristen'd bairns; A thief, new cutted frae a rape, Wi' his last gasp his gab did gape; Five tomahawks, wi' bluid red rusted; Five scimitars, wi' murder crusted; A garter, which a babe had strangled A knife, a father's throat had mangled, Whom his ain son o' life bereft, The gray hairs yet stack to the heft; Three lawyers' tongues turn d inside out, Wi' lies seam'd like a beggar's clout; And priests' hearts, rotten, black as muck, Lay, stinking, vile, in every neuk. Wi' mair o' horrible and awfu', Which ev'n to name wad be unlawfu'.

As Tammie glow'rd, amaz'd, and curious, The piper loud and louder blow; The diper loud and louder blow; The dancers quick and quicker flew; They reel'd, they set, they cross'd, they cleekts, Till ilka carlin swat and reekit, And coost her duddles to the wark, And linket at it in her sark !

Now Tam, O Tam! had they been queans A' plump and strapping in their teens;

Their sarks, instead o' creeshie flannen, heen snaw-white seventeen hunder linen ! These breeks o' mine, my only pair, That ance were plush, o' guid blue hair, I wad hae gi'en them aff my hundies, For ae blink o' the bonie burdies!

But wither'd beldams, auld and droll, Rigwoodie hags wad spean a foal, Lowping an' flinging on a crummock, I wonder didna turn thy stomach.

But Tam kenn'd what was what fu' brawlie, There was ac winsome wench and walie, (That night enlisted in the core Lang after kenn'd on Carrick shore ! For monic a benst to dead she shot, And perish'd monie a bonie boat, And shot baith meikle corn and bear, And kept the country-side in fear,) Hef cuty-sak o' Paisley harn, That while a lassie she had worn In longitude tho' sorely scanty, It was her best, and she was vanutie.— Ah ! titte kenn'd thy reverend grannie, That astk she coft for her wee Nannie, Wi' twa pund Scots ('twas a' her riches) Wad ever grac'd a dance o' witches!

But here my muse her wing maun cow'r; Sic fights are far beyond her pow'r; To sing how Nannie lap and flang, (A souple jad slie was and strang) And how Tam stood, like ane hewitch'd, And thought his very een enrich'd; Even Satan glowr'd, and fidg' di dr' fain, And hotch'd, and blew wi' might and main, Tih first ac caper, syne anither, Tam tint his reason a' thegither, And ioras out, "Weel done, Cutty-sark l' And in an instant a' was dark: And is carcely had he Maggie rallied, When out the hellish legion sailied.

As bees bizz out wi' angry fyke, When plundering herds assail their byke; As open prasie's nortal foes, When, pop ! she starts before their nose; As eager runs the market-crowd, When, " Catch the thief!" resounds aloud;

## POEMS,

### So Maggie runs, the witches follow, Wi' monie an electrich skreech and hollow.

Ah, Tam! ah, Tam! thou'll get thy fairin! In hell they'll roast thee like a herrin ! In vain they know a work of the and the main in vain they Kate awaits they comin! Kate soon will be a woefu' woman! Now, do they speedy utmost. Meg. And win the key-stane \* of the brig ; There at them show thy tail may toss, A running stream they dare na cross. But ere the key-stane she could make, The fient a tail she had to shake! For Nannie, far before the rest, Hard upon noble Maggie prest, And flew at Tam wi' furious ettle; But little wist she Maggie's mettle-Ae spring brought aff her master hale. But left behind her ain gray 'ail : The carlin claught her by the rump. And left poor Maggie scarce a stump,

Now, wha this take o' truth shah reap, lik man and mother's son, take hered; Whene'er to drak you are inclin'd, Or outy-sarks run in your mind, Think, ye may buy the joys o'er dear, Remember Tan O'Shanter's marc.

[The following peem will, by many readers, be well enough nuclerstood; but for the sake of those who are unacquanted with the manners and traditions of the country where the scene is cast, notes are added, to give some account of tha principal charms and spells of that night, so big with proplecy to the peasantry in the west of Scatland. The passion of prying into futurity makes a striking part of the history of limitan nature in its rude state, in all ages and nations ; and it may be some entertainment to a philosophic mind, if any such should honour the author with a perasal, to see the remains of it among the more unenlightened in our own.]

\* It is a well known fact, that witches, or any evil spirits, kane no power to follow a poor wight any farther than the mildle of the next running stream. It may be proper likewise to mention to the benighted traveller, that when he falls in with longles, whatever danger may be in his going forward, there is much more heard in turning back.

## HALLOWEEN.\*

Yes I let the rich deride, the proud disdain, The simple pleasures of the lowly train; To we more dear, congenial to my heart, One native charm than all the gloss of art. GOLDSMIT I

#### I.

Upon that night, when fairies light, On *Cassilis Downans*† dance, Or owre the lays in splendid blaze, On sprightly coursers prance; Or for *Colean* the root is tacn, Beneath the moon's pale beams; There, up the *Core*, to stray an' rove Amang the rocks an' streams To sport that night.

#### H.

Among the bonie winding banks, Where *Doon* rins, wimplin, clear, Where Brucc§ ance rul'd the martial ranks, And shook the *Carrick* spear,

Some merry, friendly, countra folks, Together did convene,

To burn their nits, an' pou their stocks, An' haud their Halloween

Fu' biythe that night.

#### III.

The lasses feat, an' cleanly neat, Mair braw than when they're fine; Their faces blythe, fu' sweetly kythe, Hearts leal, an' warm, an' kin':

 Is thought to be a night when witches, devils, and other mischief-making beings, are all abroad on their banefui midnight errands; particularly those aerial people, the fairies, are said on that night to hold a grand anniversary.

t Certain little, romantic, rocky, green hills, in the neighbourhood of the ancient seat of the earls of Cassilis.

1 A noted canern near Colean-house, called the Cove of Colean; which, as well as Cassilis Downans, is famed in country story for being a favourite haunt of fairies.

§ The famous family of that name, the ancestors of Ro bert, the great deliverer of his country, were earls of Carrick

# POEMS,

The lads sae trig, wi' wooer-babs, Weel knotted on their garten, Some unco blate, and some wi' gabs, Gar lasses' hearts gang startin Whyles fast that night.

#### IV.

Then first and foremost, thro' the kail, Their stocks\* maun a' be sought ance; They steck their een, au' graip an' wale, For muckle anes an' stranght anes. Poor hav'rel Will fell aff the drift, An' wander'd thro' the box-kail,

An' pow't, for want o' better shift, A runt was like a sow-tail,

Sae bow't that night.

#### v.

Then, straugh, or crooked, yird or nane, They roar an' cry a' throu'ther; The vera wee things, todlin, rin Wr' stocks out-owre their shouther; An' gif the *custock*'s sweet or sour, Wi' joctelegs they taste then; Syne cozieley, aboon the door,

Wi' cannie care, they've plac'd them To lie that night.

#### VI.

The lasses staw frae 'mang them a' To pou their stalks o' corn;†

\* The first ceremony of Halloween, is, pulling each a stock, or plant of kail. They must go out, hand in hand, with eyes shut, and pull the first they moet with. Its being big or little, straight or crooked, is prophetic of the size and shape of the grand object of all their spells—the husband or wife. If any yird, or earth, stick to the root, that is toucher, or fortune; and the taste of the custock, that is, the heart of the stem, is standardized for the custock, that is, the heart of the stem, is are placed somewhere above the hand of the door: and the Christian names of ".e people whom chance brings into the house, are, accurang to the priority of placing the runts, the names i., question.

† They go to the barn-yard, and pull each, at three several times, a stalk of eats. If the third stalk works the tap pickle, that is, the grain at the top of the stalk, the party in question will come to the marriage-bed any thing but a maid.

But Rab slips out, an' jinks about, Behint the muckle thorn: He grippet Nelly hard an' fast, Loud skirl'd a' the lasses; But her tap-pickle maist was lost, When kindlin in the fause-house\* Wi' him that night.

## VII.

The auld guidwife's weet hoordet nits Are round an' round divided, An' monie lads' an' lasses' fates, Are there that night decided: Some kindle, couthie, side by side, An' burn thegither timly; Some start awa wi' sancy pride, And jump out-owre the chimlie Fu' high that night.

#### VIII.

Jean slips In twa wi' tentie e'e; Wha 'twas she wadna tell; But this is Jock, and this is me, She says In to hersel: He blevz'd owre her, an' she owre him, As they wad never mair part! Till luff ! he started up the lum, Au Jean had e'en a sair heart To see't that 1ght.

### IX.

Poor Willie, wi' his bow-kail-runt, Was brant w' prinsie Malle; An' Malle, nar doubt, took the drunt, To be compa?d to Wille; Mall's nit lap out wi' pridefu' fling, An' her ain fit it brunt it;

\* When the corn is in a doubtful state, by being too green or wet, the stack-builder, by means of old timber, §c., makes a large apartment in his stack, with an opening in the side which is fairest exposed to the wind; this he calls a fausehouse.

† Burning the nuts is a famous charm. They name the lad and lass to each particular nut, as they lay them in the from decordingly as they burn quietly together, or start from beside one another, the course and issue of the courtship will be.

# While Willie lap, and swoor by jing, 'Twas just the way he warned To be that night

#### Χ.

Nell had the fause-house in her min'. She pits hersel an' Rob in ; In loving bleeze they sweetly join, Till white in ase they're sobbin:

Nell's heart was dancin at the view, She whisper'd Rob to leak for't : Rob, stowlins, prie'd her boute mou, Fu' cozie in the neuk for't,

Unseen that night.

But Merran sat behint their backs, Her thoughts on Andrew Bell ; She lea'es them gashin at their cracks,

And slips out by hersel : She thro' the yard the nearest taks, An' to the kiln she goes then,

An' darklins grapit for the banks, And in the blue-clue\* throws then,

Right fear't that night.

## XII.

An' ay she win't, an' ay she swat, I wat she made nae jankin ; Till something held within the pat, Guid L-d, but she was quakin! But whether 'twas the Deil himsel, Or whether 'twas a bank-en',

Or whether it was Andrew Bell,

She did na wait on ta'kin

To spier that night.

#### XHL

Wee Jenny to her graunie says, "Will ye go wi' me, graume?

\* Whoener would, with success, try this spell, must strict-ly observe these directions: Steal out, all olone, to the kilm, and 'arkling, throw into the pot a clue of biue yarn; wind it in a new clue off the old one; and towards the latter end, something will hold the thread; demand, Wha haude 1 i.e. Who holds? An answer will be returned from the kilm.pot, by naming the christian and surname of your future spouse.

I'll sat the apple\* at the glass, I gat fac uncle Johnnie:" She faff't her pipe wi's ick a lunt, In wrath she was sae vap'rin, She notic't na, an aizle brunt Her braw new worstet apron Out thro' that night.

## XIV.

Ye little ekelpie limmer's face ! How daur you try sic sportin, As seek the foul thief onie place, For him to spacy your fortune? Nae doubt but ye may get a sight ! Great cause ye have to fear it; For monie a are has gotten a fright, An' lived an' died delerret On sic a night

#### XV.

"Ae hairst afore the Sherra-moor, I mind't as weel's yestreen, I was a gylpey then, I'm sure I was nae past fyfteen; The simmer had been cauld an' wat, An' stuff was unco green; An' ay a rantin kim we gat, An' gato n Halloncen

It fell that night.

#### XVI.

"Our stibble-rig was kab M'Graem, A clever, sturdy fallow; He's sin' gat Eppie Sini wi' wean, That liv'd in Achmacalla: He gat Acmp-seed, † I mind it weel,

 Take a candle, and go alone to a looking-glass; eat an apple before it, and some traditions say, you should comb your hair all the time; the face of your conjugal companion to be, will be seen in the glass as if peeping over your shoulder.

† Steal out, unperceived, and sow a handful of hemp-seed; harrowing it with any thing you can conveniently draw after you. Repeat now and then, "Hemp-seed, I saw thee, hemp seed, I saw thee; and him (or her) that is to be my true love, some after me and pou thee." Look over your left shoulder; and you will see the appearance of the person invoked, in the attitude of pulling hemp. Some traditions say 'Come

## POEMS,

An' he made unco light o't: But monie a day was by himsel, He was sae sairly frightet That yera night."

#### XVII.

Then up gat fetchin Jamie Fleck, An' he swoor by his conscience, That he could saw hemp-seed a peck, For it was a' but nonsense :

The auld guidman raught down the peck, An' out a handfn' gied him ; Syne bad him slip frae 'mang the folk,

Some time when na aue see'd him, An' try't that night.

#### XVIII.

He marches thro' among the stacks, Tho' he was something sturtin ; The graip he for a harrow taks, Au' haurls at his curpin :

An' ev'ry now an' then, he says,

" Hemp-seed, I saw thee,

An' her that is to be my lass,

Come after me, and draw thee As fast this night."

## XIX.

He whistl'd up Lord Lennox's march, To keep his courage cheery ; Although his hair began to arch. He was sae fley'd an' eerie ;

Till presently he hears a squeak,

An' then a grane an' gruntle: He by his shouther gas a keek,

An' tambl'd wi' a wintle

Out-owre that night.

## XX.

He roar'd a horrid murder-shout. In dreadfu' desperation ! An' young and auld came rinnin out, An hear the sad narration : He swoor 'twas hilchin Jean M'Craw,

after me, and shaw thee," that is, show thyself : in which case it simply appears. Others omit the harrowing, and say, " Come after mc, and harrow thee."

### Or crouchie Merran Humphie. "Till stop! she trotted thro' them a' An' wha was it but grumphie Asteer that night !

### XXL

Meg fain wad to the barn hae gaen To winn three wechts o' naething;\* But for to meet the Deil her lane. She pat but little faith in : She gies the herd a pickle nits, An' twa red cheekit apples, To watch, while for the barn she sets, In hopes to see Tam Kipples That vera night

## XXIL

She turns the key wi' cannie thraw. And owre the threshold ventures : But first on Sawnie gies a ca', Syne bauldly in she enters; A ratton ratil'd up the wa',

An' she cry'd, L-d, preserve her ! An' ran thro' midden-hole an' a', An' pray'd wi' zeal an' fervor, Fu' fast that night.

XXIII.

They hoy't out Will, wi' sair advice : They hecht him some fine braw ane; It chanc'd the stack he faddom'd thrice,† Was timber-propt for thrawin :

\* This charm must likewise be performed, unperceived, and alone. You go to the barn, and open both doors, taking them off the hinges, if possible; for there is danger that the being, about to appear, may shut the doors, and do you some mischief. Then take that instrument used in winnowing the corn, which, in our country dialect, we call a wecht; and go through all the attitudes of letting down corn against the wond. Repeat it three times; and the third time an apparition will pass through the barn, in at the windy door, and out at the other, having both the figure in question, and the appearance or retinue, marking the employment or station in life.

Take an opportunity of going, unnoticed, to a hearstack, and fathom it three times round. The last fathom of the last time, you will catch in your arms the appearance of your future conjugal yoke-fellow.

## POEMS.

He taks a swirlie, auld moss oak. For some black, grousome carlin; An' loot a winze, an' drew a stroke, Till skain in blypes came haurlin Aff's nieves that night.

#### XXIV.

A wanton widow Leezie was. As canty as a kittlen;

But Och ! that night, among the shaws, She got a fearfu' settlin ! She thro' the whins, an' by the cairn,

An' owre the hill gaed scrievin, Whate three lairds' lunds met at a burn.\*

To dip her left sark-sleeve in, Was bent that night.

#### XXV.

Whyles owre a linn the burnie plays, As thro' the glen it wimpl't;

Whyles round a rocky scar it strays; Whyles in a wiel it discult;

Whyles glitter'd to the nightly rays, Wi' bickering, dancing dazzle;

Whyles cookit underneath the bracs, Below the spreading hazel,

Unseen that night.

#### XXVI.

Amang the brachens, on the brae, Between her an' the moon, The Deil, or else an outler quey, Gat up an' gae a croon : Poor Leezie's heart maist lap the hool : Near lav'rock-height she jumpit, But mist a fit, an' in the pool

Out owre the lugs she plumpit, Wi' a plunge that night.

\* You go out, one or more, for this is a social spell, to a south-running spring or revulet, where " three laurds' lands meet," and dip your left shirt sleeve. Go to bed in sight of a fire, and hang your wet sleeve before it to dry. Incawake: and sometime near midnight an apparition, having the exact figure of the grand object in question, will come and turn the sleeve, as if to dry the other side of it.

# XXVII.

In order, on the clean hearth-stane, The luggies three" are ranged, And every time great care is taen, To see them duly changed : Aud uncle John, wha wedlock's joys Sin Mar's year did desire, Because he gat the toom dish thrice, the heav'd them on the fire In wrath that night

## XXVIII.

Wi' merry sangs, an' friendly cracks I wat they did na weavy; An' nuco tales, an' funnie jokes, Their sports were cheap an' cheery. Till butter'd so'ns,† wi' fragrant lunt, Set a' their gabs a steerin; Syne wi' a social glass o' strunt, They parted all careerin Fu' blythe that night.

# THE JOLLY BEGGARS.

#### A CANTATA.

## RECITATIVO.

WHEN lyart leaves bestrow the yird, Or wavering like the Bauckie-bind,‡ Bedim canld Boreas' blast; When hail stanes drive wi' bitter skyte,

\* Take three dishes : put clean water in one, foul water in another, leave the third cupty : blindfeld a preson, are lead him to the h with where the dishes are ranged; he (a she) dips the left hand : if by chance in the clean water, the future husband ir wife will come to the bar of matrinomy i nad : if in the joil, a widno: if in the emply dish, it fore tells, with equal vertainty, no marriage at all. It is repeated three times, and every time the arrangement of the dishes in altered.

† Souces, with butter instead of milk to them, is always the Halloween supper.

t The old Sco ch name for the Bat

## POEMS,

And hufant frosts begin to bite. In hoary cranreach drest; Ae night at e'en a merry core O' randie, gaugrel bodies, In Poosie-Nansie's held the splore, To drink their orra duddies: Wi' quaffing and laughing, They ranted and they sang; Wi' jumping and thumping, The vera girdle rang.

First niest the fire in auld red rags, Ane sat, weel brac'd wi' mealy bags, And knapsack a' in order; His doxy lay within his arm, Wi' negoting and blankter within -

Wi' usquebae an' blankets warm-She blinket on her sodger :

An' ay he gives the tozle drab The tither skelpin kiss, While she held up her greedy gab

Just like an aumos dish. Ilk smack still did crack still, Just like a cadger's whip, Then staggering and swaggering He roar'd this ditty up—

AIR.

Tune-" Soldier's Joy."

T.

I AM a son of Mars, who have been in many wars, And show my cuts and scars wherever I coune: This here was for a wench, and that other in a trench, When welcoming the French at the sound of the drum. Lal de druule, &c.

Π.

We prenticeship I past where my leader breath'd his last, When the bloody die was cast on the heights of Abram; I served out my trade when the gallant game was play'd, And the Moro low was laid at the sound of the drum. Lai de daulle, &c.

#### III.

I lactly was with Curtis, among the floating batt'rles, And there I left for witness an arm and a limb; Yet let my country need me, with Elliot to head me, I'd clatter on my stumps at the sound of a drum. Lat de daudle, &c

#### IV.

And now, the' I must beg with a wooden arm and leg, And many a tatter'd rag hanging over my bunn, I'm as happy with my wallet, my bottle and my callet, As when I us'd in scartet to follow a drum. Lai de daudle, &c.

#### V. |

What tho' with heary locks, I must stand the winter shocks, Beneath the woods and rocks oftentimes for a home, When the Collor bag I sell, and the 'other bottle tell, I could meet a troop of hell at the sound of the drum. Lal de daudle, &c.

## RECITATIVO.

He ended; and the kebars sheuk Aboon the chorus roar; While frighted rations backward leuk, And seek the hennost bore; A fairy fiddler frae the neuk, He skir'd out encore ! But up arose the martial chuck, And laid the loid uproar.

## AIR.

#### Tune-"Soldier Laddie."

.

I once was a maid, the' I cannot tell when, And still my delight is in proper young men: Some one of a trocp of dragoons was my daddie, No wonder I'm fond of a sodger laddie. Sing, Lal de lat, &c.

#### ~

The first of my loves was a swaggering blade, To rathe the thundering drum was his trade; His leg was so ught, and his check was so ruddy, Transported I was with my sodger laddie,

Sing, Lal de lal, &c

#### III.

But the godly old chaplain left him in the lurch, The sword I forsook for the sake of the church; He ventured the *sout*, and I risked the *body*, "Twas then I prov'd faise to my sodger laddie. Sing, Lai de lan, &c

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C

# POEMS.

## IV.

Full soon I grew sick of my sanctified sot, The regiment at large for a husband I got ; From the gilded spontoon to the fife I was ready, I asked no more put a souger iduite.

## Sing, Lal de lal, &c.

#### v.

But the peace it reduc'd me to beg in despair, Till I met my auld boy at Cunningham fair ; His rags regimental they numer a second My heart it rejoiced at my sodger laddie. Sing, Lal de lal, &c.

#### VI.

And now I have liv'd-I know not how long, And still I can join in a cup or a song ; But whilst with both hands I can hold the glass steady. Here's to thee, my hero, my sodger laddie. Sing, Lal de lal &c.

#### RECITATIVO.

Then niest outspak a raucle carlin. Wha kent fu' weel to cleek the sterling, For monie a pursic she had hooked, And had in monie a well been ducked. Her dove had been a Highland laddie, But weary fa' the waefu' woody ! Wi' sighs and sobs she thus began To wail her braw John Highlandman.

#### AIR.

## Tune-" O an' ye were dead, gudeman."

I.

A highland lad my love was born, The Lalland laws he held in scorn ; But he still was faithfu' to his clan, My gallant braw John Highlandman.

#### CHORUS.

Sing. hey my braw John Highlandmen ! Sing, ho my braw John Highlandman ' There's not a lad in a' the lan' Was match for my John Highlandman.

#### 15

With his philibeg, an' tartan plaid, An' gude clavmore down by his side The ladies' hearts he did tropan, My gallant braw John High:andman. Sing, hey, &c.

We langed a' from Tweed to Spey, An' fiv'd like lords and lodies gay; For a Lalland face he feared none, My gallant braw John Highlandman.

## Sing, hey, &c.

#### IV.

v.

They banish'd him beyond the sca. But ere the bud was on the tree, Adown my checks the pearls ran, Embracing my John Highlandman. Sing, hey, &c.

But, oh ! they catch'd him at the last, And bound him in a dungeon fast ; My curse upon them every one, They've hang'd my braw John Highlandman. Sing, hey, &c.

## V1.

And now a widow, I must mourn The pleasures that will ne'er return ; No comfort but a hearty can When I think on John Highlandman. Sing, hey, &c.

## RECITATIVO.

A pigmy scraper wi' his fiddle, Wha us'd to trysts and fairs to driddle, Her strappan huob and gaucy middle, He reach'd nae higher,

Had hol'd his heartie like a riddle, An' blawn't on tire.

Wi' hand on haunch, an' upward e'e, He croon'd his gamut, one, two, three, Then in an Arioso key,

The wee Apollo Set off wi' Allegretto give Ilis giga solo.

# POEMS,

## AIR.

## Tune-"Whistle o'er the lave o't."

### I.

Let me ryke up to dight that tear, An' go wi' me to be my dear, An' then your ev'ry care and fear May whistle o'er the laye o't.

### CHORUS.

I am a fiddler to my trade, And a' the tunes that e'er I play'd, The sweetest still to wife or maid, Was whistle o'er the lave o't.

#### II.

At kirns and weddings we'se be there, And O ! sae mcely's we will fare; We'll bouse about till daddie Care Sing whistle o'er the lave o't. I ann, &c.

#### HI.

Sac merrily the banes we'll pyke, An' sun oursels about the dyke, An' at our leisure, when we like, We'll whistle o'er the lave o't. I an, &c.

# IV.

But bless me wi' your heav'n o charma, And while I kittle hair on thairms, Hunger, cauld, an' a' sic harms, May whistle o'er the lave o't. I am, &c.

## RECITATIVO.

Her charms had struck a sturdy Caird, As weel as poor gut-scraper; He taks the fiddler by the beard, And draws a rusty rapier. Ile swore by a' was swearing worth, To speet him like a pliver, Unless he would, from that time forth, Belinquish her for ever.

## Wi' ghastly e'e, poor tweedle-dee Upon his hunkers bended.

And pray'd for grace, wi' ruefu' face, And so the quarrel ended.

But Googer of on the neart did grieve, When round the tinker press'd her He feign'd to snirtle in his sleeve.

When thus the Caird address'd her.

#### AIR.

## Tune-" Clout the Caudron."

# I.

My bonie lass, I work in brass, A tinker is my station; Yve travelled round all Christian ground In this my occupation. I've la'en the gold, I've been enroll'd In many a noble squadron; But vain they scarch'd, when aff I march'd To go and clont the caudron. I've ta'en the gold, &c.

#### Π.

Despise that shrimp, that wither'd imp, Wi'a' his noise and cap'rin, And tak a share wi' those that bear The budget and the apron. And by that stowp ! my faith and houp, And by that dear Kibaigie, H e'er ye want, or meet wi's cant, May 1 ne'er weet my craigie. And by that stowp, &c.

## RECITATIVO.

The Caird prevail'd--th' unblushing fair In his embraces sunk, Partly wi' love o'ercone sae sair, An' partly she was drunk. Sir Violina wi' an air That showi' a man of spunk, Wish'd *urison* between the pair, An' made the bottle chunk To their health that night.

\* A peculiar sort of whiskey, so called, a great favouriu with Possie-Nansue's clubs.

# POEMS.

But hurchin Cupid shot a shaft That play'd a dame a shavie, The fiddler rak'd her fore and aft Behint the chicken cavia. Her lord, a wight o' Homer's\* craft, Tho' limpin wi' the spavie, He hirpl'd up, and lap like daft, And shor'd them dainty Davie O' boot that night

He was a care-defying blade As ever Bacchus listed : Tho' Fortune sair upon him laid, His heart she ever miss'd it.

He had nae wish, but-to be glad, Nor want, but-when he thirsted ! He hated nonght but-to be sad, And thus the Muse suggested His sang that night.

### AIR.

Tune-" For a' that, and a' that."

Ι.

I am a Bard of no regard Wi' gentle folks, an' a' that ; But Homer-like, the glowran byke, Frae town to town I draw that.

#### CHORUS.

For a' that, and a' that, And twice as muckle's a' that; I ve lost but ane, I ve twa behin', I ve wife enough for a' that. U.

I never drank the Muses' stank, Castalia's burn, and a' that; But there it streams, and richly reams, My Helicon I ca' that. For a' that, &c.

III.

Great love I bear to a' the fair, Their humble slave, and a' that;

. Homer is allowed to be the oldest ballad singer on record.

## But lordly will I hold it still A mortal sin to thraw that. For a' that, &c. IV.

In raptures sweet, this hour we meet, Wi' mutual love, and a' that; But for how lang the file may stang, Let inclination law that. For a' that, &c.

#### v.

Their tricks and craft have put me daft, They've ta'en me in, and a' that; But clear your decks, and here's the sex! I like the jads for a' that.

For a' that, and a' that, And twice as muchle's a' that; My dearest bluid, to do them guid, They're welcome till't for a' that.

# RECITATIVO.

So song the bard—and Nansie's wa's Shook wi' a thunder of applause, Re-echo'd from each mouth: They toem'd their pocks, an' pawn'd their duds, They scarceiy left to co'er their fuds To quench their lowan drouth.

Then owre again, the jovial thrang The poet did request, To low'se his pack, an wale a sang, A ballad o' the best: He, rising, rejolcing, Between his twa Deborahs, Looks round him, an' found them Impatient for the chorus.

# AlR

Tune-" Jolly mortals, fill your glasses."

## I.

See the smoking bowl before us! Mark our jovial, ragged ring! Round and round take up the chorus, And in raptures let us sing.

# POEMS,

## CHORUS.

A fig for those by law protected? Liberty's a glorious feast! Courts for cowards were erected, Churches built to please the priest

## п.

What is title? what is treasure? What is reputation's care? If we lead a life of pleasure, 'Tis no matter how or where. A fig, &c.

## III.

With the ready trick and fable, Round we wander all the day; And at night, in barn or stable, Hug our doxies on the hay. A fig, &c.

## IV.

Does the train attended carriage Thro' the country lighter rove? Does the sober bed of marriage Witness brighter scenes of love? A fig, &c.

#### v.

Life is all a variorum, We regard not how it goes; Let .bem cant about decorum, Who have characters to lose. A fig, &c.

## VI

Here's to budgets, bass, and wallets; Here's to all the wandering train; Here's our ragged brats and callets *l* One and all cry out, Amen *l* 

A fig for those by law protected! Liberty's a glurious fcast l Courts for cowards were crected, Churches built to please the priest,

# DEATH AND DR. HORNBOOK.

# A TRUE STORY.

Some books are lies frac end to end, And some great lies were never penn'd : Ev'n ministers, they hae been kenn'd, In holy rapture, A rousing whid, at times to yend. And nail't wi' Scripture. But this that I am gaun to tell, Which lately on a night befell, Is just as true's the Deil's in h-ll Or Dublin city; That c'er he nearer comes oursel 's a muckle pity. The Clachan yill had made me canty, I was nae fou, but just had plenty ; I stacher'd whyles, but yet took tent av To free the ditches; An' hillocks, stanes, an' bushes, kenn'd ay Frae ghaists an' witches. The rising Moon began to glow'r The distant Cumnock hills out-owre; To count her horns, wi' a' my pow'r, I set mysel ; But whether she had three or four, I cou'd na teil. I was come round about the hill, And todlin down on Willie's mill, Setting my staff wi' a' my skill, To keep me sicker Tho' leeward whyles against my will, I took a bicker. I there wi' something did forgather, That put me in an eerie swither ; An awfu' scythe, out-owre ae shouther, Clear dangling hang; A three-tae'd leister on the ither Lay, large an' lang.

Its stature seem'd lang Scotch ells twa, The queerest shape that e'er I saw, For fient a wame it had ava!

And then, its shanks, They were as thin, as sharp, an' sma' As cheeks o' branks! "Guid-e'en," quo' I; "Friend! hae ye been mawin When ither folk are busy sawin?"\* It seem'd to mak a kind o' stan', But nacling spak; At length, says I, "Friend, whare ye gaun ? Will ye go back ?"

It spak right howe—" My name is Death, But be na fley'd."—Quo' I, "Guid faith! Ye're may be come to stap my breath; But tent me, bille; I red ye weel, tak care o' skaith,

See, there's a guily !"

"Gudeman," quo' he, " put up your whittle, I'm no design'd to try is mettle; But if I did, I wad be kittle To be mislear'd,

I wad na mind it, no that spittle Out-owre my beard."

"Weel, weel!" says I, "a bargain bc't; Come, gie's your hand, an' sae we're gree't; We'll ease our shanks, an' tak a seat, Come, gie's your news; This whyle' ye hae been monie a gate, At inomie a house."

" Ay, ay !" quo' he, an' shook his head, "It's e'en a lang, lang time indeed Sin' I began to nick the tread, An' choke the breath : Folk maun do something for their bread, An' sae upaun Death.

"Sax thousand years are near hand fled Sin' I was to the butching irred, An' monie a scheme in va'a's been laid, To stap or scor me; Till ane Hornbook's‡ ta'en up whe trade, An' faith, he'll waur me.

\* This rencontre happened in serd-time, 1785.

An epidemical fever was then a aging in that country. This gentleman, Dr. Horobook, is, professionally, a brother of the sovereign order of the Fernla, but, by intuition and inspiration, is at once an apothecary, surgeon and physcian.

\* Ye ken Jock Hornbrook i' the Clachan, Deil mak his king's-hood in a spleuchan! He's grown sae weel acquaint wi' Buchan\* An' ither chaps, The weans haud out their fingers langhin, An' pouk my hips.

"See, here's a scythe, and there's a dart, They hae pierc'd monie a gallant heart; But Doctor Horibook, wi' his art, And cursed skill, Has made them baith no worth a f-t, D-un'd haet they'll kill !

"Twas but yestreen, nae fartler gaen, I threw a noble throw at ane; Wi'less I'm sure, I've hundreds stain; But deil-ma-care, It just play'd dirl on the bane,

But did nae mair.

"Hornbook was hy, wi' ready art, And had sae fortified the part, That when I looked to my dart, It was sae blunt, Fient haet o't wad hae piere'd the heart Of a kail-mut.

"I drew my scythe in sic a fury, I near hand cowpit wi' my hurry, But yet the bauid Apothecary Withstood the shock;

I might as weel hae try'd a quarry O' hard whin rock.

"Ev'n them he canna get attended, Altho' their face he ne'er had kenn'd it, Just—in a kail-blade, and send it, As soon's he smells't,

Baith their disease, and what will mend it, At once he tells't.

"And then a' doctor's saws and whittics Of a' dimensions, shapes, an' mettles, A' kind o' boxes, muggi, in' bottles, Ile's sure to hae; Their Latin names as fast lie ratiles As A B C.

· Buchau's Domestic Medicina

## POEMS.

'Calces o' fossils, earth. and trees ; I rue sal-marinum o' the seas ; The farina of beans and peas,

He has't in plenty: Aqua-fontis, what you please, He can content ve

"Forbye some new, uncommon weapons, Urinus spiritus of capons ; Or mite-horn shavings, filings, scrapings,

Distill'd per se; Sal alkali o' midge-tail-clippings,

And monie mae."

"Waes me for Johnny Ged's Hole\* now," Quo' I, "if that the news be true! His braw calf-ward whare gowans grew. Sae white and bonie,

Nae doubt they'll rive it wi' the plengh: They'll ruin Johnny !"

The creature grain'd an eldritch laugh, And says, " Ye need na yoke the plough ; Kirkyaids will soon be till'd eneugh,

Tak ye nae fear : They'll a' be trench'd wi' monie a sheugh, In twa-three year.

"Whare I kill'd ane a fair strae death. By loss o' blood or want o' breath, This night I'm free to tak my aith, That Hornbook's skill Has clad a score i' their last claith,

By drap an' pill.

"An honest Wabster to his trade, Whase wife's twa nieves were scarce well bred, Gat tippence-worth to mend her head, When it was sair ; The wife slade cannie to her bed,

But ne'cr spak mair.

"A countra Laird had taen the batts, Or some curnourring in his guts, His only son for Hornbook sets, The lad, for two guid gimmer pets, Was Laird himsel.

The grave-digger

"A bonke lass, ye kenn'd her name, Some ill-brewn drink had hov'd her wame She trusts hersel, to hide the shame, In Hornbook's care; Horn sent her aff to her lang hame, To hide it there.

"That's just a swatch ' *Hornbook's* way Thus goes he on from day tr, day, Thus does he poison, kill, *z* n' slay, An's weel paid for't; Yet stops me o' my lawfu' prey, Wi' his d-mn'd dirt.

"But hark ! I'll tell you of a plot, Tho' dinna ye be speaking o't: I'll nail the self-conceited sot, As dead's a herrin; Niest time we meet, I'll wad a groat, He gets his fairin!"

But just as he began to tell, The auld kirk-hammer strak the bell Some wee short hour ayont the *twal*, Which rais'd us baith; I took the way that pleas'd mysel, And sae did Deatk.

# A DREAM.

Thoughts, words, and deeds, the statute blames with reason: But surely dreams were ne'er indicted treason.

[On reading, in the public papers, the Laureat's Ode, with the other parade of June 4, 1786, the author was no sooner dropt asleep than he imagined himself transported to the birth-day levee; and in his dreaming fancy made the following address.]

I.

Guin morning to your Majesty ! May heav'n augment your blisses, On every new birth-day ye see, An humble poet wishes ! My bardship here, at your levce, On sic a day as this is, Is sure an uncouth sight to see, Amang thac birth-day dresses Sag fine this day.

## POEMS.

## II.

I see ye're complimented thrang.

By monie a lord and lady; "God save the king !" 's a cuckoo sang, That's unco easy said ay ;

The Poets, too, a venal gang, Wi' rhymes weel-turn'd and ready, Wad gar ye trow ve ne'er do wrang,

But ay unerring steady,

On sic a day.

# III.

For me ! before a monarch's face. Ev'n there I winna flatter ; For neither pension, post, nor place, Am I your humble debtor; So, nae reflection on your grace, Your kingship to bespatter;

There's monie waur been o' the race, And aiblins ane been better,

Than you this day.

#### IV.

'Tis very true, my sov'reign king, My skill may weel be doubted

But facts are chiels that winna ding, An' downa be disputed :

Your royal nest, beneath your wing, Is e'en right reft an' clouted.

And now the third part of the string. An' less, will gang about it Than did ae day.

#### v.

Far be't frac me that I aspire To blame your legislation, Or say, ye wisdom want, or fire,

To rule this mighty nation ! But faith ! I muckle doubt, my Sire;

Ye've trusted ministration To chaps, wha, in a barn or byre,

Wad better fill'd their station Than courts yon day.

And now ye've gien auld Britain peace, Her broken shins to plaster ; Your sair taxation does her fleece, Till she has scarce a tester ;

# For me, thank God, my life's a lease. Nae bargain wearing faster, Or, faith ! I feat, that wi' the geese, I shortly boo t to pasture I' the craft some day.

#### VII.

I'm no mistrusting Willie Pitt. When taxes I e enlarges (An' Will's a true guid fallow's get. A name not envy spairges,) That he intends to pay your debt, An' lessen : ' your charges ; But, G-d sake! let nae saving fit Abridge your bonie barges An' boats this day.

## VIII.

Adieu, my Licge ! may freedom geck Beneath your high protection ; An' may ye rax corruption's neck, And gie her for dissection ! But since I'm here, I'll no neglect, In loyal, true affection, To pay your Queen, with due respect, My fealty an' subjection, This great birth-day.

#### IX.

Hai!, Majesty most excellent! V/hile nobles strive to please ye, Will ye accept a compliment A simple Poet gies ye? Thae bonie bairn-time, Heav'n has lent, Still higher may they heeze ye In bliss, till fate some day is sent, For ever to release ye

## Frae care that day.

X.

For you, young potentate o' W-----I tell your highness fairly,

Down pleasure's stream, wi' swelling sails, I'm tauld ye're driving rarely;

But some day ye may gnaw your nails, Au' curse yo ir folly sairly, That e'er ye bi ak Diana's pales, Or rattl'd dice wi' Charlie, By night or day.

# POENS.

## XL.

Yet aft a ragged cowte's been known To mak a noble aiver ; So ye may doucely fill a throne, For a' their clish-ma-claver : There him\* at Agincourt wha shone, b'ew better were or braver ; And yet, wi' funny, queer Sir John, f He was an unco shaver

For monie a day.

#### XII.

For you, right rev'rend O-Nane sets the lawn-sleeve sweeter,

Altho' a riband at your hig Wad been a dress completer:

As ye disown yon paughty dog

That bears the keys of Peter, Then, swith ! an' get a wife to hug, Or, trouth ! ye'll stain the mitre Some luckless day

### XIII.

Young, royal Tarry Breeks, I learn, Ye've lately come athwart her :

A glorious galley, ‡ stem an' stern, Well rigg'd for Venus' barter;

But first hang out, that she'll discern Your hymenial character,

Then heave abroad your grapple air. An' large upo' her quarter, Come full that day.

## XIV.

Ye, lastly, bonic blossoms a', Ye royal lasses dainty, Heav'n mak you guid as weel's braw, An' gie you lads a-plenty ; But sneer na British boys awa', For kings are unco scant ay ; An' German gentles are but sma' They're better just than want ay On onie day.

King Henry V.

Sir John Falstaff. Vide Shakspeare.

Alluding to the newspaper account of a certain royal eailor's amour.

#### xv

God bless you a' ! consider now, Ye're unco muckle dautet; But ere the course o' life be thro', It may be bitter sautet: An' I hae seen their coggie fou, That yet hae tarrow'd at it ; But or the day was done, I trow, The laggen they has clautet Fu' clean that day.

# SCOTCH DRINK.

Gie him strong drink until he wink, That's sinking in despair: An' liquor guid to fire his bluid, That's prest wi' grief an' care; There let him bouse, an' deep carouse, Wi' bumpers flowing o'er Till he forgets his loves or debts, And minds his gricfs no more. SOLOMON'S PROVERES, XXXI. 6, 7

LET other Poets raise a fracas 'Bout vines, an' wines, an' drunken Bacchus An' crabbit names an' stories wrack us, An grate our lug, I sing the juice Scots bear can mak us, In glass or jug.

O thou, my Muse I guid and Scotch Drink, Whether thro' wimplin worms thou jink, Or, richly brown, ream o'er the brink, In glorious faem, Inspire me, till I lisp and wink, To sing thy name ! Let husky Wheat the haughs adorn, An' Aits set up their awnie horn, An' Peas an' Beans at e'en or morn Perfume the plain. Lecze me on thee, John Barleycorn, Thou king o' grain ! On thee aft Scotland chows her cood, In souple scones, the walc o' food ! Or tumblin in the boiling flood Wi' kail an' beef; But when thou pours thy strong heart's blood,

There thou shines chief D

Vor. II.

Food fills the wame, an' keeps us livin; 'Tho' life's a gift no worth receivin, When heavy dragg'd wi' pine an' grlevin; But, oil'd by thee,

The wheels o' life gae down-hill, scrievin, Wi' rattlin glee.

Thou clears the head o' doited Lear: Thou cheers the heart o' drooping Care; Thou strings the nerves o' Labour sair, At's weary toil:

Thou even brightens dark Despair Wi' gloomy smile.

Aft, clad in massy silver weed, Wi' gentles thou erects thy head; Yet humbly kind in time o' need, The poor man's wine,

Ilis wee drap parritch, or his bread, Thou kitchens fine.

Thou art the life o' public haunts; But thee, what were our fairs and rants? Ev'n godly meetings o' the saunts, By thee inspir'd,

When gaping they besiege the tents, Are doubly fir'd.

That merry night we gat the corn in, O sweetly then thou reams the horn in ! Or recking on a new year morning In cog or bicker,

An' just a wee drap sp'ritual burn in, An' gusty sucker!

When Vulcan gies his bellows breath, An' ploughman gather wi' their graith, O rare to see thee fizz an' freath, I' th' lugget caup !

Then Burnewin\* comes on like death At ev'ry chaup.

Nae mercy, thea, for airn or steel; The brawnie, bainie, ploughman chiel, Brings hard owrehip, wi' sturdy wheel, The strong forehammer,

Till block au' studdie ring au' reel Wi' dinsome clamour.

Burnewin-burn-the-wind-the Blacksmith

When skirlin weanles see the light, Thou maks the gossips clatter bright, How fumblin cuifs their dearies slight; Wae worth the name;

Nae howdie gets a social night, Or plack frae them.

When neebors anger at a plea, An' just as wud as wud can bc, How easy can the barley-bree Cement the quarrel!

It's aye the cheapest lawyer's fee, To taste the barrel.

Alake ! that e'er my Muse has reason To wyte her countrymen wi' treason ! But monie daily weet their weason Wi' liquors nice,

An' hardly, in a winter's season, E'er spier her price.

Wae worth that brandy, burning trash ! Fell source o' monie a pain an' brash ! Twins monie a poor, doylt, drunken hush, O' hulf his days !

An' sends, beside, auld Scotland's cash To her warst faes.

Ye Scots wha wish auld Scotland well, Ye chief, to you my tale I tell, Poor plackless dcvils like mysel! It sets you ill, Wi' bitter, deathfu' wines to mell,

Or foreign gill.

May gravels round his blether wrench, An' gouts torment him inch by inch, Wha twists his gruntle wi'a glunch O' sour disdain, Out-owre a glass of *subskew sympth* 

Out-owre a glass o' whiskey punch Wi' houest men.

O whiskey ' soul of plays an' pranks ! Accept a Bardie's humble thanks ! When wanting thee, what tuneless cranks Are my poor verses ! Thou comes—they rattle i' their ranks

At ither's a-s!

Thee, Ferintosh! O sadly lost! Scotland, lament frae coast to coast!

## POEMS,

Now colic grips, an' barkin boast, May kill us a'; For loyal *Forbes*' charter'd boast, Is taen awa !

Thae curst horse-leeches o' th' Excise, Wha mak the *whiskey* stells the prize! Haud up thy han', Deil' ance, twice, thrice, There, seize the blinkers! An' bake them up in brunstane pies For poor d-m'd drinkers.

Fortune! if thou'll but gie me still Hale breeks, a scone, au' *whiskey gill*, An' rowth o' rhyme to rave at will, Tak a' the rest, An' deal't about as thy blind skill Directs thee best.

## THE AUTHOR'S EARMEST CRY AND PRAYER<sup>®</sup> TO THE SCOTCH REPRESENTATIVES IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Dearest of distillation | last and best--How art thou lost !--

PARODY ON MILTON.

YE frish Lords, ye Knights an' Squires, Wha represent our burghs an' shires, An' doucely manage our affairs In parliament, To you a simple Poet's prayers

Are humbly sent

Alas! my roupet Muse is hearse! Your honours' heart wi' grief 'twad pierce, To see her sittin on her a—e Low i' the dust,

Au' scriechin out prosaic verse, Au' like to brust !

Tell them what has the chief direction, Scotland an' me's in great affliction, E'er sin' they laid that curst restriction On Aquavite; An' rouse them up to strong conviction,

An' rouse them up to strong conviction, An' move their pity.

\* This was written before the act anent the Scotch distilleries, of session 1786; for which Scotland and the author return their most grateful thanks.

Stand forth, an' tell yon Premier youth, The honest, open, naked truth ; Tell him o' mine au' Scotland's drouth, His servants humble: The muckle Devil blaw ye south, If ye dissemble !

Does onie great man glunch an' gloom ! Speak out, an' never fash your thumb ! Let posts an' pensions sink or soom Wi' them wha grant 'em : If honestly they cauna come, Far better want 'cm.

In gath'ring votes you were na slack ; Now stand as tightly by your tack; Ne'er claw your lug, an' fidge your back, Au' hum an' haw : But raise your arm, an' tell your crack Before them a'.

Paint Scotland greeting owre her thrissle ; Her mutchkin stoup as toom's a whissle ; An' d-mn'd excisemen in a bussle, Seizin a stell, Triumphant crushin't like a mussel Or lampit shell.

Then on the tither hand present her, A blackguard smuggler right behint her, An cheek-for-chow, a chuffie Vintner Colleaguing join, Picking her pouch as bare as winter Of a' kind coin.

Is there, that bears the name o' Scot, But feels his heart's bluid .ising het, To see his poor auld mither's pot Thus dung in stayes.

An' plunder'd o' her hindmost groat By gallows knaves ?

Alas! I'm but a nameless wight, Trode i' the mire an' out o' sight ! But could I like Montgomeries fight, Or gab like Boswell, There's some sark necks I wad draw tight, An' tie some hose well.

## FOEMS,

God bless your honours, can ye see't, The kind, auld, cantie Carlin greet, An' no get warmly to your feet, An' gar them hear it, An' tell them wi'a patriot heat,

Ye winna bear it!

Some o' you nicely ken the laws, To round the period, an' pause, An' w'' the rhetoric clause on clause To mak harangues; Then echo thro' Saint Stephen's wa's

Auld Scotland's wrangs.

Dempster, a true-blue Scot I'se warran : Thee, aith-detesting, chaste Kilkerran;\* An' that glib-gabbet highland Baron, The Laird o' Graham;†

An' ane, a chap that's d-mn'd auld farran, Dundas his name.

Erskine, a spunkie Norland billie; True Campbells, Frederick an' Ilay; Au' Livingstone, the bauld Sir Willie; An' monie lithers, Whom auld Demosthenes and Tully

Might own for brithers.

Arouse, my boys! exert your mettle, To get auld Scotland back her *kettle;* Or, faith! I'll wad my new pleugh-pettle, Ye'll see't or lang,

She'll teach you wi' a reekin whittle, Anither sang.

This while she's been in crankous mood, Her lost Militia fir'd her bluid; (Deil na they never mair do guid, Play'd her that pliskle!) An' now she's like to rin red-wud, About her whiskey.

An' L-d, if ance they pit her till't, Her tartan petitoat she'll klit, An' dirk an' pistol at her b.'t, She'll tak the streets, An' dh her whitte to the hilt, I' the first she meets

 Sir Adam Ferguson. † The present Duke of MCR trose.

For G-d's sake, Sirs ! then speak her fair An' straik her cannie wi' the hair, An' to the muckle house repair, Wi' instant speed, An' strive wi' a' your wits an' lear, To get remead. Yon ill-tongu'd tinkler, Charlie Fox, May taunt you wi' his jeers an' mocks; But gie him't het, my hearty cocks! E'en cowe the caddie : An' send him to his dicing box An' sporting lady. Tell yon guid bluid o' auld Boconnoch's I'll be his debt twa mashlum bonnocks, An' drink his health in auld Nanse Tinnock's\* Mine times a week, If he some scheme, like tea an' winnocks, Wad kindly seek. Could he some commutation broach, I'll pledge my aith in guid braid Scotch, He need na fear their foul reproach Nor erudition, Yon mixtia-maxtie queer hotch-potch, The Coalition. Auld Scotland has a raucle tongue . She's just a devil wi' a rung; An' if she promise auld or young To tak their part, Tho' by the neck she should be strung, She'll no desert. An' now, ye chosen Five-and Forty, May still your mither's heart support ye; Then, though a minister grow dorty An' kick your place, Ye'll snap your fingers, poor an' hearty, Before his face. God bless your honours a' your days, Wi' sowps o' kail an' braits o' claise, In spite o' a' the thievish kaes,

That haunt Saint Jamie's I Your humble poet sings an' prays While Rab his name is.

\* A worthy old hostess of the author's in Mauch line, where he sometimes studies polities over a glass of guid auld Scotch drink.

## POEMS.

### POSTSCRIPT.

Let half-starved slaves, in warmer skies, See future wines, rich-clust'ring, rise : Their lot auld Scotland ne'er envies, But blythe and frisky, She eyes her free born, martial boys Tak aff their whiskey.

What they their Pheebus kinder warms. While fragrance blooms and beauty charms! When wretches range, in famish'd swarms, The scented groves : Or hounded forth, dishonour arms In hungry droves!

Their gun's a burden on their shouther; They downa bide the stink o' pouther; Their bauldest thought's a hank'ring swither To stan' or in, All skelpt-a shot ;- they're aff'a throwther.

To save their skin.

But bring a Scotsman frae his hill, Clap in his cheek a Highland gill, Say, such is royal George's will, An' there's the foe. He has nae thought but how to kill Twa at a blow.

Nac cauld, faint-hearted doubtings tease him : Death comes, wi' fearless eye he sees him ; Wi' bluidy hand a welcome gies him : An' when he fa's, His latest draught o' brethin lea'es him

In faint huzzas.

Sages their solemn een may steek. An' raise a philosophic reek, An' physically causes seek, In clime an' season ;

But tell me whiskey's name in Greek, I'll tell the reason.

Scotland, my auld respected mither ! Tho' whyles ye moistify your leather, Till what ye sit, on craps o' heather, Ye thi your dam; (Freedom and wiskey gang thegither!) Tak aff your drain !

## ADDRESS TO THE DELL.

O Prince ! O Chief of many the to war. That led the embattied Scraphim to war. MILTON. O Prince ! O Chief of many throned Pow'rs,

49

O THOU ! whatever title suit thee, Auld Hornie, Satan, Nick, or Clootic, Wha in yon cavern, grim an' sootie, Clos'd under hatches, Spairges about the brunstane cooties To scaud poor wretches!

Hear me, and Hangie, for a wee, An' let poor damned bodies be; I'm sure sina' pleasure it can gie To skelp an' scaud poor dogs like me, An' hear us squeel!

Great is thy power, an' great thy fame; Far kenn'd and noted is thy name; An' tho' yon lowin heugh's thy hame, Thou travels far

An' faith thou's neither lag nor lame, Nor blate nor scaur.

Whyles ranging like a roarin lion, For prey, a' holes an' corners tryin ; Whyles on the strong-wing'd tempest flyin, Tirlin the kirks ; Whyles in the human bosom pryin,

Unseen thou lurks.

I've heard my reverend grannie say, In lanely glens ye like to stray ; Or where auld, ruin'd castles, gray, Nod to the moon,

Ye fright the nightly wand'rer's way, Wi' eldritch croon.

When twilight did my grannie summon, To say her prayers, douce, honest woman! Aft yont the dyke she's heard you hummin Wi' cerie drone; Or rustlin thro' the bootries comin, Wi' heavy groan.

Ae dreary, windy, winter night, The stars shot down wi' sklentin light; Wi' you, mysel, I gat a fright, Ayont the lough ;

Ye, like a rash-bush, stood in sight, Wi' waving sugh.

The cudgil in my nieve did shake, Each bristl'd hair stood like a stake, When, wi' an eldritch stour, quaick-quaick-Amang the springs,

Awa' ye squatter'd, like a drake, On whistling wings.

Let warlocks grim, an' wither'd hags, Tell now wi' you ou ragweed nags, They skim the muirs, an' dizzy crags, Wi' wicked speed ;

And in kinkyards renew their leagues. Owre howkit dead.

Thence countra wives, wi' toil, an' pain, May plunge an' plunge the kirn in vain; For, oh ! the yellow treasure's taen By witching skill :

An' dawtit, twal-pint *Hawkie*'s gaen As yell's the Bill.

Thence mystic knots mak great abuse, On young guidmen, fond, keen, an' crouse ; When the best wark-lume i' the house By cantrip wit,

Is instant made no worth a louse, Just at the bit.

When thowes dissolve the snawy hoord ; And float the jingling icy-boord, Then water -kelpies haunt the foord, By your direction, An' nighted trav'llers are allur'd To their destruction.

An' aft your moss-traversing Sputkies Decoy the wight that late an' drunk is: The bleezin, curst, mischievous monkies Delude his eyes,

Till in some miry slough he sunk is, Ne'er mair to rise.

When Mason's mystic word an' grip In storms an' tempests raise you up, Some cock or cat your rage maun stop, Or, strange to tell ! The youngest brother ye wad whip Aff straught to h-ll.

Long syne, in *Eden's* bonie yard, When youthfu' lovers first were pair'd, An' a' the saul of love they shar'd The raptur'd hour; Sweet on the fragrant flow'ry swaird, In shady bow'r;

Then you, ye auld, snick-drawing dog. Ye came to Paradise *incog*. An' play'd on man a cursed brogue, (Black be your ia' !)

An' gied the infant warld a shog, 'Maist ruin'd a'.

D'ye mind that day, when in a bizz, Wi' reekit duds, an' reestit gizz, Ye did present your smoutie phiz, 'Mang better folk, An' sklented on the man of Uz Your spitefu' joke ?

An' how ye gat him i' your thrall, An' brak him out o' house an' hall, While scabs and blotches did him gall, Wi' bitter claw,

An' lows'd his ill-tongu'd wicked Scawl, Was warst ava?

But a' your doings to rehearse, Your wily snares an' fetchin fierce, Sin' that day *Michael*\* did you pierce, Down to this time,

Wad ding a' Lalland tongue, or Erse, In prose or rhyme.

An' now, auld Cloots, I ken ye're thinkin A certain Bardie's rantin, drinkin, Some luckless hour will send him linkin, Tə your black pit; But, faith, he'll turn a corner jinkin,

An' cheat you yet. But, fare you weel, auld *Nickie-ben* ! O wad ye tak a thought an' men' Ye albling might—I dinna ken—

Still hae a stake-I'm wae to think upo' your den, Ev'n for your sake !

\* Vide Milton, Book VI

# POEMS.

## ON THE LATE CAPTAIN GROSE'S

#### PEREGRINATIONS THROUGH SCOTLAND, COLLECTING THE ANTIQUITIES OF THAT KINGDOM.

HEAR, land o' cakes, and brither Scots, Frae Maidenkirk to Johnny Groat's If there's a hole in a' your coats, I rede ye tent it: A chiel's amang you taking notes, And, faith, he'll prent it.

If in your bounds ye chance to light, Upon a fine, fat, fodgil wight, O' stature short, but genius bright, That's he, mark weel-And vow ! he has an unco slight

O' eauk and keel.

By some auld, houlet-haunted-biggin,\* Or kirk deserted by its riggin, It's ten to ane ye'll find him snug in Some eldritch part,

Wi' Deils, they say, L-d safe's ! colleaguin At some black art.

Ilk ghaist that haunts auld ha' or cham'er, Ye gipsey-gang that deal in glamor, And you, deep-read in hell's black grammar Warlocks and witches ; Ye'll quake at his conjuring hammer, Ye midnight b-es.

It's tauld he was a sodger bred, And ane wad rather fa'n than fled; But now he's quat the spurtle blade, And dog-skin wallet, And taen the-Antiquarian trade, I think they call it.

He has a feuth o' auld nick-nackets ! Rusty airn caps and jinglin jackets,† Wad hand the Lothians three in tackets, A towmont guid; And parritch-pats, and auld saut-backets, Before the flood.

**Vide his Antiquities of Scotland.** 

Vide his Treatise on Ancient Armour and Weapons.

Of Eve's first fire he has a cinder : Auld Tubal Cain's fire-shool and fender; That which distinguished the gender O' Balaam's ass ; A broom-stick o' the witch of Endor, Weel shod wi' brass.

Forbye he'll shape you aff, fu' gleg, The cut of Adam's philibeg : The knife that nicket Abel's craig He'll prove you fully. It was a faulding jocteleg, Or lang kail-guillie.

But wad ye see him in his glee, For meikle glee and fun has he, Then set him down, and twa or three Guid fellows wi' him: And port, O port I shine thou a wee, And they ye'll see him !

Now, by the powers o verse and prose ! Thou art a dainty chiel, O Grose ! Whae'er o' thee shall ill suppose, They sair misca' thee; I'd tak the rascal by the nose, Wad say, Shame fa' thee !

## LINES

WRITTEN IN A WRAPPER, ENCLOSING A LETTER TO CAPTAIN GROSE, TO'BE LEFT WITH MR. CARDONNEL, ANTIQUARIAN.

Tune-" Sir John Malcolm."

KEN ye aught o' Captain Grose ? Igo, and ago, If he's among his friends or foes ? Iram, coram, dago. Is he south, or is he north ? Igo, and ago, Or drowned in the river Forth? Iram, coram, dago.

Is he slain by Highland bodies ? Igo, and ago, And eaten like a weather haggis?

Iram, coram, dago

Is he to Abram's bosom gane ? Igo, and ago, Or hauden Sarah by the wane ? Iram, coram, dago.

Where'er he be, the Lord be near him : Igo, and ago, As for the Deil, he durst na steer him, Iram, coram, dago.

But please transmit the enclosed letter, Igo, and ago,

Which will oblige your humble debtor, Iram, coram, dago.

So may ye hae auld stanes in store, Igo, and ago, The very stanes that Adam bore. Iram, coram, dago.

So may ye get in glad possession, Igo, and ago, The coins o' Satan's coronation ! Iram, coram, dago.

# EPIGRAM ON CAPTAIN GROSE.

THE Deil got notice that Grose was a-dying, So whip ! at the summons, old Satan came flying ; But when he approach'd where poor Francis lay mozning, And saw each hed-post with its burden a-groaning, Aetonished ! confounded ! cry'd Satan, by G-d, 'll want 'im, cre I take such a d \_\_\_\_\_be lead.\*

\* Mr. Grose was exceedingly corputent, and used to rally himsoff with the greatest good humour, on the singular rotundity of his figure. This Epigram, written by Burne, in a moment of festivity, was so much relished by the antiquarian, that he make it serve as an excuse for prolonging the tonvirial ecca-ion that grave it birth to a very late hour.

## LINES

## ON AN INTERVIEW WITH LORD DAER.

This wot ye all whom it concerns, I Rhymer Robin, alias Burns, October twenty-third, A ne'er-to-be-forgotten day, Sae far I spreckled up the brae, I dinner'd wi' a Lord.

I've been at drucken writers' feasts, Nay, been bitch fou 'mang godly priests, Wi' rev'rence be it spoken : I've even join'd the honour'd jorum, When mighty squireships of the quorum, Their hydra drouth di sloken.

But wi' a Lord-stand out my shin, A Lord-a Peer-an Earl's son, Up higher yet, my bonnet; And sic a Lord-lang Scotch ells twa, Our peerage he o'erlooks them a',

As I look o'er my sonnet.

But oh for Hogarth's magic pow'r 1 To slow Sir Bardy's willyart glow'r, And how he star'd and stammer'd When goavan, as if led wi' branks, An' stumpin on his ploughman shanks, He in the parlour hammer'd.

I sliding shelter'd in a nook, An' at his lordship steal't a look Like some portentous omen; Except good sense and social glee, An' (what surpris'd me) modesty, I marked nought uncommon.

I watch'd the symptoms o' the great, The gentle pride, the lordly state, The arrogant assuming;

The fient a pride, nae pride had he, Nor sauce, nor state, that I could see, Mair than an honest ploughman

## POEM3,

Then toon his Lordship I shall learn, Hencelorth to meet with unconcern One rank as well's anothet : Nae honest, worthy man need care, To neet with noble, youthful Daer, For he but meets a brother.

## THE INVENTORY,

#### IT ANSWER TO A MANDATE BY THE SURVEYOR OF THE TAXES.

Sir, as your mandate did request, I send yon here a faithfu' list, O' gudes an' gear, an' a' my graith, To which I'm clear to gie my aith.

Imprimis then, for carriage cattle, I have four brutes o' gallant mettle, As ever drew afore a pettle. My Lan' afore's\* a guid auld has-been, An' wight an' wilfu' a' his days been. My Lan' ahin's† a weet gaun fillie, That aft has borne me hame frae Killie,t An' your auld burro' monie a time, In days when riding was nae crime-But ance when in my wooing pride I, like a blockhead, boost to ride, The wilfu' creature sae I pat to, (L-d pardon a' my sins an' that too !) I play'd my fillie sic a shavie, She's a' b.devil'd wi' the spavie. My *Farr ahia*'sý a wordy beast, As e'er in tug or tow was trac'd. The fourth's a Highland Donald hastis A d-n'd red-wud Kilburnie blastie Forbye a Cowt o' Cowt's the wale As ever ran afore a tail. If he be spar'd to be a beast, He'll draw me fifteen pun' at least.

Wheel carriages I hae but few, Three carts, an' twa are feekly new; Ane auid wheel-barrow, mair for token Ac leg an' baith the trans are broken;

• The fore-horse on the left-hand in the plough. The hindmost on the left-hand in the plough. Kilmarnock.

The hindmost horse on the right-hand in the plough

I made a poker o' the spin'le, An' my auld mither brunt the trin'le.

For men, I've three mischievous boys, Run deils for rantin and for noise; A gaudsman ane, a thrasher t'other, Wee Davock hauds ti e nowt in fother. I'rule them as I ought, discreetly, An' after labour them comp.eteiy. An' ay on Sundays duly nightly, I on the Questions targe them tightly ; Till faith! wee Davock's turn'd sae gleg, He'll screed y angt feffectual Calling, As fast as onie in the dwalling. I've nane in female servan' station, (L--d keep me ay frae a' temptation!) I hee na wife; and that my bliss is, An' ye have laid na tax on misses; An' then if kirk folks dinna clutch me, I ken the devils dare na touch me.

Wi' weans I'm mair than weel contented, Heav'n sent me ane mae than I wanted. My sonsie, smirking, dear-bought Bess, She stares the daddie in her face, Enough of aught ye like but grace ; But her, my bonie, sweet, wee lady, I've paid eneugh for her already, An' gin ye tax her or her mither, B' the L--d, ye'se get them a' thegither.

And now, remember, Mr. Aiken, Nae kind of license out I'm takin : Frae this time forth, 1 do declare, I'se ne'er ride horse nor hizzie mair ; Thro' dirt and duh for life I'll paidle, Ere I sae dear pay for a saddle ; My travel a' on foot I'll slank it, 've sturdy bearers, Gude be thankit.

The kirk an' you may tak you that, It puts but little in your pat: Sae dinna put me in your buke, Nor for my ten white shillings luke.

This list, wi' my ain hand I wrote it, Day and date as under notit, Then know all ye whom it concerns, Subscripsi huic, ROBERT BURNS.

Mossgiel, Feb. 22, 1786. Vol. II.

## TO A LOUSE,

ON SEEING ONE ON A LADY'S BONNET AT CHURCE.

HA! whare ye gaun, ye crowlin ferlie ! Your impudence protects you sairly ; I canna say but ye strunt rarely Owre gauze and lace ;

Tho' faith, I fear ye dine but sparely On sic a place.

Ye ugly, creepin, blastit wonner, Detested, shunn'd, by saun and sinner, Ilow dare ye set your fit u; on her, Sae fine a lady !

Gae somewhere else, and seek your dinner On some poor body.

Swith. in some beggar's haffet squattle: There ye may creep, and sprawl, and sprattle Wi' ither kindred jumpin cattle, In shoals and nations:

Whare horn nor bane ne'er dare unsettle Your thick plantations,

Now haud ye there, ye're out o' sight, Below the fatt'rils, snug an' tight: Na, faith ye yet! ye'll no be right Till ye'ye got on it,

The vera tapmost, tow'ring height, O' Miss's bonnet.

My sooth ! right bauld ye set your nose out, As plump and gray as onie grozet; O for some rank, mercurial rozet, Or fell red smeddum,

Yd gie yon sic a hearty doze o't, Wad dress your droddum !

I wad na been surpris'd to spy You on an auld wife's flainen toy; Or aiblens some bit duddie boy, Ou's wyliecoat;

But Miss's fine Lunardi ! fie, How dare you do't !

O, Jenny, dinna toss your head, An' set your beautics a' abread ! Ye little ken what cursed speed

The blastie's makin !

Thae winks and finger-ends, I dread, Are notice takin !

O wad some Pow'r the giftie gie us To see oursels as others see us ! It wad frae monie a blunder free us And foolish notion ; What airs in dress an' gait wad lea'e us, And ev'n Devotion !

# -ADDRESS TO THE TOOTH-ACHE.

My curse upon thy venom'd stang, That shoots my tortur'd gums alang; An' thro' my logs gies monie a twang, Wi' guawing vengeance; Tearing my nerves wi' bitter paug,

Like racking engines !

When fevers burn, or ague freezes, Rheumatics gnaw, or colic squeezes, Our neighbour's sympathy may ease us, Wi' pitying moan ; ' But thee—thou hell o' a' diseases,

Ay mocks our groan !

Adown my beard the slavers trickle ! I throw the wee stools o'er the mickle, As round the fire the giglets keckle To see me loup;

While raving mad I wish a heckle Were in their doup.

O' a' the num'rous human dools, Ill har'sts, daft bargains, cutty-stools, Or worthy friends rack'd i' the mools, Sad sight to see!

The tricks o' knaves, or fash o' fools, Thou bear'st the gree.

Where'er that place be priests ca' hell, Whence a' the tunes o' mis'ry yell, And ranked plagues their numbers tell, In dreadfu' raw, Thou, Tooth ache, surely bear'st the bell

Amang them a' !

O thou grim mischief-making chiel, That gars the notes of discord squeel, Till daft mankind aft dance a reel

in gore a shoe-thick ; Gle a' the face o' Scotland's weal A tow moond's 'Teeth-ache'

# TO A HAGGIS.

FAIR fa' your honest, sonsie face, Great chieftain o' the puddin-race! Aboon them a' ye tak your place, Painch, tripe, or thairm: Weel are ye wordy of a grace As lang's my arm.

The groaning trencher there you fill, Your hurdies like a distant hill, Your *pin* wad help to mend a mill In time o' need, While they' your percents the down distil

While thro' your pores the dews distil Like amber bead.

His knife see rustic labour dight, An' cut you up wi' ready slight, Trenching your gushing entrails bright, Like onie ditch ; And then, O what a glorious sight, Warm-reeking, rich !

Then horn for horn they stretch an' strive, Deil tak the hindmost, on they drive; Till a' their weel-swall'd kytes belyve Are bent like drums,

Then auld guidman, maist like to rive, Bethankit hums.

Is there that o'er his French ragout, Or olio that wad staw a sow, Or fricasse wad mak her spew Wi' perfect sconner, Looks down wi' sneering, scornfu' view On sic a dinner?

Poor Devil ! see him owre his trash, As feckless as a wither'd rash, His spindle-shank, a guid whip-lash, His nieve a nit; Thro' bloody flood or field to dash,

O how funt !

But mark the rustic, haggis-fed, The trembling earth resounds his tread, Clap in his walie nieve a blade, Ile'll mak it whistle: An' legs, an' arms, an' heads will sned,

Like taps o' thissle.

Ye Pow'rs wha mak mankind your care, And dish them out their bill o' fare, Auld Scotland wants na skinking ware That jamps in luggies; But, if ye wish her gratefu' pray'r, Gie her a Haggis i

## THE HOLY FAIR.\*

A robe of seeming truth and trust Hid crafty Observation; And secret hung, with poison'd crust, The dirk of Defamation : A mask that like the gorget show'd, Dye-varying on the pigeon; And for a mantle large and broad, He wrapt him in Religion. HypocRisty A-LA-MODE

I.

Uron a simmer Sunday morn, When Nature's face is fair, I walked forth to view the corn, An' snuff the caller air, Thy rising sun owre Galston muirs, Wi' glorious light was glintin; The hares were hirplin down the furs, The lav'rocks they were chantin Fu' sweet that day.

Ι.

As lightsomely I glowr'd abroad, To see a scene sae gay, Three Hizzies, early nt the road Cam skelpin up the way; Twa had manteeles o' dolefu' black, But ane wi'l lyart lining; The third, that gaed a-wee-a-back. Was in the fashion shining, Fu' gay that day.

 Holy Pair is a common phrase in the west of Scotland for a sacramental occasion.

## III.

The twa appear'd like sisters twin, In feature, form, an' claes ;

Their visage, wither'd, lang, an' thin, An' sour as onie slaes ;

The third cam up, hap-step-an'-lour, As light as onie lambie,

An' wi' a curchie low did stoop, As soon as e'er she saw me, Fu' kind that day.

#### IV.

Wi' bonnet aff, quoth I, " Sweet lass, I think ye seem to ken me; I'm sure I've seen that bonie face,

But yet I canna name ye."

Quo' she, an' laughing as she spak, An' taks me by the hands,

" Ye, for my sake, hae gien the feck Of a' the ten commands

A screed some day.

#### v.

" My name is Fun-your cronie dear, The nearest friend ye hae ; An' this is Superstition here, An' that's Hypocrisy.

I'm gaun to -- Holy Fair, To spend an hour in daffin ;

Gin ye'll go thare, yon runkl'd pair, We will get famous laughin At them this day."

#### VI.

Quoth I, " With a' my heart, I'll do't; I'll get my Sunday's sark on, An' meet you on the holy spot; Faith we'se hae fine remarkin !" Then I gaed hame at crowdie time, An' soon I made me ready; For roads were clad, frae side to side,

Wi' monie a weary body, In droves that day.

#### VII.

Here farmers gash, in ridin graith, Gacd hoddin by their cotters; There, swankles, young, in braw braid cloth Are springin o'er the gutters;

The lasses, skelpin barefit, thrang, In silks an' cearlets glitter; Wi' smeet-milk cheese, in monie a whang, An' farls bak'd wi' butter Fn' crump that day.

#### VIII.

When by the plate we set our nose, Weel heaped up wi'he'pence, A greedy glowr Black Bonnet throws, An' we maun draw our tippence. Then in we go to see the show, On ev'ry side they're gathrin, Some carrying dales, some chairs an' stoel, An' some are busy blethrin Right loud that day.

#### IX.

Here stands a shed to fend the show'rs, An' screen our countra gentry, There racer Jess, an' twa-three wh-res, Are blinkin at the entry. Here sits a raw of tittlin jades, Wi' heaving breast and hare neck, An' there a batch of wabster lads, Blackguarding frae K—ck, For fun this day,

#### х.

Here some are thinking on their sins, An' some upo' their claes;

Ane curses feet that fyl'd his shins, Anither sighs an' plays : On this hand sits a chosen swatch,

Wi' screw'd up grace-proud faces; On that a set o' chaps at watch,

Thrang winkin on the lasses

To chairs that day.

#### XI.

O happy is that man an' blest! Nae wonder that it pride him !

Whase ain dear lass, that he likes best, Comes clinkin down beside him ! Wi' arm repos'd on the chair back,

He sweetly does compose him !

Which, by degrees, slips round her neck, An's loof upon her bosom,

Unkenn'd that day.

# POEMS.

#### XII.

Now a' the congregation o'er Is silent expectation ; For ----- speels the holy door, W1' tidings o' d- mn-t-n. Should *Hornie*, as in ancient days, 'Mang sons o' G— present him, The very sight o' ——'s face, To's ain het hame had sent him Wi' fright that day.

#### XIII.

Hear how he clears the points o' faith Wi' rattlin an' wi' thumpin ! Now meekly calm, now wild in wrath, He's stampin, an' he's jumpin !

His lengthen'd chin, his turn'd-up snout,

His eldritch squeel and gestures,

O how they fire the heart devout, Like cantharidian plasters, On sic a day !

## XIV.

But hark ! the tent has chang'd its voice : There's peace an' rest nae langer; For a' the real judges rise, They canna sit for anger.

- opens out his cauld harangues, On practice and on morals; An' aff the godly pour in thrangs, To gie the jars an' barrels

#### A lift that day.

#### XV.

What signifies his barren shine, Of moral pow'rs and reason ? His English style, an' gesture fine, Are a' clean out o' season,

Like Socrates or Antonine, Or some auld pagan Heathen, The moral man he does define, But ne'er a word o' faith in

That's right that day.

#### XVI.

In guid time comes an antidote Against the poison'd nostrum; For -, frae the water-fit, Ascends the holy rostrum :

### Sae, up he's got the word o' G--, An' meek an' mim has view'd it, While Common Sense has taen the road, An' aff, an' up the Cowgate,\* Fast, fast, that day.

## XVII.

Wee, niest, the guard relieves,	
An' Orthodoxy raibles,	
Tho' in his heart he weel between	es.
An' thicks it auld wives f	s:
But, faith ! the birkie wants :	inse,
So, cannily he hums them	
Altho' his carnal wit and sens	
Like hafflins ways o'ercome	m
At times that de	

## XVIII.

Now butt an' ben, the Change-house fills Wi' yill-caup Commentators: Here's crying out for bakes and gills, An' there the pint stowp clatters; While thick an' thrang, an' loud an' lang, Wi'Logic, an' wi' Scripture, They raise a din, that in the end, Is like to breed a rupture O' wrath that day.

## XIX.

Leeze m 'n drink ! it gies us mair Than e 'er school or college : It kindles t, tit wankens lair, It pangs t fou o' knowledge. Be't whiskey gill, or prany wheep, Or onie stronger potion, It never fails, on drinking deep, To kittle up our notion By night or day.

### XX.

The lads an' lasses blithely bent To mind baith sau! an' body, Sit round the table weel content, An' steer about the toddy.

A street so called, which faces the tent in -----

## FOEMS,

On this ane's dress, an' that ane's leuk, They're making observations; While some are cozie i' the neuk, An' formin' assignations, To meet some day

#### XXI.

But now the L-d's ain trumpet touts, Till a' the hills are rairin, An' echoes back return the shouts:

Black ——— is na spairin : His piercing words, like Highland swords,

Divide the joints an' marrow :

His talk o' H-ll, where devils dwell, Our vera souls does harrow\* Wi' fright that day.

#### XXII.

A vast, unbottom'd, boundless pit, Fli'd fou o' lowin brunstane, Wha's raging flame, an' scorchin heat,

Wad melt the hardest whunstane ! The half-asleep start up wi' fear,

An' think they hear it roarin,

When presently it does appear,

Twas but some neebor snorin

Asleep that day.

### XXIII.

'Twad be over lang a tale to tell How monie stories past, An' how they crowded to the yill, When they were a' dismist : How drink gaed round, in cogs an' caups, Amang the furns an' benches; An' cheese an' bread, frae women's laps, Was dealt about in lunches

Au' dawds that day.

#### XXIV.

In comes a gaucie, gash Gaudwife, An' sits down by the fire, Syne draws her kebbuck an' her knife, The lasses they are shyer.

\* Shakspeare's Hamlet.

25

The auld Guidmen, about the grace, Frae side to side they bother, Till some ane by his bonnet lays, An' gies them't like a tether, Fu' lang that day.

## XXV.

Waesucks! for him that gets nae lass, Or lasses that hae naething! Sma' need has he to say a grace, Or melvie his brave claithing! O wives, be mindfu' ance yoursel, How bonie lads ye wanted,

An' dinna, for a kebbuck-heel, I et lasses be affronted

On sic a day!

## XXVI.

Now Clinkumbell, wi' rattlin tow, Begins to jow an' croon : Some swagger hame the best they dow, Some wait the afternoon. At slaps the billies halt a blink, Till lasses strip their shoon : Wi' faith and hope, an' love an' drink,

They're a' in famous tune,

For crack that day.

### XXVII.

How monie hearts this day converts, O' sinners and o' lasses!

Their hearts o' stane, gin night are gane, As saft as onie flesh 's.

There's some are fou o' love divine ; There's some are fou o' brandy ;

An' monie jobs that day begin, May end in Houghmagandie Some ither day.

# THE ORDINATION.

For sense they little owe to frugal Heav'n-To please the mob they hide the little giv'n. [.

KILMARNOCK wabsters fidge an' claw, An' pour your creeshie nations ;

## FCE.MS.

An' ye wha leather rax an' draw, Of a' denominations, Swith to the Laigh Kirk, ane an' a' An' there tak up your stations; Then aff to B-gb-'s in a raw, An' pour divine libations

For joy this day.

Curst Common Sense, that imp o' h-li, Cam in wi' Maggie Lauder;\* But O\_\_\_\_\_\_ aft maggie Lander;\* An' R\_\_\_\_\_\_ sair misca'd her; This day M'\_\_\_\_\_\_ tob ----- takes the flail, And he's the boy will blaud her ! He'll clap a shangan on her tail, An' set the bairns to daub her Wi' dirt this day.

## III.

Mak haste, an' turn King David owre. An' lift wi' holy clangour; O' double verse come gie us four, \_\_An' skirl up the Bangor; This day the Kirk kicks up a stour,

Nae mair the knaves shall wrang her. For heresy is in her pow'r, An' gloriously she'll wang her

Wi' pith this day.

#### IV.

Come, let a proper text be read, An' touch it aff wi' vigour,

How graceless Hamt leugh at his Dad, Which made Canaan a niger ;

Or Phineast drove the murdering blade

Wi' wh-re-abhorring rigour ; Or Zipporahy, the scaulding jade, Was like a bluidy tiger

I' th' inn that day.

\* Alluding to a scoffing ballad which was made on the ad mission of the late reverend and worthy Mr. L. to the Laigh Kirk.

† Genesis, c. ix. ver. 22. & Exodus, ch. iv. vcr. 25. 1 Numbers, c. XIV. ver. 8.

v.

Fhere, try his mettle on the creed, And bind him down wi' cantion, That Stipend is a carnal weed He taks but for the fashion ; And gie him o'er the flock, to feed, And punish each transgression : Especial, rams that cross the breed. Gie them sufficient threshin.

Spare them nae day.

#### VI.

Now auld Kilmarnock, cock thy tail, And toss thy horns fu' canty; Nac mair thou'lt rowte out-owre the d Because thy pasture's scarty; For lapfu's large o' gospel kuil Shall fill thy crib in plenty, An' runts o' grace the pick and wale, No gien by way o' dainty, But ilka day.

Nae mair by Babel's streams we'll weep To think upon our Zion; And hing our fiddles up to sleep, Like baby-clouts a-dryin. Come, screw the pegs wi' tunefu' cheep, And o'er the thairms be tryin : Oh, rare ! to see our elbucks wheep, An' a' like lamb-tails flying Fu' fast this day ! VIII.

Lang patronage, wi' rod o' airn Has shor'd the kirk's undoin.

As lately F-nw-ck, sair forfairn,

Has proven to its ruin :

Our Patron, honest man ! Glencairn, He saw mischief was brewin :

And, like a godly elect bairn, He's wal'd us out a true ane,

And sound this day.

IX.

- harangue nae mair, Now R-But steek your gab for ever: Or try the wicked town of Ayr,

For there they'll think you clever:

# FOEMS.

Or, nae reflection on your lea." Ye may commence a shaver; Or to the N-th-rt-n repair, And turn a carpet weaver Aff-hand this day.

## X.

RI-- and you were just a match, We never had sic twa drones; Auld Hornie did the Laigh Kirk watch. Just like a winkin bandrons: And ay he catch'd the tither wretch. To fry them in his candrons ;

But now h. benour maun detach, Wi' a' his trinistone squadrons, Fast, fast this day.

See, see au'd Orthodoxy's faes She's swingein thro' the city :

Hark, how the nine-tail'd cat she plays ?

I vow it's unco pretty : There, Learning, with his Greekish face, Grunts out some Latin ditty ;

And Common Sense is gaun, she says, To mak to Jamie Beattie

Her plaint this day.

But there's Morality himsel, Embracing all opinious ;

Hear, how he give the tither yell,

Between his twa companions

See, now she peels the skin an' fell,

As the were peeling onions!

Now there-they're packed aff to h-ll, And banish'd our dominions,

Henceforth this day.

#### XIII.

O happy day, rejoice, rejoice! Come, bouse about the porter ! Morality's demure decoys,

Shall here nae mair find quarter : M -, R-- are the boys, That Heresy can torture :

They'll gie her on a rape a hoyse, And cow her measure shorter By the head some day

# XIV.

Come, bring the tither mutchkin fn, And here's for a conclusion, To every New Light mother's son, From this time forth, Confusion ; If mair they deave us with their din, Or Patronage intrusion, We'll light a spunk, and, ev'ry skin, We'll rin them aff in fusion Like oil, some day.

# ADDRESS

## TO THE UNCO GUID, OR RIGIDLY RIGHTEOUS.

My son, these maxims make a rule, And lump them ay thegither; The rigid righteous is a fool, The rigid wise anither; The cleauest corn that e'er was dight May hae some pyles o' caff in; So ne'er a fellow-creature slight For random fits o' daffin. SOLOMON .- ECCLES. ch. vii. ver. 16,

O ve wha are sae guid yoursel, Sae pious and sae holy, Ye've nought to do but mark and tele Your neebor's faults and folly ! Whase life is like a weel-gaun mill, Supply'd wi' store o' water, The heapit happer's ebbing still, And still the clap plays clatter.

#### H.

Hear me, ye venerable core, As counsel for poor mortals,

That frequent pass douce Wisdom's door, For glaiket Folly's portals ;

I, for their thoughtless, careless sakes, Would here propone defences, Their donsie tricks, their black mistakes,

Their failings and mischances.

## III.

Ye see your state wi' their's compar'd, And shudder at the niffer, But cast a moment's fair regard, What makes the mighty differ :

Discount what scant occasion gave, That purity ye pride in, And (what's aft mair than a' the lave)

Your better art o' hiding.

## IV.

Think, when your castigated pulse Gies now and then a wallop, What ragings must his veins convulse, That still eternal gallop: Wi' wind and tide fair i' your tall,

Right on ye scud your sea-way: But in the teeth o' baith to sail,

It makes an unco leeway.

#### 7.

See social life and glee sit down, All joyous and unthinking, Till quite transmugrify'd, they're grown Debauchery and drinking :

O, would they stay to calculate Th' eternal consequences;

Or your more dreaded hell to state, Damnation of expenses !

#### VL

Ye high, exalted, virtuous dames, Ty'd up in godly laces,

Before ye gie poor *frailty* names, Suppose a change o' cases :

A dear lov'd lad, convenience snug,

A treacherous inclination-But, let me whisper i' your lug,

Ye're aiblins nae temptation.

#### VII.

Then gently scan your brother man, Still gentler sister woman;

Tho' they may gaug a kenning wrang; To step as k is human:

One point must still be greatly dark, The moving why they do it;

And just as namely can ye mark, How far perhaps they rue it.

# VIII.

Who made the heart, 'tis he alone Decidedly can try us,

He knows each chord, its various tone, Each spring-its various bias; Then at the balance let's be mute.

We never can adjust it :

What's done we parily may compute, But know not what's resisted.

# THE TWA HERDS."

O A' ye nous, godly flocks, Well fed on pastures orthodox, Wha now will keep you frae the for, Or worrying tykes, Or wha will tent the waifs and crocks, About the dykes ?

The twa best herds in a' the wast, That e'er gae gospel horn a blast, These five-and-twenty summers past, O' dool to tell, Hae had a bitter, black out-cast Atween themsel.

O M-y, man, and wordy R-ll, How could you raise so vile a bustle ? Ye'll see how new-light herds will whistle, And think it fine. The L-d's cause ne'er gat sic a twistle, Sin' I hae min'.

O, Sirs ! whae'er wad hae expeckit, Your duty ye wad sae negleckit, Ye wha were ne'er by lairds respeckit, To wear the plaid, But by the brutes themselves eleckit, To be their guide.

• This piece was among the first of our author's productions which he submitted to the public, and was occasioned by a dispute between two clergymen, near Kilmarnock. VOL. II.

What flock wi' M-y's flock could rank, Sar hale and hearty every shank, Na poison'd, sour, Arminian stank, He let them taste, J ae Calvin's well, ay clear they drank,

O sic a feast!

The thummart wil'-cat, brock, and tod, Weel kenn'd his voice thro' a' the wood, He smell'd their ilka hole and road, Baith out and in, And weel he lik'd to shed their bluid. And sell their skin.

What herd like R-----ll tell'd his tale. His voice was heard thro' muir and dale. He kenn'd the Lord's sheep, ilka tail. O'er a' the height, And saw gin they were sick or hale, At the first sight.

He fine a mangy sheep could scrub. Or nobly fling the gospel club, And new-light herds could nicely drub, Or pay their skin, Could shake them o'er the burning dub; Or heave them in.

Sic twa !-- O, do I live to see't ! Sic famous twa should disagreet, An' names, like villain, hypocrite, Ilk ither gi'en, While new-light herds, wi' laughin spite, Say neither's dein' !

A' ye wha tent the gospel fauld, There's D -n deep, and Ps shaul. But chiefly thou, apostle A-d, We trust in thee, That thou wilt work them, hot and cauld, Till they agree.

Consider, Sirs, how we're beset, But comes frae 'mang that cursed set, I winna name, I hope frae heav'n to see them yet In fiery flame.

D--e has been lang our fae. M'---- Il has wrought us meikle wae, And that curs'd rascal ca'd M--e, And baith the S---a. That aft hae made us black and blae, Wi' vengefu' paws.

Auld W-w lang has hatch'd mischiet, We thought ay death wad bring relief But he has gotten, to our grief, Ane to succeed him.

A chiel wha'll soundly buff our beef I meikle dread him.

And monie a ane that I could tell. Wha fain would openly rebel, Forbye turn-coats amang oursel, There S-h for ane, I doubt he's but a gray nick quill, An' that ye'll fin'.

O! a' ye flocks, o'er a' the hills, By mosses, meadows, moors, and fells, Come join your connsels and your skills To cowe the lairds, And get the brutes the power themsels To choose their herds

Then Orthodoxy yet may prance, And Learning in a woody dance. And that fell cur ca'd Common Sense, That bites sae sair, Be banish'd o'er the sea to France ; Let him bark there.

Then Shaw's and D'rymple's eloquence M'Q-'s pathetic manly sense, And guid M'--h, Wi' S-th, wha thro' the heart can glance May a' pack aff.

## THE CALF.

#### TO THE REV. MR. ---

On his Text, Malachi, ch. iv. ver. 2 "And they shall gs

forth, and grow up, like calves of the stall." RIGHT, Sir ! your text l'll prove it true, Tho' Heretics may langh;

For instance, there's yoursel just now, God knows, an unco Calj'l

And should some Patron be so kind, As bless you wi' a kirk,

I doubt na, Sir, but then we'll find, Ye're still as great a Stirk.

But, if the lover's raptur'd hour Shall ever be your lot,

Forbid it, cv'ry heavenly Power, You e'er should be a Stat !

Tho' when some kind, counubial dear, Your but-and-ben adorns,

The like has been, that you may wear A noble head of horns.

And in your lug, most reverend James, To hear you roar and rowte

To hear you roar and rowte, Few men o' sense will doubt your claims To rank among the nowte,

And when ye're number'd wi' the dead, Below a grassy hillock,

Wi' justice they may mark your head-"Here lies a famous Bullock !"

### HOLY WILLIE'S PRAYER.

O THOU, wha in the heavens dost dwell, Wha, as it pleases best thysel', Sends and to heaven and ten to hell, A' for thy glory,

And no for ony guid or ill They've done afore thee!

I bless and praise thy matchless might, Whan thousands thou hast left in mght, That I am here after thy sight, For gifts an' grace,

A burnin an' a shinin light, To a' this place.

What was I, or my generation, That I should get such exaltation ? I, wha deserve sic just damnation, For broken laws, Five thousand years 'fore my creation, Thro' Adam's cause.

When frae my mither's womb I fell, Thou might hae plunged me into hell. To gnash my gunis, to weep and wail, In burnin lake,

Whare damned devils roar and yell, Chain'd to a staik.

Yet I ani here, a chosen sample, To show thy grace is great an' a zie; I'm here a pillar in thy temple, Strong as a rock,

A guide, a buckler, an' example To a' thy flock.

O L-d, thou kens what zeal I bear, When drinkers drink, and swearers swear, And singin there, and dancin here, Wi great an' sma': For I am keepit by thy fear,

Free frae them a'.

But yet, O L-d! confess I must, At times I'm fash'd wi' fleshly lust, An' sometimes too, wi' warldly trust Vile self gets in ! But thou remembers we are dust, Defit'd in sin.

Besides, I farther maun allow, Wi' Lizzie's lass, three times I trow; But, L-d, that Friday I was fou, When I came near her, Or else, thou kens thy servant true Wad ne'er hae steer'd her

. . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Maybe thou lets this fleshly thorn, Beset thy servant e'en and morn, Lest he owre high and proud should turn, 'Cause he's sae gifted ; If sae, thy han' maun e'en be borne,

Until thou lift it.

## POEM3,

L-d, bless thy chosen in this place, For here thou hast a chosen race; But G-d confound their stubborn face, And blast their name, Wha bring thy elders to disgrace, An' public shame.

L-d, mind G-n H-n's deserts, He drinks, an' swears, an' plays at carts, Yet has sae monie takin arts, Wi'grit an' sma', Frae G-d's ain priest the people's hearts

Frae G—d's ain priest the people's hearts He steals awa'.

An' whan we chasten'd him therefor, Thou kens how he bred sic a splore, An set the warld in a roar

O' laughin at us; Curse thou his basket and his store, Kail an' potatoes.

L-d, hear my earnest cry an' pray'r, Against that presbyt'ry o' Ayr; Thy strong right hand, L-d, make it bare, Upo' their heads,

L-d, weigh it down, and dinna spare, For their misdeeds.

O L--d, my G-d, that glib-tongu'd A---a, My very heart an' saul are quakin, To think how we stood sweatin, shakin, An' d-d wi' dread, While he, wi' hinging jips and snakin,

Held up his head.

L-d, in the day of vengeance try him, L-d, visit them wha did employ him, An' pass not in thy mercy by 'em, Nor hear their pray'r;

But for thy people's sake, destroy 'em, And dinna spare.

But, L-d, remember me and mine Wi' mercies temp'ral and divine, That I for gear and grace m ty shine, Excell'd by nane; An' a' the glory shall be thine,

Amen, Amen.

## EPITAPII ON HOLY WILLIE.

HERE Holy Willie's sair-worn clay Takes up its last abode ; His sant has taen some other way,

I fear the left-hand road.

Stop ! there he is as sure's a gun, Poor silly body, see him ; Nae wonder he's as black's the grun,

Observe wha's standing wi' him.

Your brunstane devilship, I see, Has got him there before ye; But hand your nine-tail cat a-wee,

Till ance you've heard my story.

Your pity I will not implore, For pity ye hae name; Justice, alas ! has gien him o'er, And mercy's day is gaen.

But hear me, Sir, Deil as ye are, Look something to your credit : A coof like him wad stain your name,

If it were kent ye did it.

# THE KIRK'S ALARM.\*

### A SATIRE.

CRTHODOX, Orthodox, wha believe in John Knox, Let me sound an alarm to your conscience: There's a heretic blast has been blawn in the wast, That what is no sense must be nonsense.

Dr. Mac, † Dr. Mac, you should stretch on a rack, To strike evil-doers wi' terror;

To join faith and sense upon onie pretence, Is heretic, damnable error.

Town of Ayr, Town of Ayr, it was mad, I declare, To meddle wi' mischief a brewing;

Provost John is still deaf to the church's relief, And orator Bob; is its ruin.

\* This point and of Dr. M'Gill's Essay. \* R-----t A-k-n. \* This poem was written a short time after the publication

60 FOEMS. D'rymple mild, \* D'rymple mild, tho' your heart's like a child, And your life like the new driven snaw, Yet that winna save ye, auld Satan must hae ye, For preaching that three's ane and twa. Rumble John, † Rumble John, mount the steps wi' a groan. Cry the book is wi' heresy cramm'd; Then lug out your lad!e, deal brimstone like adle, And roar every note of the damn'd. Simper James, 1 Simper James, leave the fair Killie dames, There's a holier chase in your view I'll lay on your head, that the pack ye'll soon lead. For puppies like you there's but few. singet Sawney, & Singet Sawney, are ye herding the penny, Unconscious what evils await? Wi' a jump, yell, and howl, alarm every soul, For the foul thief is just at your gate. Daddy Auld, || Daddy Auld, there's a tod in the fauld, A tod meikle waur than the Clerk ; Tho' ye can do little skaith, ye'll be in at the death, An' gif ye canna bite, ye may bark. Davie Bluster, I Davie Bluster, if for a saint ye do muster, The corps is no nice of recruits : Yet to worth let's be just, royal blood ye might boast, If the ass was the king of the brutes. Jamy Goose, \*\* Jamy Goose, ye hae made but toom roose In hunting the wicked lieutenant; But the Doctor's your mark, for the L-d's haly ark, He has cooper'd, and caw'd a wrang pin in't. Poet Willie, # Poet Willie, gie the doctor a volley, Wi' your liberty's chain and your wit; O'er Pegasus' side ye ne'er laid astride, Ye but smelt, man, the place where he sh-t. Andro Gouk,4‡ Andro Gouk, ye may slander the book, And the book not the waur, let me tell ye ! Ye are rich, and look big, but lay by hat and wig, And ye'll hae a calf's head o' sma' value. \* Mr. D - m - lc. † Mr. R-ss-ll. ‡ § Mr. M - y. || Mr. A - d.of O - l - e. \*\* Mr. Y - g of C - n - k.1 Mr. M'K-y. 1 Mr. O-6 k. 11 Mr. 11 Dr. A. M-11. -b-s of A-r.

Barr Steenic,\* Barr Steenie, what mean ye ! what mean ye ! If ye'll meddle nae mair wi' the matter, Ye may hae some pretence to havins and sense, Wi' people wha ken ye nae better. Irvine Side,† Irvine Side, wi' your turkey-cock pride, Of manhood but sma' is your share; Ye've the figure, 'tis true, even your faes will allow, And your friends they dare grant ye nae mair. Muirland Jock, 1 Muirland Jock, when the L-d makes a rock To crush Common Sense for her sins, If ill manners were wit, there's no mortal so fit To confound the poor doctor at once. Holy Will, § Holy Will, there was wit i' your skull When ye pilfer'd the alms o' the poor; The timmer is scant, when ye're taen for a saint, Wha should swing in a rape for an hour. Calvin's sons, Calvin's sons, seize your sp'ritual guns, Ammunition you never can need; Your hearts are the stuff, will be powther enough, And your skulls are store-houses o' lead. Poet Burns, Poet Burns, wi' your priest-skelping turns, Why desert ye your auld native shire? Your muse is a gipsic, e'en tho' she were tipsic, She could ca' us nae waur than we are.

## LETTER TO JOHN GOUDIE, KILMARNOCK,

ON TEE PUBLICATION OF HIS ESSAYS.

O Govnig ! terror o' the whigs, Dread o' black coats and rev'rend wigs, Soor bigotry, on her last legs, Girnin looks back, Wishing the ten Egyptian plagues Wad seize you quick.

Poor gapin, glowrin Superstition, Waes me, she's in a sad condition; Fly, bring Back-Jock, her state physician, To see her w-ter; Alss! there's ground o' great suspicion fibe'll ne'er get better.

\* B-n Y-g of B-r. t Mr. S-h of G-n 1 Mr S-d. S An elder in M-c.

Auld Orthodoxy lang did grapple, But now she's got an unco ripple, Haste, gie her name up i' the chapel

Nigh unto death; See how she fetches at the thrapple, An' gasps for breath.

Enthusiasm's past redemption, Gaen in a galloping consumption, Not a' the quacks wi' a' their gumption, Will ever mend her,

Her feeble pulse gies strong presumption, Death soon will end her.

'Tis you and Taylor\* are the chief, Wha are to blame for this mischief; But gin the Lord's ain focks gat leave, A toom tar-barre!

An' twa red peats wad send relief, An' end the quarrel.

#### A DEDICATION TO GAVIN HAMILTON, ESQ.

Expect na, Sir, in this uarration, A fleeching, fieth'rin dedication, To ronse you up, an' ca' you guid, An sprung o' great an' noble blui 1, Because ye're surnani'd like his gracc, Perhaps related to the race; Then when I'm tir'd-and sae are ye, Wi' mony a fulsome sinfu'lie, Set up a face, how I stop short, For fear your modesty be hurt.

This may do-maun do, Sir, wi' them wha Mann please the great folk for a wanefou; For me! sae laigh I needna bow, For, Lord be thankit, I can plough; And when I downa yoka a naig, Then, L-d be thankit, I can brg; Sae I shall say, an' that's nae flatt'rin, It's just sic Poet, an 's ic Patron.

The Poet, some guid angel help him, Or else, I fear some ill ane skelp him, He may do weel for a' he's done yet, But only he's no just begun yet.

\* Dr. Taylor of Norwich,

The Patron, (Sir, ye maun forgie me, I whma lie, come what will o' me,) On ev'ry hand it will allow'd be, Ile's just nae better than he should be.

I readily and freely grant, He downa see a poor man want: What's no his ain lie winna tak it, What a noc he says he winna break it, Ongh he can lend he'll no refus't, Till aft his goodness is alas'd: And rascals whyles that do him wrang, Ev'n that, he does not mind it lang: As master, landlord, hus'saud, father He does na fail his part in either.

But then, not thanks to him for a' that Nae godly symptom ye can ca' that, It's naching but a milder feature, Of our poor, sinfa', corrupt nature? Ye'll get the best o' norai works, 'Mang black Gentoos and pagan Turks Or hunters wild on *Ponetazi*, Wha never heard of orthodoxy: That he's the poor man's friend in need, It's no thro' terror of d-mnation : It's just a carnal inclination.

Morality ! thou deadly bane, Thy tens o' thousands thon hast slain ! Vain is his hope, whose stay and trust is In moral mercy, truth, and justice !

No—stretch a point to catch a plack; Abuse a brother to his back; Real thro' a winnock frae a where, But point to the rake that takes the *door*; Be to the poor like onic whunstane, And haud their noses to the grunstane; Ply every art o' legal thieving; No matter, stick to sound believing.

Learn three-mile prayers, and half-mile graces, WP weel-spiend looves, an' long wry faces; Grunt up a solenn, lengthen'd groan, And dunn a' parties bat your own; Pil warrant then, ye're nae deceiver, A steady, sturdy, staunch believer.

## POLMS,

O ye wha leave the springs of C-lo-n, For gunlie duds of your ain delvin! Ye sons of heresy and error, Ye'll some day squeel in quakin terror! When Vengeance draws the sword in wrath, And in the fire throws the sheath ; When Ruin, with his sweeping besom, Just frest till heav'n commission gies him; While o'er the harp pale mis'ry moans, And strikes the ever-deepining tones, Still louder shrieks, and heavier groans !

Your pardon, Sir, for this digression, I maist forgat my *Dedication*? But when Divinity comes cross me, My readers still are sure to lose me.

So, Sir, ye see 'twas nae daft vapour, But I matarely thought it proper, When a' my works I did review, To dedicate them, Sir, to yaw: Because (ye need ua tak itil) I thought them something like yoursel.

Then patronise them wi'your favour, And your petitioner shall ever— I had amaist said, ever prag, But that's a word I need na say; For prayin I hae little skill o't; I'm haith dead-sweer, an' wretched ill o't; But I'se repeat each poor naa's pray'r, That kens or hears about you, Sr:—

" May ne'er misfortune's growling bark, Howt thro' the dwelling o' the Clerk! May ne'er his gen'rous spirit smart! May K ——''s far honour'd name Lang beet his hymeneal flame, Till II ——s, at least a dizen, Are frae their nuptial labours risen; Five bonie lasses round their table And seven braw fellows, stout au' able To serve their king and country weel, By word, or pen, or pointed steel ! May health and pence, with mutual rays, Shine on the evening o' his days; Till his wee curlie John's ler-oe, When ebbing life nae mair shall flow, The last, sad, mourtful rites bestow !"

I will not wind a lang conclusion, Wi' complimentary effusion : But whilst your wishes and endeavours Are blest wi' Fortune's smiles and favours, I am, dear Sh, with zeal most fervent, Your much indebted humble servant.

But if (which powers above prevent !) That iron-hearted carl, Want, Attended in his grim advances. By sad mistakes and black mischances, While hopes and joys and pleasures fly him, Make you as poor a dog as I am, Your humble servant then no more ; For who would humbly serve the poor ? But by a poor man's hopes in Heav'n! While recollection's pow'r is given, If, in the vale of humble life, The victim sad of Fortune's strife. I, thro' the tender gushing tear, Should recognise my master dear, If friendless, low, we meet together, Then, Sir, your hand-my friend and brother.

#### LINES

#### ADDRESSED TO MR. JOHN RANKEN.

AE day as death, that grousome carl, Was driving to the tither warl' A mixtie-maxtie motly squad, And movie a guilt-bespotted lad; Black gowns of each denomination, And thieves of every rank and station, From him that wears the star and garter, To him that wintles in a halter; Asham'd himself to see the wretches. "Ay G-, 1'll not be seen behint them, Nor 'mang the sp'ritual corps present them, Without, at least, ae honest nian, To grace this damn'd infernal clan." By Adaminil a glance he threw, "L-d G-d!" quoth he, "I have it now There's just the man I want, in faith." And quickly stopped Ranken's breath.

#### LINES

#### WRITTEN BY BURNS, WHILE ON HIS DEATH-BED, TO THE SAME.

He who of R-k-n sang, lies stiff and dead, And a green grassy hillock hides his head; Alas! aras! a devilish change indeed !

# EXTEMPORE.

#### ON THE LATE MR. WILLIAM SMELLIE.

To Crockallan came\* The old cock'd hat, the gray surtout, the same; His bristing beard just rising in its might, 'Twas four long nights and days to shaving-night; His uncomb'd grizzly locks wild starting, thatch'd A head for thought profound and clear, unmatch'd; Yet, tho' his caustic wit was biting, rule, His heart was wain, benevolent, and good.

#### EXTEMPORE.

At a meeting of the Dumfriesshire Volunteers, held to commemorate the anniversary of Rodney's wietory, April, 13th, 1782, Burns was called upon for a song, instead of which he delivered the following lines extempore:

IssTEAD of a song, boys, I'll give you a toast, Here's the memory of those on the twelfth that we lost; That we lost, did I say, nay, by Heav'n, t'n twe found, For their fame it shall last while the world gues round. The next in succession, I'll give you the king, Whoe'er would betray him, on high may he swing; And here's the grand fabric, our free constitution, As built on the base of the great revolution ; And, longer with politics not to be eranm'd, Be anarchy curs'd, and be tyranny damn'd; And who would to liberty e'er prove disloyal, May his son be a hangman, and he the first trial.

\* Mr. Smellie and Burns were both members of a club in Edinburgh, called the Crochallan Fencibles

## TO MR. S\*\*E,

ON REFUSING TO DINE WITH HIM, AFTER HAVING BZEN FROMISED THE FIRST OF COMPANY AND THE FIRST COURERY.

> No more of your guests, be they titled or not, And cook'ry the first in the nation; Who is proof to thy personal converse and wit, Is proof to all other temptation.

December 17, 1795.

## TO MR. S\*\*E,

#### WITH A PRESENT OF A DOZEN OF FORTER.

O HAD the malt thy strength of mind, Or hops the flavour of thy wit; "Twere drink for first of human kind, A gift that e'en for S\*\*n were fit,

Jerusalem Tavern, Dumfries.

#### EXTEMPORE.

WRITTEN IN ANSWER TO A CARD FROM AN INTIMATE OF BURNS', INVITING HIM TO SPENDAN HOUR AT A TAVERN. The king's most humble servant, I Can scarcely spare a munule; But I'll be wi'ye by an' by, Or cles the Deil's be in it.

# EXTEMPORE.

WRITTEN IN A LADY'S POCKET BOOK. GRANT me, indulgent Heav'n, that I may live

To see the miscreants feel the pains they give; Deal Freedom's sacred treasures free as air, Till slave and despot be but things which were.

#### LINES

#### ON MISS J. SCOTT, OF AYR.

OH ! had each Scot of ancient times, Been, Jeany Scott, as thou art, The bravest heart on English ground, Had yielded like a coward.

#### LINES,

ON BEING ASKED WHY GOD HAD MADE MISS DAVIS SO LITTLE, AND MISS ----- SO LARGE.

Written on a Pane of Glass in the inn at Moffat.

As why God made the gem so small, An' why so huge the granite ! Because God meant mankind should set The higher value on it.

#### LINES

WRITTEN UNDER THE PICTURE OF THE CELEBRATED MISS.

CEASE, ye prudes, your envious railing Lovely Burns has charms—confess; True it is, she had one failing, Had a woman ever less ?

#### LINES

WRITTEN AND PRESENTED TO MRS. KEMBLE, ON SERING HER IN THE CHARACTER OF FARICO.

> KEMBLE, thou cur'st my unbelief Of Moses and his rod; At Yarico's sweet notes of grief, The rock with tears had flow'd.

Dumfries Theatre, 1794.

## LINES

WRITTEN ON WINDOWS OF THE GLOBE TAVERN, DUMFRIES. The grayheard, old Wisdom, may boast of his treasures, Give nie with gay Folly to live; I grant him his calm-blooded, time-settled pleasures,

But Folly has raptures to give.

I murder hate by field or flood, Tho' glory's name may screen us; In wars at hame I'll spend my blood, Life-glving war of Venus.

The deities that I adore, Are social Peace and Plenty. I'm better pleased to make one more, Than be the death of twenty.

My bottle is my holy pool, That heals the wounds o' care and dool; And pleasure is a wanton trout, An' ye drink it, y'll find him out.

In politics if thou would'st mix, And mean thy fortunes be; Bear this in mind, be deaf and blind, Let great folks hear and see.

#### LINES

#### WRITTEN ON A WINDOW, A'T THE KING'S ARMS TAVERN, DUMFRIES.

YE men of wit and wealth, wi' a' this sneering 'Gainst poor Excisemen, give the cause a hearing ; What are your landlord's rent-rolls? taxing legers ; What premiers, what? even Monarch's mighty gaugers ; Nay, what are priests? those seeming godly wise men ; What are they, pray? but spiritual Excisemen. Vor. II. G

## A VERSE,

Presentea by the author, to the master of a house, at a place in the Highlands, where he had been hospitally entertained. Wruce Death's dark stream 1 ferry o'cr, A time that surely shall come: In Heaven itself, Fl ask no more, Than just a Highland welcome.

## EPIGRAM

[Burns accompanied by a friend, having gone to Inverary at a time when some company were there on a visit to the Duke of draght, finding kinsolf and his companion entirely neglected by the innkceper, whose whole attention seemed is be occupied with the visiters of his Grace, expressed his acception of the incivility with which they were treated in the following lines.]

> WHOR'ER he be that sojourns here, I pity much his case, Unless he comes to wait upon The Lord their God his Grace. There's naething here but Highland pride, And Highland scab and hunger;

If Providence has sent me here,

'Twas surely in an anger.

And the second second second

# EPIGRAM

On Elphinstone's translation of Martial's Epigram O THOU whom Poetry abhors, Whom Prose has turn'd out of doors, Heard's thou that groan ?--proceed no further, 'Twas laurell'd Martial roaring murder.

# VERSES,

Written on a window of the inn at Carron, WE cam ha here to view your warks In hopes to be mair wise, But only lest we gang to hell, It may be naë surprise :

But when we tirl'd at your door, Your porter dought na hear us; Sae may, should we to hell's yetts come, Your billy Satan sair us!

## EPITAPH

#### On a celebrated ruling Elder.

HERE souter \*\*\*\* in death does sleep; To h-ll, if he's gane thither, Satan, gie him thy gear to keep, He'll haud it weel thegither.

#### ON A NOISY PELEMIC.

BELOW thir stanes lie Jamie's banes: O Death, it's my opinion, Thou ne'er took such a blethrin b-tch, Into thy dark dominion !

# ON WEE JOHNNY.

#### Hic jacet wee Johnnie.

WHOE'ER thou art, O reader, know, That Death has murder'd Johnny l An' here his *body* lies fu' low— For saul he ne'er had ony.

#### FOR G. H. ESQ.

**The** poor man weeps—here **G**—n sleeps, Whom canting wretches blam'd: But with such as he, where'er he **be**, May I be sav'd or damn'd l

# ON A WAG IN MAUCHLINE.

LAMENT him, Mauchline husbands a', He aften did assist ye: For had ye staid whole weeks ava' Your wives they ne'er had miss'd ye.

Ye Mauchline bairns, as on ye pass To school in bands thegither, O tread ye lightly on the grass, Perhaps he was your father.

## ON JOHN DOVE.

#### Inn-kceper, Mauchline.

HERE lies Johnny Pidgeon. What was his religion, Whae'er desires to ken, To some other warl Maun follow the carl, For here Johnny Pidgeon had nane.

Strong ale was ablution. Small beer persecution, A dram was memento mori: But a full flowing bowl Was the saving his soul, And port was celestial glory

## ON WALTER S-----.

SIC a reptile was Wat. Sic a miscreant slave, That the worms ev'n d-d him, When laid in his grave.

" In his flesh there's a famine," A starv'd reptile cries ; "And his heart is rank poison,"

Another replies.

## ON A HENPECKED COUNTRY SQUIRE.

As father Adam first was fool'd, A case that's still too common, Here lies a man a woman rul'd, The Devil rul'd the woman.

# EPIGRAM ON SAID OCCASION.

O DEATH, had'st thou but spar'd his life, Whom we this day lament! We freely wad exchang'd the wife, And a' been weel content.

Ev'n as he is, cauld in his graff, The swap we yet will do't; Tak thou the Carlin's carcass aff, Thou'se get the saul o' boot

## ANOTHER.

Ove Queen Artemisa, as old stories tell, When deprived of her husband she loved so well, In respect for the love and affection he'd shown her, She reduc'd him to dust, and she drank up the powder But Queen N\*\*\*\*\*\*\*, of a different complexion, When call'd on to order the fun'ral direction, Would have eat her dead lord, on a slender pretence, Not to show her respect, but-to saye the expense.

# ON THE DEATH OF A LAP DOG NAMED ECHO

In wood and wild, ye warbling throng, Your heavy loss deplore; Now half-extinct your powers of song, Sweet Echo is no more.

Ye jarring, screeching things around, Scream your discordant joys; Now half your din of tuneless sound With Echo silent lies.

## POEMS.

# IMPROMPTU ON MRS. ---'S BIRTH-DAY.

#### 4th November, 1793.

OLD Winter with his frosty beard, Thus once to Jove his prayer preferr'd: What have I done, of all the year, To bear this hated doom severe? My cheerless sons no pleasure know; ights horrid car drags dreary, slow My dismal months no joys are crowning, But spleeny English, hanging, drowning.

Now, Jove, for once be mighty civil, To counterbalance all this evil; Give me, and I've no more to say, Give me Maria's natal day ! That brilliant gift will so enrich me, Spring, Summer, Autumn, cannot match me. 'Tis done, says Jove ;- so ends my story, And Winter once rejoic'd in glory.

#### MONODY

#### On a Lady famed for her caprice.

How cold is that bosom which folly once fir'd ! How pale is that cheek where the muge lately glisten'd !

How silent that tongue which the echoes of tir'd! How dull is that ear which to flattery so listen'd !

If sorrow and anguish their exit await.

From friendship and dearest affection remov'd ; How doubly severer, Eliza, thy fate, Thou diedst unwept, as thou lived'st unlov'd.

Loves, Graces, and Virtues, I call not on you ; So shy, grave, and distant, ye shed not a tear: But come, all ye offspring of Folly so true,

And flowers let us cull for Eliza's cold bier.

We'll search thro' the garden for each silly flower. We'll roam thro' the forest for each idle weed;

But chiefly the nettle, so tynical, shower,

For none e'er ap, 'bach'd her but rued the rash deed.

We'll scutpture the murble, we'll measure the lay, Here Vanity strums on her idiot lyre;

There keen Indignation shall dart on her prey, Which spurning Contempt shall redeem from her ire.

# THE EPITAPH.

Here lies, now a prey to insulting neglect, What once was a butterfly, gay in life's beam; Want only of wisdom denied ner respect, Want only of goodness denied her esteem

#### ODE,

Sacred to the memory of Mrs. ---- of -

DWELLER in you dungeon dark, Hangman of creation : mark Who in widow-weeks appears, Laden with unhononr'd years, Noosing with care a bursting purse, Baited with many a deadly curse !

#### STROPHE.

Vrew the wither'd heldam's face-Can thy keen inspection trace Aught of humanity's sweet melting grace ? Note that eye, 'tis rheum o'erflows, Puty's flood there never rose. See those hands, ne'er stretch'd to save, Hands that took-but never gave. Keeper of Mammon's iron chest, Lo't there she goes, inpitied and unblest ! She goes, but not to realms of eventasting rest.

## ANTISTROPHE.

PLUNDERER of armies, lift thine eyes, (Awhile forbear, ye out 'ring fiends.) Seest thou whose step unwilling hither bends ? No fallen angel, hurt'd from upper skies; 'Tis thy trusty quondam mate, Doom'd to share thy fiery fate, She, tardy, hell-ward plies.

#### EPODE.

AND are they of no more avail, Ten thousand glittering pounds a-year? In other worlds can Mammon fail, Omnipotent as he is here?

O, bitter mock'ry of the pompous bier, While down the wretched vital part is driv'n ! The cave-lodg'd beggar, with a conscience clear, Expires in rags, unknown, and goes to heav'n.

## THE HENPECKED HUSBAND.

CURS'D be the man, the poorest wretch in life, The crouching vassal to the tyrant wife, Who has no will but by her high permission; Who has not sixpence but in her possession; Who must to her his dear friend's secret tell; Who dreads a curtain tecture worse than hell. Were such the wife had fallen to my part, I'd break her spirit, or I'd break her heart; I'd charm her with the margic of a switch, I'd kiss her maids, and kick the porverse **b-h**.

## ELEGY ON THE YEAR 1788.

For lords or kings I dinna mourn, E'en let them die—for that they're born ! But, ol: prodigious to reflect, A Towmont, Strs, is gane to wreek! O Eighty-eight, in thy sma' space What dire events hae taken place ! Of what enjoyment thou hast reft us! In what a pickle thou hast left us!

The Spanish empire's tint a head, An' my and teethless Bawtie's dead; The toolzie's tengh 'tween Pitt and Fax, An' our gudewife's wee birdy cocks; The ane is game, a buidy devil, But to the *hen-birds* unco civil; The tither's dour, has nae sic breedin, But better stuff ne'er claw'd a midden ?

Ye ministers, come mount the pulpit, An' cry till ye he hearse an' rnpit; For Eighty-eight, he wish'd you weel, An' gied you a' baith gear an' meal: E'en monie a plack, an' monie a peck, Ye ken yoursels for little feck!

Ye bonie lasses dight your een, For some o' you hae tint a frien'; In Eighty eight, sae ken, was ta'en What ye'll ne'er hae to gie again.

Observe the very nowt an' sheep, How dowff an' dowie now they creep; Nay, ev'n the yirth itsel does cry, For Embro' wells are grutten dry

O Eighty-nine, thou's but a baim, An' no owre auld, I hope, to learn ? Thou beardless boy, I pray tak care, Thou now has got thy daddy's chair, Nae hand-cuff'd, muzzl'd, half-shackl'd regent. But, like himself, a full, free agent Be sure ye follow out the plan Nae waur than he did, honest man ! As muckle better as you can.

January 1, 1789.

# TAM SAMSON'S\* ELEGY.

An honest man's the noblest work of God.

POPE

Has auld K seen the Deil ? Or great M thrawn his heel ? Or R thrawn his heel ? To preach an' read ? "Na, waur thau a' !" cries ilka chiel, Tam Samson's deal !

• When this worthy old Sportsman went out last mnirford cason, he supposed it was to be, in Ossian's phrase, "the last of his fields;" and expressed an ardent wish to die and be bured in the mnirs. On this hint the author composed his Elegy and Fpitaph.

† A certain preacher, a great favourite with the million Vide the Ordination, stanza II.

A nother preacher, an equal favourite with the few, who was at that time ailing. For him, see also the Ordination, stania IX.

K is a lang may grunt an' grane, An' sigh, an' sab, an' greet her lane, An' cleed her barus, hau, wite, an' wean, In mourning weed: To death she's dearly paid the kane, Tam Sanson's dead !

The brothren of the mystic *lenel*, May hing their head in wofn' bevel, While by the nose the tears will revel, Like onie bead; Death's gien the lodge an unco devel ; Tam Samson's dead!

When winter muffles up his cloak, And binds the mire up like a rock; When to the bughs the curlers fuck, Wi' gleesome speed, Wha will they station at the cock? Tam Samson's deal!

He was the king o' a' the core, To guard, or draw, or wick a bore, Or up the rink like John roar In time of need; But now he lags on death's hog-score, Taun Samson's dead!

Now safe the stately sawmont sall, And trouts bedropp'd wi' crimson hall, And eels well kenn'd for souple tail, And geds for greed, Sine dark in death's *fsh-recel* we wall, 'Tam Samson's dead !

Rejoice ye birring paitricks a'; Ye cootle muircocks, crousely craw; Ye maukins, cock your fud fu' braw, Withouten dread; Your mortal fae is now awa', Tam Sanson's dead:

That wofu' morn he ever mourn'd, Saw him in shootin graith adomi'd, White pointers round impatient hum'd, Frae complex freed; But, och ! he gaed, and ne'er return'd; Tam Samson's deal !

In vain auld age his body batters , In vain the got, his ancles fetters ! In vain the hurn come down like waters An 1 are braid !

Now every and wife, greetin, clatters, Tam Samson's dead !

Owre many a weary hag he limpit, An ay the tither shot he thumpit, Till coward death behind him jumpit, Wi' deadly feide

Now he proclaims, wi' tout o' trumpet, Tam Samson's dead !

When at his heart he felt the dagger, He reel'd his wonted bottle-swagger, But yet he drew the mortal trigger Wi' weel-aim'd deed ; "L-d, five !" he cry'd, an' owre did stagger ; Tam Samson's dead !

lik hoary hunter mourn'd a brither ; lik sportsman youth bemoan'd a father; You auid gray stane, among the heather, Marks out his head,

Whare Burns has wrote, in rhyming blether, Tam Samson's dead !

There I'w he lies, in lasting rest; Perhaps 1, jon his moald'ring breast Some spitefn' mnirfowl bigs her nest, To batch an' breed ;

Alas ! nac mair he'.; them molest ! 'Tam Samson's dead !

When August winds the heather wave, And spontaneous wander by you grave, Three volleys let his mem'ry crave O' ponther an' lead, Till echo answer frae her cave, 'Tam Samson's dead !

Heav'n rest his saul where'er he be ! is the wish o' morie mae than me : He had twa fautts, or may be three, Yet what remead ? Ac social honest man want we; Tam Sumson's dead !

.....

## THE EPITAPH.

Tam Samson's weel-born clay here lice, Ye canting zealots spare him ! If honest worth in heaven rise, Ye'll mend or ye win near him.

## PER CONTRA.

Go, Fame, and canter like a filly Thro' a' the streets an' neuks o' *Killie*,\* Tell ev'ry social, honest billie To cease his grievin, For yet, unskaith'd by doath's gleg gullie *Tam Sanson's livin*.

## ELEGY ON CAPT. MATTHEW HENDERSON,

A GENTLEMAN WHO HELD THE PATENT FOR HIS HONOUR IMMEDIATELY FROM ALMIGHTY GOD.

> But now his radiant course is run, For Mathew's course was bright; His soul was like the glorious sun, A matchless, heavenly light l

O DEATH ! thou tyrant fell and bloody ! The muckle devil wi' a woodie Haurl thee hame to his Jack smiddle, O'er hurcheon hides.

O'er hurcheon hides, And like stock-fish come o'er his studdle Wi' thy auld sides!

He's gane, he's gane ! he's frae us torn, The ae best fellow e'er was born ! Thee, Matthew, Nature's sel shall mourn By wood and wild,

Where, haply, Pity strays forlorn, Frae man exil'd.

Ye hills, near neebors o' the starns, That proudly cock your creating caims ! Ye cliffs, the haunts of sailing yearns, Where Echo shumbers !

Come, join, ye Nature's sturdiest bairns, My wailing numbers !

\* Kilmarnock.

Mourn ilka grove the cushat kens ! Ye haz'ly shaws and briery dens ! Ye burnies, wimplin down your glens, Wi' toddlin din, Or foaming strang, wi' hnsy stens, Frae lin to lin.

Mourn, little harebells o'er the lee; Ye stately foxgloves fair to see; Ye woodbines hanging bomlie, In secuted bow'rs; Ye roses on your thorny tree, The first o' flow'rs.

At dawn, when ev'ry grassy blade Droops with a diamond at his head, At ev'n, when beans their fragrance shed I' the rustling gate, Ye maukins whiddin thro' the glade, Come, join my wail.

Mourn, ye wee songsters o' the wood; Ye grouse that crap the heather bud; Ye curlews calling thro' a chd; Ye whistling plover;

And mourn, ye whirring pairtick brood ; He's gane for ever!

Mourn, sooty coots, and speckled teals, Ye fisher herous, watching eels; Ye duck and drake, wi' airy wheels Circling the lake; Ye bitterns, till the quagnire reels, Rair for his sake !

Mourn, clam'ring craiks at close o' day 'Mang fields o' flow'ring clover gay; And when ye wing your annual way Frae our canld shore, Tell thae far warlds, wha lies in clay, Whan we deplore.

Ye houlets, frae your ivy bow'r, In some and tree, or eldritch tow'r, What time the moon, wi' silent glow'r, Sets up her horn, Wail thro' the dreary midnight hour, Till wanktife morn !

O rivers, "ests, hills and plains! Oft have ye heard my canty strains: But now, what else for me remains But tales of wo; And frae my een the drapping rains Maun ever flow.

Mourn, Spring, thou darling of the year, Ilk cowslip cup shall kep a tear; Thou, Simmer, while each corny sp.ar Shoots up its head, Thy gay, gréen, flow'ry tresses shear, For him that's dead !

Thou, Autumn, wi' thy yellow hair, In grief thy sollow mantle teat ! Thou, Winter, burling thro' the air The roaring blast, Wide o'er the naked world declare The worth we've lost !

Mourn him, thou sun, great source of light ! Mourn, empress of the silent night ! And you, ye twinkling starries bright, My Matthew mourn ! For through your orbs he's taen his flight, Ne'er to return.

O Henderson! the man! the brother! And art thou gone, and gone for ever ? And hast thou cross'd that unknown river, Life's dreary bound ? Like thee, where shall I find another, The warld around!

Go to your sculptur'd tombs, ye great, In a' the tinsel trash o' state ! But by thy honest turf l'll wait, Thou man of worth ! And weep the ae best fellow's fate E'er lay in earth.

#### THE EPITAPH

Stop, passenger, my story's brief; And truth I shall relate, man; I tell na common tale o' grief, For Matthew was a great man.

If thou uncommon merit hast, Yet spurn'd at Fortune's door, man; A look of pity hither cast, For Matthew was a poor man.

If thou a nobler sodger art, That passest by this grave, man, There moulders here a gallant heart, For Matthew was a brave man.

If thou on men, their works and ways, Canst throw uncommon light, man; Here lies wha weel had won thy praise, For Matthew was a bright man.

If thou at friendship's sacred ca' Wad life itself resign, man; Thy sympathetic tear maun fa', For Matthew was a kind man:

If thou art staunch, without a stain, Like the unchanging blue, man! This was a kinsman o' thy sin, For Matthew was a true man.

If thou hast wit, and fun, and fire, And ne'er guid wine did fear, man; This was thy billie, dam and sire, For Matthew was a queer man.

If onle whiggish, whingle sot, To blame poor Matthew dare, man: May dool and sorrow be his lot, For Matthew was a rare man.

# ON A SCOTCH BARD

GONE TO THE WEST INDIES.

A' yz wha live by soups o' drink, A' ye wha live by crambo-clink, A' ye wha live and never think, Come mourn wi' me ! Our billie's gien us a' the jink, An' owre the sea.

Lament him, a' ye rantin core, Wha dearly like a random-splote, Nae mair he'll join the merry roar, In social key: For now he's taen anither shore, Au' owre the sea.

The bonic lasses weel may wiss him, And in their dear *petitions* place him; The widows, wives, an' a' may bless him, Wi' tearfu' e'e;

For weel I wat they'll sairly miss him, That's owre the sea.

O Fortune ! they have room to grumble ; Hadst thou taen aff some drowsy bunnnile, Wha can do nough but fyke an' fumble, 'Twad been mae plea ;

But he was gleg as onic wumble, That's owre the sea.

Auld, cantie Kyle may weepers wear, An' stain them wi' the sant, sant tear; 'T will make her poor auld heart, I fear, In finders flee; He was her *laureate* monie a year That's owre the sea.

He saw misfortune's cauld nor-west Lang mustering up a bitter blast; A jillet brak his heart at last; Ill may she be! So, took a birth afore the mast, Au' owre the sea.

To tremble under Fortune's cummock, On scarce a bellyfu' o' drammock, Wi' his proud, independent stomach, Could ill agree'; So, row't his hurdles in a hammock, An' over the sea.

He ne'er was gien to great inisguiding, Yet coin his ponches wad na bide in ; Wi'him in ne'er was *under hidnag* He dealt it free : **The Muse was** a' that he took pride s. That's owre the sea.

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Jamaica bodies, use him weel, An' hap him in a cozie biel Ye'll find him ay a dainty chiel, And fou o' glee ; He wad na wrang'd the vera Deil, That's owre the sca.

Fareweel, my rhyme-composing billie! Your native soil was right ill-willie; But may ye flourish like a lily, Now bonilie ! I'll toast ye in my hindmost gillie, Tho' owre the sea.

# ON PASTORAL POETRY.

HAIL, Poesie! thou nymph reserv'd! In chase o' thee, what crowds hae swerv'd Frae common sense, or sunk enerv'd 'Mang heaps o' clavers;

And och ! o'er aft thy joes ae starv'd, 'Mid a' thy favours !

Say, Lassie, why thy train amang, While loud the trump's heroic clang, And sock or buskin skelp alang

To death or marriage ; Scarce ane has tried the shepherd-sang But wi' miscarriage ?

In Homer's craft Jock Milton thrives ; Eschylus' pen Will Shakspeare drives; Wee Pope, the knurlin till him rives Iloratian fame;

In thy sweet sang, Barbauld, survives Ev'n Sappho's flame.

But thee, Theocritus ! wha matches ? They're no herd's ballats, Maro's catches : Squire Pope but busks his skinklin patches O' heathen tatters :

I pass by hunders, nameless wretches, That ape their betters.

In this braw age o' wit and lear, Will nane the Shepherd's whistle mair Blaw sweetly in its native air And rural grace;

And wi' the far-fam'd Grecian, share A rival place ? H

Vol. II.

#### POEMS.

Yes! there is ane; a Scottish callan: There's ane; come forrit, honest Allan! Thoa need na jouk behint the hallan, A chiel sae clever;

The teeth o' time may graw Tanutallan, But thou's for ever.

Then paints and Nature to the nines, In thy sweet, Caledonian lines; Nae gowden stream thro' myrtles twines, Where Philomel, While nightly breezes sweep the vines,

Her griefs will tell !

In gowany glens thy burnie strays, Where honic lasses bleach their clace; Or trots by hazel'y shaws and braes, Wi' hawthoras gray,

Where blackbirds join the stepherd's lays At close o' day.

Thy rural loves are nature's sel; Nae bonhast spates o' nonsense swell; Nae s.ap conceits, but that sweet spell O' witchin love, That share that one that foruget quali

That charm that can the strongest quell, The steraest move.

## PROLOGUE,

SPOKEN AT THE THEATRE, ELLISLAND, ON NEW YEAR DA? EVENING.

No song nor dance 1 bring from yon great city That queens it o'er our taste-the more's the pity: Tho', by the by, abroad why will yon roano ? Good sense and taste are natives here at home: But not for panegyric 1 appear, I come to wish you all a good new-year ? Old Father Time deputes me here before ye, Not for to preach, but tell his simple story: The sage, grave Ancient cough'd, and hade me say "You're one year older this important day:" If wiser too-he hinted some suggestion, But 'twould be rode, you know, to ask the question; And with a would-be roguish leer and wink, Be bade me on you press this care word-" *binkt*?"

Ye sprightly youths, quite flush with hope and spirit, Who think to storm the world by dint of merit, To you the Dotard has a deal to say, In his sly, dry, sententious, proverb way ! He bids you mind, amid your thoughtless rattle, That the first blow is ever half the battle : That the's some by the skirt may try to snatch him , Yet by the forelock is the hold to catch him : That whether doing, suffering, or forbearing, You may do miracles by persevering.

Last tho' not least in love, ye youthful fair Angelie forms, high Heav'n's peculiar care ! To you auld Bald-pate smooths his wrinkled brow, And humbly begs you'll mind the important—now ? To crown your happiness he asks your leave, And offers, bliss to give and to receive.

For our sincere, tho' haply weak endeavours, With grateful pride we own your many favours: And howsoe'er our tongues may ill reveal it, Believe our glowing bosoms truly feel it.

# PROLOGUE,

# SPOKEN BY MR. WOODS, ON HIS BENEFIT-NIGHT,

#### Monday, 16th April, 1787.

WHEN by a generous public's kind acclaim, That dearest meed is granted—honest fame; When here your favour is the actor's lot, Nor even the man in private life forgot; What breast so dead to heav'nly Virtue's glow, But heaves impassion'd with the grateful three f

Poor is the task to please a barb'rous throng, I needs no Siddons' powers in Southron's song; For here an ancient nation, fami'd afar For genius, learning high, as great in war— Hail, Catadonia I name for ever dear! Before whose sons I'm honour'd to appear! Where every science—every nobler art— That can inform the mind, or mend the heart, Is known; as grateful nations oft have found. Far as the rude barbarian marks the bound.

Philosophy, no idle pendant dream, Here holds her search by heaven-taught Reason's beam Here Ilistory paints with elegance and force, The tide of Empire's fluctuating course; Here Douglas forms wild Shakspeare into plan, And Harley\* rouses all the god in man. When well-form'd taste and spatkling wit unite, With manly lore, or femate beauty bright, (Beauty, where faultless symmetry and grace, Can only charm us in the second place,) Witness, my heart, how oft with panting feat, As on this night, I've met these judges here ! But still the hope Experience taught to live, Equal to judge—you're candid to forgive. No hundred.headed Riot Here we meet, With decency and law beneath his feet ; Nor lusolence assumes fair Freedom's name; Like Caledonians, you appland or blame.

O Thou ! dread Po wer ! whose empire-giving hand Has oft been stretch'd to shidd the honour'd land ! Strong may she glow with all her ancient fire; May every son be worthy of his sire; Firm may she rise with generous disdain, At Tyranny's or direr Pleasure's chain ; Still self-dependent in her native shore, bold may she brave grim Danger's loudest roar, Till Fate the curtain drop on worlds to be no more.

# THE RIGHTS OF WOMAN,

AN OCCASIONAL ADDRESS SPOKEN BY MISS FONTENELLE ON HER BENEFIT NIGHT.

WITLE Europe's eye is fix'd on mighty things, The fate of empires and the fall of kings; While quacks of state must each produce his plan, And even children lisp the Rights of Man; Amid this mighty fuss, just let me mention, The Rights of Woman merit some attention.

First in the sexes' intermix'd connexion, One sacred right of Woman is protection.— The tender flower that lifts its head, elate, Uelpless must fall before the blast of fate,

\* The Man of Fieling, written by Mr. M'Kensie.

#### CHIEFI Y SCOTTISH

Eink on the earth, defac'd its lovely form, Unless your shelter ward th' impending storm.

Our second Right—but needless here is caution, To keep that right inviolate's the fashion, Fach man of sense has its of full before him, He'd die before he'd wrong it—'tis decorand.— There was indeed, in far less polish'd days, A time when rough, tude man had naughty ways ; Would swager, swear, get drunk, kick up a riot, Would swager, site set and set of the set of the set of the New, thank our stars ! these Gothic times are field : Now, well-bred men—and you are all well bred.— Most jistly think (and we are much the gainers) Such conduct neither spirit, wit, nor manners.

For Right the third, our last, our best, our dearest, That right to fluttering female hearts the nearest, Which even the Rights of Kings in low prestration, Most humbly own—'tis dear, dear admiration I In that blest sphere alone we live and move\_ There tase that life of life—humortal love\_ Smiles, glances, sighs, tears, fits, flirtations, airs, 'Gainst such a host what flinty savage dares— When awful Beauty joins with all her charms, Who is so rash as rise in rebel arms?

But truce with kings, and truce with constitutions, With bloody armaments and revolutions; Let majesty your first attention summon, Ah ca Iral the Majesty of Woman!

#### ADDRESS,

#### EPOKEN BY MISS FONTENELLE, ON HER BENEFIT-NIGHT DECEMBER 4, 1795, AT THE THEATRE, DUMFRIES

STILL auxious to secure your partial favour, And not less anxious sure this night than ever, A Prologue, Epilogue, or some such matter, "Twould vamp my bill, said I, if nothing better; So, sought a Poet, roosted near the skies, Told him I came to feast my curious eyes; Said, nothing like his works was ever printed; And last my Prologue-business sitly hinted. "Ma'ana, let me tell yon," quoth my man of thymes, "I know your bent-these are no leughing times:

Can you- but, Miss, I own I have my fears, Dissolve in pause—and sentimental tears— With laden sighs, and solenn-rounded sentence, Rouse from his sluggish slumbers, tell Repentance; Paint Vengeance as he takes his horrid stand, Waving on high the desolating brand, Caling the storms to bear him o'er a guilty land !"

I could no more—askance the creature cycing, D'ye think, said I, this face was made for crying ? I'll laugh, that's poz—nay more, the world shall **know it**, And so, your servant! gloomy master poet!

Firm as my creed, Sir, 'tis my fix'd belief, That Misery's another word for Grief; I also think—so may I be a bride ! That so much laughter's so much life enjoy'd.

Thou man of crazy care and ceaseless sigh, Still under bleak Misfortune's blasting eye; Doom'd to that sorest task of man alive— To make three guineas do the work of five; Laugh in Misfortune's face—the beldam witch ': Say, you'll be merry, tho' you can't be rich.

Thou other man of care, the wretch in love, Who, as the boughs all icouplingly project, Measur'st in desperate thought – a rope-thy neck– Or, where the bleeting citff of changs the deep, Peerest to meditate the healing leap; Would'st thou he cur'd, thou silly, moping eff **?** Laugh at her follies-laugh c'en at thyself: Learn to despise those frowns, now so terrlife, And love a kinder-that's your grand specific.

To sum up all, be merry, 1 advise; And as we're merry, may we still be wise.

#### FRAGMENT,

#### INSCRIBED TO THE RIGHT HON. C. J. FOX.

How wisdom and folly meet, mix, and unite, How virtue and vice blend their black and their white, How genius, th' illustrious father of fiction, Confounds rule and haw, reconciles contradiction— I sing: If these mortals, the critics, should bustle, I care not, not I, let the critics go whistle.

But now for a Patron, whose name and whose glory At once may illustrate and honour my story.

Thou first of our orators, first of our wis; Yet whose parts and acquirements seem mere lucky hits; With knowledge so vast, and with judgment so strong, No man with the half of 'em ere went far wrong; With passions so potent, and fancies so bright, No man with the half of 'em e'er went quite right; A so.ry, poor misbegot son of the Muses, For using thy name offers fifty excuss.

Good L-d, what is man! for simple as he looks, Do but try to develop his hooks and his crocks; With his depths and his shallows, his good and his evil, All in all he's a problem must puzzle the devil.

On his one ruling passion sir Pope hugely labours, That, like th' old Hebrew walking-switch, eats up its neighbours:

Mankind are his show-box—a friend, would you know him **1** Pull the string—ruling passion the picture will show him. What pity, in rearing so hearteons a system, Ore triffing particular, truth, shou'd have n.iss'd him; For spile of his fine theoretic positions, Mankind is a science defies definitions.

Some sort all our qualities each to its tribe, And think human nature they truly describe: Have you found this or t'other't there's more in the wind, As by one drunken fellow his contradry you'll flud. But such is the flaw, or the depth of the plan, In the make of that wonderful creature, call'd Man, No two virtues, whatever relation they clain, Nor even two different shades of the same, Thongh like as was ever twin brother to brother, Possessing the one shall imply you've the other

#### INSCRIPTION

FOR AN ALTAR TO INDEPENDENCE, AT KERROUGHTRY, THE SEAT OF MR. HERON, WRITTEN IN SUMMER, 17.95.

They of an independent mind, With sont resolv'd, with sont resign'd; Prepar'd Poycet's proudest frown to brave, Who with not be, nor have a slave; Virtue alone who dost revere, Thy own reproach alone dost fear, Approach this shrine, and worship here.

## POEMS.

## ADDRESS TO EDINEURGER

#### £.

EDINA ! Scotia's darling seat ! All hail thy palaces and tow'rs, Where once beneath a monarch's feet Sat legislation's sov'reign pow'rs! From marking wildly-scatter'd flow'rg, As on the banks of Ayr I stray'd, And singing, lone, the ling'ring hours, I shelter in thy honour'd shade.

#### TF.

Here wealth still sweils the golden tide, As husy trade his labours plies; There architecture's noble pride

Bids elegance and splendour rise :

Here Justice, from her native skies, High wields her balance and her rod; There Learning with his eagle eyes,

Seeks science in her coy abode.

Thy sons, Edina, social, kind, With open arms the stranger hail; Their views enlarg'd, their lib'ral mind

Above the narrow, rural vale; Attentive still to sourcew's wail,

Or modest merit's silent claim : And never may their sources fail !

And never envy blot their name.

Thy daughters bright thy walks adorn? Gay as the gilded summer sky. Sweet as the dewy milk white thorn,

Dear as the raptur'd thrill of joy ! Fair B---- strikes th' adoring eye !

Heav'n's beauties on my fancy shine, I see the sire of leve on high,

And own his work indeed divine !

There, watching high the least alarms, Thy rough, rude fortress gleams afar ; Like some bo'd vet'ran, gray in arms, And mark'd with many a seamy scar (

#### The pond'rous wall and massy bar, Grim-rising o'er the rugged rock; Have oft withstood assailing war, And oft repelled the invader's shock.

#### VI.

With awe-struck thought and pitying tears, I view that noble, stately dome, Where Scetia's kings of other years,

Where Scetia's kings of other years, Fam'd heroes, had their royal home: Alas! how chang'd the time to come;

Their royal name low in the dust ! Their hapless race wild-wand'ring roam !

Tho' rigid law cries out, 'twas just !

#### VII.

Wild beats my heart to trace your steps, Whose ancestors, in days of yore,

Thro' hostile ranks and run'd gaps, Old Scatia s bloody lion bore;

Ev'n I who sing in rustic lore, Haply my sires have left their shed, And fac'd grim danger's loudest roar,

Bold following where your fathers led !

#### VIII

Edina ! Scotia's darling seat ! All hail thy palaces and low'rs,

Where once beneath a monarch's feet Sat legislation's sov'reign pow'rs !

From marking wildly-scatter'd flow'rs, As on the banks of Ayr I stray'd,

And singing, lone, the ling'ring hours, I shelter in thy honour'd shade.

# BOOR V.

## SONGS AND BALLADS.

## A VISION

As I stood by you roofless tower, Where the wa'-flower scents the dewy air Where the howlet mourns in her ivy lower, And tells the midnight moon her care :

The winds were laid, the air was still, The stars they shot along the sky; The fox was howling on the hill, And the distant-echoing glens reply

The stream, adown its hazelly path. Was rushing by the ruin'd wa's, Hasting to join the sweeping Nith, Whase distant roaring swells and fa's.

The cauld blue north was streaming forth Her lights, wi' hissing cerie din; Athort the lift they start and shift, Like Fortune's favours, tint as win.

By heedless chance I turn'd my eyes, And by the moon-beam, shock, to see A stern and stalwart ghaist arise, Attir'd as minstrels wont to be.

Had I statue been o' stane, His darin look had daunted me: And on his bonnet grav'd was plain, The sacred posy—L<sup>2</sup>bertie!

And frach is barp sic strains did flow, Might rous'd the shundering dead to hear; But oh : it was a tale of wo, As ever met a Briton's ear!

# POEMS, CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

He sang wi' joy his former day, He, weeping, wail'd his latter times; But what he said it was nae play, I winna ventur't in my rhymes.\*

# BANNOCK PURN.

ROBERT BRUCE'S ADDRESS TO HIS ARM?

Scors, wha hae wi' Wallace bled, Scots, wham Bruce has aften led; Welcome to your gory bed, Or to glorious victorie.

Now's the day, and now's the hour; See the front o' battle lower; See approach proud Edward's power-Edward's chains! and slaverie!

Wha will be a traitor knave? Wha can fill a coward's grave? Wha sae base as be a slave? Traitor! coward! turn and fice!

Wha for Scotland's king and law Freedom's sword will strongly draw, Free man stand, or free-man fa'?

Caledonian ! on wi' me !

By oppression's woes and pains! By your sons in servile chains! We will dram our dearest veins, But they shall be—shall be free!

Lay the proud usurpers low ! Tyrants fall in every foe ! Liberty's in every blow !

Forward ! let us do, or die !

The scenery so finely described in this poem, is taken from nature. The part is supposed to be musing, by might, on the banks of the Chulen, near thermins of Lincluten-abbey, of which some account is given in Pennant's Tour and tirose's Antiquities. It is to be regarded that he suppressed the song of Labertie. From the resources of his genus, and the grandeur and solemnity of the preparation, something might have been anticopated, equal, if not superior, to the Address of Bruce to his Army, to the Song of Death, or to the formed and noble description of the Dwing Soldier in the field of battle.

# POEMS.

## SONG OF DEATH.

SCENE-A field of battle. Time of the day-Evening.-The wounded and dying of the victorious army are supposed to join in the following Song.

FAREWELL, thou fair day, thou green earth, and ye skies. Now gay with the bright setting sun ;

Farewell, loves and friendships, ye dear tender ties, Our race of existence is run !

Thou grim king of terrors, thou life's gloomy foe. Go, frighten the coward and slave :

Go, teach them to tremble, fell tyrant ! but know, No terrors hast thou to the brave !

Thon strik'st the dull peasant-he sinks in the dark, Nor saves e'en the wreck of a name :

Thou strik'st the young hero-a glorious mark! He falls in the blaze of his fame!

In the field of pre-d honour-our swords in our hands.

Our King and ar country to save— While Victory slanes on life's last ebbing sands, O! who would not rest with the brave!

# IMITATION

#### OF AN OLD JACOBITE SONG.

By yon castle wa' at the close of the day, I heard a man sing, though his head it was gray; And as he was singing, the lears fast down came-There'll never be peace till Jonie comes hame.

The church is in rules, the state is in jars; Delusions, oppressions, and marderous wars; We dare na weel say't, but we ken wha's to blame-There'il never be place till Jamie comes hame.

My seven braw sons for Jamie drew sword, And now I great round their green beds in the verd. It brak the sweet heart o' my faithfu' and dame-There'll never be peace till Jamie comes hame.

Now life is a burden that bows me down, Sin' I tint my bairns, and he tint his crown ; But till my last moment my words are the same-There II never be peace till Jamie comes hame.

# THE LASS OF INVERNESS

 $\begin{array}{l} T_{HX} \mbox{ lovely lass o' Inverness,} \\ Nac joy nor pleasure can she see ; \\ For e'ren and morn she cries, alas ! \\ And aye the sout tear blin's her e'e! \end{array}$ 

Drumossie moor, Drumossie day, A waefn' day it was to me; For there I lost my father dear, My father dear, and brethren three.

Their winding-sheet the bluidy clay, Their graves are growing green to see, And by them lies the dearest lad That ever blest a woman's e'e ?

Now wae to thee, then cruel lord, A bluidy man 1 frow them he, For monie a heart them hast made sair, That ne'er did wrong to thine or thee

## THE ABSENT WARRIOR

## Tunc-" Logan Water."

O LOGAN, sweetly didst thou glide, That day I was my Willie's bride; And years sinsyne have o'er ns run, Like Logan to the simmer sun. But now thy flow'ry banks appear, Lake drumlie whiter, dark and docar; While my dear lad mann face his face, Far, far frace me and Logan bracs.

Again the merry month o' May Has made our hills and valleys gay: The birds rejore in leafy lowers, The bees hum round the breathing flowers: Buthe morning fifts mis rosy eye, And evening's tears are tears of joy; My soul, delightess, a' surveys, White Willie's far frae Logan brace.

Within yon milk-white hawthorn bush, Amang her nestlings sits the thrush ; Her faithfu' mate will share her toil, Or wi' his song her cures begnile ; But i, wi' my sweet nurslings here, Nae mate to help, nae mate to cheer, Pass widow'd nights and joyless days, White Willie's far frae Logan bracs.

O wae upon you, nne o' state, That brethren rouse to deadly hate! As ye make monie a fond heart mourn, Sae may it on your heads return ! How can your fluty hearts enjoy The widow's tears, the orphau's cry ? But soon may peace bring happier days, And Willie, haure to Logan braze!

## THE WARRIOR'S RETURN

#### Air-" The Mill, Mill, O

WHEN wild war's deadly blast was blawn, And gentle peace returning, Wi' monie a sweet babe fatherless

And monie a widow mourning :

I left the lines and tented field, Where lang 1'd been a lodger, My humble knapsack a' my wealth, A poor and honest sodger.

A leal, light heart was in my breast, My hand unstain'd wi' plunder; And for fair Scotia hame again, I cheery on did wauder.

I thought upon the banks o' Coil, I thought upon my Nancy,

I thought upon the witching smile That caught my youthful fancy.

At length I reach'd the honie glen, Where early life I sported; I passed the mill and trystin thorn,

Where Nancy aft I courted :

Wha spied I but my ain dear maid.

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Down by her mother's dwelling ! And turn'd me round to lude the flood That in my een was swelling.

Wi' alter'd voice, quoth I, sweet lass Sweet as you hawthorn's blossom,

O ! happy, happy may be be, That's dearest to thy bosom !

My purse is light, I've far to gang, And fain would be thy lodger;

I've serv'd my king and country lang, Take pity on a sodger.

Sae wistfully she gaz'd on me, And lovelier was than ever

Quo' she, a sodger ance 1 lo'ed, Forget him shall I never :

Our humble cot, and hamely fare, Ye freely shall partake it,

That gallant badge, the dear cockade, Ye're welcome for the sake o't.

She gaz'd-she redden'd like a rose-Syne pale like ony lily;

She sauk within my arms, and cried, Art thou my ain dear Willie ?

By him who made yon sun and sky-By whom true love's regarded,

I am the man ; and thus may still True lovers be rewarded.

The wars are o'er, and I'm come hame, And find thee s'ill true-hearted :

Tho' poor in gear, we're rich in love, And mair we'se ne'er be parted.

Quo' she, my grandsire left me gowd, A mailen plenish'd fairly ;

And come, my faithful sodger lad, Thou'rt welcome to it dearly !

For gold the merchant ploughs the main The farmer ploughs the manor ;

But glory is the sodger's prize; The sodger's wealth is honour :

The brave poor sodger ne'er despise Nor count him as a stranger,

Remember he's his country's stay In day and hour of danger.

## roems,

## LORD GREGORY.

O MIRK, mirk is this midnight hour And loud the tempest's roar;

A waefn' wanderer seeks thy tow'r, Lord Gregory, ope thy door.

An exile frac her father's ha', And a' for loving thee; At least some *pity* on me shew, If *love* it may no be.

Lord Gregory, mind'st thou not the grove By bonic Irwine side, Where first I own'd that virgin-love

I lang, lang liad denied.

How aften didst thou pledge and vow, Thou wad for ay be mine ! And my fond heart, itsel sae true, It ne'er mistrusted thine.

Hard is thy heart, Lord Gregory, And finity is thy breast; Thou dart of Heaven that flashest by, O wilt thou give me rest!

Ye mustering thunders from above, Your willing victim see! But spare, and pardon my finuse love, His wrangs to Heaven and me!

# OPEN THE DOOR TO ME, OH!

#### WITH ALTERATIONS

On, open the door, some pity to show Oh, open the door to me. Oh ! Tho' thou hast been false, I'll ever prove true, Oh, open the door to me. Oh !

Cauld is the blast upon my pale cheek, But caulder thy love for me, Oh! The frost that freezes the life at my heart, Is nought to my mains frae thee, Oh!

The wan moon is setting behind the white wave And time is setting with me, Oh ! False friends, false love, farewell ! for mair !!! ne'er trouble them nor thee. Oh !

She has open'd the door, she has open'd it wide; She sees his pale corse on the piain, On! My true love, she cried, and sank down by his side, Never to rise again, Oh!

## THE ENTREATY.

## Tune-" Let me in this ac night."

O LARSEE, art thou sleeping yet? Or art thou wakin, I would wit? For Love has bound me hand and foot, And I would fain be in, jo.

#### CHORUS.

O let me in this ae night, This ac, or, ae night; For pity's sake, this ae night, O rise and let me in, jo.

Thou hear'st the winter wind and weet, Nae star blinks thro' the driving sleet; Tak pity on my weary fret, And shield me frae the rain, jo. O let, &c.

The hitter blast that round me blaws, Unheeded howls, unheeded fa's; The cauldness o' thy heart's the cause Of a' my grief and pain, jo. O let, &c.

# THE ANSWER.

all manufactures where a

O TELL na me o' wind and rain, Upbraid na me wi' cauld disdain ! Gae back the gate ye cam agam, I wana let you in. jo. Vol. II. I

#### CHORUS.

I tell you now this as night, This as, as, as unght; And ance for ?' sees as night 1 winna let you in, jo.

The sneinest blast, at mirkest hours, That round the pathless wand'rer pours, Is nocht to what poor she endures, That's trusted futfiless man, jo. I tell, &c.

The sweetest flower that deck'd the mead, Now tradden like the vilest weed; Let simple maid the lesson read, The weird may be her ain, jo. I tell, &c.

The bird that charm'd his summer-day, Is now the cruel fowler's prey; Let witless, trusting woman say How aft her late's the same, jo. 1 tell, &c.

# THE FORLORN LOVER.

Tune-' Let me in this ae night."

FORLORN. my love, no comfort near, Far, far from thee, 1 wander here, Far, far from thee, the fate severe At which I most repine, love.

#### CHORUS.

O wert thou, love, but near me, But near, near, near me; How kindly thou wouldst cheer me, And mingle sighs with mine, love.

Around me scowls a wint'ry sky, That blasts each hud of hope and ioy; And shelter, shade, nor home bave l, Save in those arms of thine, love. O wert, &c

Cold, alter'd friendship's cruel part, To poison Fortune's ruthless dart— Let me not break thy faithful heart, And say that fate is mine, love. O wert, &c.

But dreary tho' the moments fleet, O let me think we yet shall meet ! That only ray of solace sweet Can on thy Chloris shine, love.

O wert, &c.

## THE DREARY NIGHT.

Tune—" Cauld Kail in Aberdeen." How long and dreary is the night, When I am frae my dearie ! I restless lie frae e'en to morn,

Though I were no'er sae weary. CHORUS.

For oh, her lanely nights are lang; And oh, her dreams are cerie; And oh, her widow'd heart is sair, That's absent frae her dearie.

That's absent frae her dearie. When I think on the lightsome days I spent wi' theo, my dearie;

And now what seas between us roar, llow can 1 but be eerie ? For oh, &c.

How slow ye move, ye heavy hours; The joyless day, how dreary ! It was na sze ye glinted hy, When I was wi' my dearie. For oh, &c.

# POORTITH CAULD

Tune-" I had a horse."

O POORTITH cauld, and restless love Ye wreck my peace between ye; Yet poortith a' I could forgive, An' 'twere na for my Jeany.

### CHORUS.

O why should Fute sic pleasure have Lift's dearest bands unterning? Or why sue sweet a flower as Love, Depend ou Fortune's shining?

This warld's wealth, when I think on, It's pride and a' the lave o't; Fie, fie-on silly coward man, That he should be the slave o't. O why, &c.

Her een sae bonie blue hetray How she repays my passion ; But prudence is her o'erword ay, She talks of rank und fashion. O why, &c.

O wha can prudence think upon, And sic a bassie by him? O wha can prudence think upon, And sae in love as I am? O why, &c.

How blest the humble cotter's fate! He woos his simple dearie; The silhe bogles, wealth and state, Can never make them eerie. O why, &cc.

### CLARINDA.

CLARINDA, mistress of my soul, The measur'd time is run! The wretch beneath the dreary pole, So marks his latest sun.

To what dark cave of frozen night Shall poor Sylvander hie; Depriv'd of thee, his life and light, The san of all his joy.

We part—but by these precious drops That fill thy lovely eyes ! No other light shall guide my steps Till thy bright beams arise.

The, the fair sun of all her sex, Has blest my glorious day; And shall a glunnering planet fix My worship to its ray?

## ISABELLA.

Tune-" M'Grigor of Rero's Lament."

RAVING winds around her blowing, Yeliow tenves the woodlands strowing, By : river hoinsely roaring, Isabella stray'd, deploring— " Parewell, hours that late did measure Sunshine days of joy and pleasure; Itali, theou gloony angle er sorrow, Chercless uight the's keows ho norrow.

"O'er the just too fondly wandering, On the hopeless future pondering; Chaly grief my fife-blood (reczes, Fell despair my fancy seizes, Lofe, thon soul of every blessing, Lond to misery most distressing, O how gladly Yd resign thee, And to dark oblivion join thee !"

# WANDERING WILLIE.

HERE awa, there awa, wandering Willic, Here awa, there awa, hand away hame; Come to my bosom, my ain only dearie,

Tell me thou bring'st me my Willie the same.

Winter winds blew lond and cauld at our parting, Fears for my Willie brought tears in my e'e; Welcome now simmer, and welcome my Willie, The simmer to nature, my Willie to me.

Rest, ye wild storms, in the cave of your slumbers, How your dread howling a lover alarms ! Wanken, ye breezes, row gently, ye billows : And waît my dear laddie ance mair to my arms

But oh, if he's faithless, and minds na his Nanie, Flow still between us, thou wide-maring main; May I never see it, may I never trow it, Eut, dying, believe that my Willie's my ain !

## THE PARTING KISS.

JOCKEY's taen the parting kiss, O'er the mountains he is gane; And with him is a' my bits, Nought but griefs with me remain.

Spare my lave, ye winds that blaw, Plashy sleets and beating rain ! Spare my lave, then feathery snaw, Drifting o'er the frozen plain !

When the shades of evening creep O'er the day's fair, gladsome e'e, Sound and safely may be sleep, Sweetly blithe his waukening be f

He will think on her he loves, Fondly he'll repeat her name; For where'er he distant roves,

Jockey's heart is still at hame,

# THE ROARING OCEAN.

Tune-" Draimion dubh."

MUSING on the roaring ocean, Which divides my love and me; Wearying Heaven in warm devotion, For his weat, where'er he be.

Hope and fear's alternate billow Yielding late to Nature's law; Whisp'ring spirits round my pillow Talk of him that's far awa.

Ye whom sorrow never wounded, Ye who never shed a tear, Care untroubled, joy-surrounded, Gaudy day to you is dear.

Gentle night, do thou befriend me; Downy sleep the curtain draw; Spirits kind, again attend me, Talk of him that's far awa!

## FAIR ELIZA

A GAELIC AIR.

TTRN again, thou fair Eliza, Ae kind blink before we part, Rew on thy despairing lover ! Canst thou break his faithfu' hozz 3

Turn again, then fair Eliza; If to love thy heart denies,

For pity hide the cruel sentence Under friendship's kind disguise!

Thee, dear maid, hae I offended ? The offence is loving thee; Canst thou wreck his peace for ever,

Wha for thine would gladly die ? While the life beats in my bosom,

Thon shall mix in ilka three, Turn again, thou lovely maiden,

Ae sweet smile on me bestow.

Not the bee upon the blossom, In the pride o' sinny noon : Not the little sporting fairy,

All beneath the simmer moon ; Not the poet in the moment

Fancy lightens on his e'e, Kens the pleasure, feels the rapture, That thy presence gies to me.

#### ELIZA.

Tune-" Nancy's to the Greenwood," &c.

FAREWELL, thou stream that winding flows Around Eliza's dwelling ! O mem'ry, spare the cruei three

Within my bosom swelling.

Condemn'd to drag a hopeless chain, And yet in secret languish, To feer a fire in ev'ry vein,

Nor dare disclose my anguish.

Love's veriest wretch, nuseen, unknown, I fain my griefs would cover :

The buisting sigh, th' unweeting groan Betray the hapless lover.

I know thou doom'st me to despair, Nor wilt nor caust relieve me;

But oh, Eliza, hear one prayer, For pity's sake forgive me.

The music of thy voice I heard, Nor wist, while it enslav'd me; I saw thise eyes, yet nothing tear'd,

Till fears no more had say'd me :

The unwary sailor thus aghast, The wheeling torrent viewing ;

Mid circling horrors sinks at last In overwhelming ruin.

## DEPARTURE OF NANCY.

Tune-" Oran-gaoil."

BEHOLD the hour, the boat arrive ; Thou goest, thou darling of my heart ! Sever'd from thee, can 1 survive ?

But fate has will'd, and we must part.

I'll often greet this surging swell, Yon distant isle will often hail : "E'en here I took the last farewell;

There latest mark'd her vanish'd sail."

Along the solitary shore, While fitting sea-fowl round me cry, Across the rolling, dashing roar,

I'll westward turn my wistful eye:

Happy, then Indian grove, Fill say, Where now noy Nancy's path may be ! While thro' thy sweets she loves to stray, O tell me, does she muse on me ?

## MY NANIE'S AWA.

# Tune-" There'll never be peace," &c.

Now in her green mantle blithe Nature arrays, And listers the lambkins that bleat o'er the braes, While birds warble welcome in itka green shaw; But to me it's delightless—my Nanie's awa.

The snaw-drap and primose our woodlands adorn, And violets bathe in the weet o' the norn; They pain my sad boson, sae sweetly they blaw, They mind me o' Nanie—and Nanie's awa.

Thou lav'rock that springs frate the dews of the lawn, The shepherd to ware o' the gray-breaking dawn, And thou mellow mavis that hais the night-fa', Give over for pity—ny Nanie's awa.

Come, autumn, sae pensive, in yellow and gray And sooth me wi' tidings o' Nature's decay: The dark dreary winter and wid-driving snaw Alane can delight me—how Nanie's awa.

## GLOOMY DECEMBER.

ANCE main I hail thee, thou gloomy December ! Ance main I hail thee, wi' sorrow and care ; Sad was the parting thou makes me remember, Parting wi' Nancy, oh ! ne'er to meet main !

Fond lovers' parting is sweet painful pleasure: Hope beaming mild on the soft-parting hour; But the dire feeling, Ofarewell for ever 1 Is anguish unmingled and agony pure.

Wild as the Winter now tearing the forest, Till the last leaf o the Summer is flown, Such is the tempest has shaken my bosom, Since my last hope and last confort is gone.

Buil as I hail thee, thou gloomy December, Still shall I hail thee wi' sorrow and care;

For sad was the parting thou makes me remember, Parting wi' Nancy, oh, ne'er to meet mair.

## THE BRAES O' BALLOCHMYLE.

The Catrine woods were yellow seen, The dowers decay'd on Carrine lea, Nae lav'rock sang on hillock green, But Nature sicken'd on the c'e.

Thro' faded groves Maria sang, Hersel in beauty's bloom the whyle, And ay the wild-wood echoes rang, Farewell the bracs o' Ballochnyle.

Low in your wint'ry beds, ye flowers, Again ye'll flourish fresh and fair; Ye birdies dumb, in with'ting bowers, Again ye'll charm the yoeal air:

But here, alas! for me nae mair Shall birdie charm, or flow'ret smile, Farewell the bonic banks of Ayr, Farewell, farewell! sweet Ballochmyle.

### BANKS O' DOON.

YE banks and bracs o' bonic Doon, How can ye bloom suc fresh and fair; How can ye chant, ye bitle birds, And I sac weary, fu' o' care!

Thon'lt break my heart, thou warbling bird, That wantons thro' the flowering thorn: Thou minds me o' departed joys,

Departed, never to return.

Off hae I rov'd by bonie Doon, To see the rose and woodbine twine; And ilka bird sang o' its love, And fondly sae did I o' mine.

Wi' lightsome heart I pu'd a rose, Fu' sweet upon its thorny tree : And my fanse lover stole my rose,

But, ah ! he left the thorn wi' me.

## CRAGIE-BURN

#### Tune-" Cragie-burn-wood."

**SWEET** fa's the eve on Cragie-birm, And binhe awakes the norrow, But a' the pride o' spring's return Can yield me nocht but sorrow.

I see the flowers and spreading trees, I hear the wild brds singing ; But what a weary wight can please, And care his bosom wringing ?

Fain, fain would I any griefs impart, Yet dare na for your anger: But secret love will break my heart, If I conceal it langer.

If then refuse to pity me, If then shalt love anither,

When you green leaves faile frae the tree, Around my grave they'll wither.

## THE CHEERLESS SOUL.

Tune-" Jockey's Grey Breeks."

AGAIN rejoicing Nature sees Her robe assume its vernal hues, Her leafy locks wave in the breeze, All freshy steep'd in morning dews.

In vain to me the cowslips blaw, In vain to me the vilets spring; In van to me in glen or shaw, The mavis and the lintwhite sing.

The merry plough-boy cheers his team, Wi' joy the tentie seedsman stalks, But life to me's a weary dream, A dream of ane that never wauks.

The wanton coot the water skims, Amang the reeds the ducklings cry, The stately swar majestic swims, And every thing is bited but 1.

The sheep-herd stecks his faulding slap, And over the moorlands whistles shrill, Wi' wild, unequal, wand'ring step I meet him on the dewy hil.

And when the lark, 'tween light and dark, Blithe wankens by the daisy's side,

And mounts and sings on flittering wings, A wo-worn ghaist I hameward glide.

Come, Winter, with thine angry howl, And raging bend the naked tree; Thy gloon will sooth my cheerless soul, When Nature all is sad like me!

### THE DISCONSOLATE LOVER.

Now spring has clad the groves in green, And strew'd the lea wi' flowers; The furrow'd waving corn is seen

Rejoice in fostering showers ; While ilka thing in nature join

Their sorrows to forego,

O why thus all alone are mine The weary steps of wo!

The trout within yon wimpling burn Glides swift, a silver dart,

And safe beneath the shady thom Defies the angler's art:

My life was ance that careless stream, That wanton trout was I;

But love, wi' nurelenting beam, Has scorch'd my fountains dry.

The little flow'ret's peaceful lot, In youder cliff that grows,

Which, save the innet's flight, I wot, Nae ruder visit knows,

Was mine; till love has o'er me past, And blighted a' my bloom,

And new beneath the withering blast My youth and joy consume.

The waken'd lav'rock warbing springs, And climbs the early sky, Winnowing blithe her dewy wings In morning's rosy eye;

As little reckt I sorrow's power, Unit the flowery snare O' witching love, in luckless hour,

Made me the theall o' care.

O had my fate been Greenland snows, Or Afric's burning zone, Wi' Men and Nature leagu'd my foes,

So Peggy ne'er I'd known !

The wretch whase doom is, " hope nae mair," What tongue his woes can tell;

Within whase bosom, save despair,

Nae kinder spirits dwell.

# MARY MORISON.

#### Tune-" Bide ye yet."

O MARY, at thy window be, It is the wish'd, the trysted hour ! Those smiles and glances let me see, That make the miser's treasure poor; How blithely wad I bide the stoure, A weary slave frae sun to sun; Could I the rich reward secure,

The lovely Mary Motison.

Yestreen when to the trembling string, The dance good thro' the lighted ha', To thee my tancy took its wing,

I sat, but weither heard nor saw :

Tho' this was fair and that was braw, And you the toast of a' the town,

I sigh'd, and said among them a', "Ye are na Mary Morrison."

O Mary, canst thou wreck his peace, Wha for thy sake would gladly die ?

Or canst thon break that heart of his, Whase only fault is loving thee?

If love for love thou wilt na gie, At least be pity to me shown! A thought ungentle camaa be

The thought o' Mary Morrison,

## FAIR JENNY.

### Tunc-" Saw ye my father ?"

WHERE are the joys that I've met in the morning ? That dane'd to the lark's early song ? Where is the peace that awaited my wand'riog, At evening, the wild woods among ?

No more a winding the course of yon river, And marking sweet flow'rets so fait : No more I trace the light footsteps of pleasure,

But sorrow and sad sighing care.

Is it that summer's forsaken our valleys, And grim surly winter is near? No, no, the bees humming round the gay roses,

Proclaim it the pride of the year.

Fain would I hide what I fear to discover, Yet long, long too weil have I known: All that has caused this wreck in my bosom, Is Jenny, fair Jenny alone.

Time cannot aid me, my griefs are immortal, Nor hope dare a comfort bestow:

Come then, enamour'd and find of my anguish, Enjoyment I'll seek in my wo.

### ADDRESS TO THE WOOD-LARK.

Tune-" Where'll bonie Ann lie." Or, " Loch Eroch-side."

O STAY, sweet warbling wood lark, stay, Nor quit for me the trenhling spray; A hapless lover courts thy lay, Thy soothing, fond complaining

Again, again that tender part, That I may catch thy meiting art; For surely that wad touch her heart, Wha kills me with disdaining.

Say, was thy little mate unkind, And heard thee as the careless wind **?** Oh, nocht but love and sorrow join'd, Sic notes o' wo could wauken.

Thou tells of never-ending care ; O' speechless grief and dark desprir ; For puty's sake, sweet hird, nae mair ! Or my poor heart is broken !

# FRAGMENT,

IN WITHERSPOON'S COLLECTION OF SCOT'S SONGS

Air-" Ilughie Graham,"

O WERE my love you like fair, Wi' purple blossoms to the spring; And I a bind to she her there, When wearied on my lutle wing;

How I wad mourn when it was torn, By autanin wild, and winter rude ! But I wad sing on wanton wing, When youthful May its bloom renew'd.\*

"O gin my love were year red rose, That grows upon the castle wa" And I mysel a drap o' dew, Into her bonie breast to fa'!

<sup>10</sup> O, there beyond expression blest, I'd feast on hearty a' the hight; Seal'd on her silk-sal't fauids to rest, Till fley'd awa by Phæbus' light."

THI Hey d awa by rinebus light.

# ADDRESS TO A LADY.

On, wert thou in the cauld blast, On yonder lea, on yonder lea, My plande to the angry airt,

My plandie to the angry airt, I'd shelter thee, I'd shelter thee; Or did misfortune's bitter storms

Around thee blaw, around thee blaw, Thy bield should be my bosom,

To share it a', to share it a'.

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These stanzas were prefixed by Burns.

## POEMS.

Or were I in the wildest waste, Sae black and bare, sae black and bare,

The desert were a paradise, If thou wert there, if thou wert there: Or were I monarch o' the globe,

Wi' thee to reign, wi' thee to reign, 'The brightest jewel in my crown,

Wad be my queen, wad be my queen.

# THE AULD MAN.

Bur lately seen in gladsome green The woods rejoice the day, Thro' gentle showers the laughing flowers. In double pride were gay. But now our joys are fled On winter blasts awa: Yet maiden May, in rich array Again shall bring them a'.

But my white pow, nae kindly thowe Shall melt the snaws of age; My trunk of eild, but buss or bield, Sinks in 'Time's wint'ry rage.

Oh, age has weary days, And nights o' sleepless pain ! Thon golden time o' youthful prime,

Why com'st thou not again ?

### JOHN ANDERSON, MY JO.

JOHN ANDERSON, my jo, John, When we were first acquent, Your locks were like the raven,

Your bonie brow was brent; But now your brow is beld, John, Your locks are like the snow : But blessings on your frosty pow.

John Anderson my jo.

John Anderson my jo, John, We claud the hill thegither; And nonne a canty day, John, We've had wi' me anither; Now we mann totter down, John, Bat hand in hand we'll go, And sleep thegither at the foot, John Anderson my jo.

# AULD LANG SYNE.

Short.b and acquaintance he forgot, And never brought to min' ? Should and acquaintance he forgot, And days of lang syne ?

#### CHORUS.

For auld lang syne, my dear, For auld lang syne, We'll tak a cup o' kindness yet, For auld lang syne.

We twa hae run about the bracs, And pu't the gowans line; But we've wandet'd monie a weary fost, Sin' and lang syne. For auld, &c.

We two has paidl't i' the burn, Fras mornin sun till drue; But seas between us braid has roar'd, Sm' auld lang syns. For auld, &c.

And here's a hand, my trusty fiere, And gie's a hand o' thue; And we'll tak a right guid willie-waught, For auld lang syne. For and, &c.

And surely ye'll be your pint-stowp, And surely l'll be mine; And we'll tak a cnp o' kindness yet, For auld lang syne. For auld, icc. K

VOL. II.

# HOPELESS LOVE.

#### Tune-" Liggeram Cosh."

BLITTLE hae I been on you hill, As the lambs before me; Careloss ilka thought and free, As the breeze flew o'er me:

Now nae longer sport and play, Mirth or sang can please me; Lesley is sac fair and coy, Care and anguish seize me.

Heavy, heavy, is the task, Hopeless love declaring : Trembling, I dow nocht but glow'r, Sighing, dumb, despairing!

If she winna case the thraws, In my bosom swelling; Underneath the grass-green sod Soon maun be my dwelling.

# BANKS OF NITH.

#### Tune-" Robie Donna Gorach."

THE Thames flows proudly to the sea, Where royal cities stately stand; But sweeter flows the Nith to me, Where Commons ance had high command:

When shall I see that honour'd land, That winding stream 1 love so dear! Must wayward Fortune's adverse hand For ever, ever keep me here?

How lovely, Nith, thy fruitful vales, Where spreading hawthorns gaily bloom ! How sweetly wind thy sloping dales, Where lambkins wanton thro' the broom !

Tho' wandering, now, must be my doom, Far from thy bonie banks and braes, May there my latest hours consume, Amang the friends of early days!

## BANKS OF CREE.

HERE is the glen, and here the bower, All underneath the birchen shade; The village bell has told the hour, O what can stay my lovely maid ?

'Tis not Maria's whispering call ; 'Tis but the balmy-breathing gale, Mixt with some warbler's dying fall,

The dewy star of eve to hail.

It is Maria's voice I hear ! So calls the woodlark in the grove, His little faithful mate to cheer, At once 'tis music—and 'tis love.

And art thou come ! and art thou true ! O welcome dear to love and me ! And let us all our yows renew,

Along the flowery banks of Cree

## CASTLE GORDON.

STREAMS that glide in orient plains, Never bound by winter's chains; Glowing lever on golden sands, There commix'd with foulest stains From tyranny's cuparpled bands; These, their richly-gleaming waves, Heave to tyrants and their slaves; Give me the stream that sweetly laves The banks by Castle Gordon.

Spicy forests, ever gay, Shading from the burning ray Hapless wretches sold to toil, Or the ruth'ess native's way, Bent on slaughter, blood, and spoll; Woods that ever verdant wave, I leave the tyrant and the slave; Give me the groves that lofty brave The storms by Castle Gordon.

Wildly here without control, Nature reigns and rules the whele; 13.1

In that soher pensive mood, bearest to the feeling soil, She plants the forest, pears the floo**J**; Life's poor day Ull musuig rave. And find at hight a sheatering cave, Where waters flow and whit woods **wave**, By bonie Castle Gordon.

### AFTON WATER.

Frow gently, sweet Afton, among thy green brace; Flow gently, l'fl sing thee a song in thy praise; My Mary's alscep by thy nurranning stream, Flow gently, sweet Afton, distarb not her dream. Thou stock-dove whose echo resonals thro' the glen, Ye wild-whistling black birds in yon thorny den, Thon green-crested lapwing, thy screaming forbear I charge you, disturb not my slumbering fuir.

How lofty, sweet Afton, thy neighbouring hills, Far mark'd with the courses of clear, winding rills; There daily I wander as noon rises high, My flocks and my Mary's sweet cot in my eye. How pleasant thy banks and green valleys below,

Where wild in the woodlands the primroses blow; There oft as mild evining weeps over the lea, The sweet-scented birk shades my Mary and me.

Thy crystal stream, Afton, how lovely it glides, And winds by the cot where my Mary resules; How wanton thy waters her snowy feet lave, As gath'ring sweet flow'ret's she stens thy clear wave. Flow gently, sweet Afton, among thy green braes, Flow gently, sweet frier, the theme of my lays; My Mary's asleep by thy murmuring stream, Flow gently, sweet Afton, disturb not her dream.

# THE SACRED VOW.

Tune-" Allan Water."

By Allan stream 1 chane'd to rove, While Phobus sink below Bendeddi;\* The winds were whisp'ring through the grove, The yellow corn was waving ready:

\* A mountain west of Strath-Allan, 3,000 feet high.

THEN S ...........

I listen'd to a lover's sang, And thought on youthfu' pleasurez monie; And ay the wild-wood echoes rang-O, dearly do I love thee, Annie!

O happy be the woodbine bower, Nae nightly bogie make it eerie; Nor ever sorrow stain the hour, The place and time I met my dearie!

Her head upon my throbbing breast, She, sinking, said, "1'm thine for ever!" While monie a kiss the seal imprest, The sacred yow we ne'er should sever.

The haunt o' spring's the primrose brae, The summer joys the flocks to follow; How cheery through her shortening day, Is autumn in her weeds o' yellow;

But can they melt the glowing heart, Or chain the soul in speechless pleasure, Or thro' each nerve the rapture dart, Like meeting her, our bosom's treasure ?

### THE RIGS O' BARLEY.

Tune-" Corn rigs are bonie."

It was upon a Lammas night, When corn rigs are bonie, Beneath the moon's unclouded light,

I held awa to Annie:

The time flew by wi' tentless heed, Till 'tween the late and early;

Wi' sma' persuasion she agreed, To see me through the barley.

The sky was blue, the wind was still, The moon was shining clearly;

I sat her down wi' right good will, Amang the rigs o' barley :

I kent her heart was a' my ain; I lov'd her most sincerely;

I kiss'd her owre and owre again, Amang the rigs o' barley.

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#### FOLMS.

I lock'd her in my fond embrace: Her heart was beating rarely;

My blessings on that happy piace, Among the rigs o' barley! But by the moon and stars so bright,

That shone that hom so clearly ! She ay shall bless that happy night, Amang the rigs o' barley.

I hae been blithe wi' comrades dear ; I hae been merry drakin; 2 hae been joyfa' gath'rin gear;

I hae been bappy thinkin ;

But a' the pleasures e'er I saw, Tho' three times doubled fairly,

That happy night was worth them a", Amang the rigs o' barley.

#### CHORUS.

Corn rigs, an' barley rigs, Corn rigs are bonie; fll ne'er forget that happy night, Among the rigs wi' Annie.

# THE LEADER.

WHEN o'er the hill the eastern star. Tells bughtin-time is near, my 10; And owsen frae the furrowed field, Return see dowf and weary O; Down by the burn, where scented birks Wi' dew are hanging clear, my jo, Fil meet thee on the lea-rig,

My ain kind dearie O.

In mirkest glen, at midnight hour, I'd rove, and neter be cerie O, If thro' that gien I gaed to thee-My ain kind dearie O

Aitho' the night were ne'er sae wild And I were ne'er sae wearie O. I'd meet thee on the lea-rig, My ain kind dearie O.

The hunter lo'es the morning sun. To rouse the mountain-deer, my jo : At noon the fisher seeks the glen,

Along the burn to steer, my jo; Give me the hour o' gloamin gray, It make my heart sae cheerie O. To meet thee on the lea-rig,

My ain kind dearie O.

# THE LASS OF BALLOCHMYLE.

'Twas even-the dewy fields were green. On every blade the pearls hang ; The zephyr wanton'd round the bean,

And bore its fragrant sweets alang : In every glen the mavis saug, All nature list'ning secm'd the while,

Except where greenwood echoes rang, Amang the braes o' Ballochnivle.

With careless step I onward stray'd, My heart rejoic'd in nature's joy, When musing in a lonely glade,

A maiden fair I chane'd to spy ; Her look was like the morning's eye,

Her air like nature's vernal smile. Perfection whisper'd, passing by, Behold the lass o' Ballochmyle!

Fair is the morning in flowery May. And sweet is night in Antumn mild

When roving thro' the garden gay, Or wand ring in the lonely wild : But woman, nature's darling child !

There all her charms she does compile, Ev'n there her other works are foil'd

By the bonie lass o' Ballochmyle.

O, had she been a country maid, And I the happy country swain, Tha' shefter'd in the lowest shed That ever rose in Scotland's plain!

Thro' weary winter's wind and rain

With joy, with rapture, I would tell : And nightly to my bosom strain The bonie fass o' Ballochmyle.

Then pride might climb the slipp'ry steep, Where fame and honours lofty shine : And thirst of gold might tempt the deep, Or downward seek the Indian mine;

Give me the cot below the pine, To tend the flocks, or till the soil, And every day have joys divine, Wi' the bonie lass o' Ballochmyle.

### BONIE LESLEY.

O saw ye bonie Lesley As she gaed o'er the border ? She's gane, like Alexander, To spread her conquests farther.

To see her is to love her, And love but her for ever: For Nature made her what she is, And ne'er made sic anither !

Thou art a queen, fair Lesley, Thy subjects we, before thee; Thou art divine, fair Lesley, The hearts o' men adore thee.

The Deil he could na scaith thee, Or aught that wad belang thee : He'd look into thy bonie face, And say, "I canna wrang thee."

The Powers aboon will tent thee; Misfortune sha' na steer thee; Thou'rt like themselves, sae lovely, That ill they'll ne'er let near thes.

Return again, fair Lesley, Return to Caledonie! That we may brag we hae a lass

There's nane again sae bonie.

### BONIE JEAN.

THERE was a lass, and she was far At kirk and market to be seen, When a' the fairest maids were met, The fairest maid was bonie Jean.

And ay she wrought her mammie's wark, And ay she sang sae merrille; The blithest bird upon the bush Had ne'er a lighter heart than she.

But hawks will rob the tender joys That bless the little lin white's nest; And frost will blight the fairest flowers, And love will break the soundest rest.

Young Robie was the brawest lad, The flower and pride of a' the gien; And he had owsen, sheep, and kye, And wanton naigies nine or ten.

He gaed wi' Jeanie to the tryste, He danc'd wi' Jeanie on the down; And lang ere witless Jeanie wist, Her beart was tint, her peace was stown.

As in the bosom o' the stream, The moon-beam dwells at dewy e'en; So trembling, pure, was tender love, Within the breast o' banie Jean.

And now she works her mammie's wark, And ay she sighs wi' cure and pain; Yet wist na what her ail might be, Or what wad mak her weel again.

But did na Jeanie's heart loup light, And did na joy blink in her e'e, As Robie tauld a tale o' love, An e'enin on the lily lea?

The sun was sinking in the west, The birds sang sweet in ilka grove : His cheek to her's he fondly prest, And whisper'd thus his tale o' love.

O Jeanle fair, I lo'e thee dear; O canst thou think to fancy me? Or wilt thou leave thy mammie's cot, And learn to tent the farms wil' me?

At barn or byre thou shalt na drudge, Or nacthing else to trouble thee; But stray amang the heather-bells, And tent the waving corn wi' me.

Now what could artless Jeanie do ? She had na will to say him na : At length she blush'd a sweet consent, And love was ay between them twa.

#### TO JEANIE.

### Air-" Cauld Kail."

COME, let me take thee to my breast, And pledge we ne'er shall sunder; And I shall spurn, as vilest dust, The warld's wealth and grandeur!

And do I hear my Jeanie own, That equal transports move her? I ask for dearest life alone That may I live to love her.

Thus in my arms, wi' all thy charms, I clasp my countless treasure; I'll seek nae mair o' heaven to share,

That sic a moment's pleasure:

And by thy e'en, sae bonie blue, I swear I'm thine for ever: And on thy lips I seal my vow, And break it shall I never.

## DAINTY DAVIE.

Now rosy May comes in wi' flowers, To deck her gay, green-spreading bowers; And now comes in my happy hours, To wander wi' my Davie.

#### CHORUS.

Meet me on the warlock knowe, Dainty Davie, Jainty Davie, There PU spend the day wi you My ain dear dainty Davie.

The crystal waters round us fa', The mery birds are lovers a', The scented breezes round us blaw, A-wandering wi' my Davie. Meet me, &cc.

When purple morning starts the hare, To steal upon her early fare, Then thro' the dews I will repair, To meet my faithfu' Davie. Meet me, &c.

When day, expiring in the west, The curtain draws o' Nature's rest, I flee to his arms I lo'e best, And that's my ain dear Davie.

CHCRUS.

Meet mc on the warlock knowe, Bonie Davie, dainty Davie, There Ill spend the day wi' you, My ain dear dainty Davie.

### LOVELY NANCY.

Tune-" The Quaker's wife,"

THINE am I, my faithful fair, Thine, my lovely Nancy; Ev'ry pulse along my veins, Ev'ry roving fancy.

To thy bosom lay my heart, There to throb and languish: Tho' despair had wrung its core, That would heal its anguish.

Take away those rosy lips, Rich with balmy treasure; Turn away thine eyes of love Lest I die with pleasure.

What is life when wanting love ? Night without a morning : Love's the cloudless summer sky Nature gay adorning,

## CLOUDEN KNOWES.

Tune-" Ca' the Yowes to the knowes."

#### CHORUS.

Ca' the yours to the knowes, Ca' them whare the heather grows, Ca' them whare the burnie rows, My bonie dcarie.

Hark, the mavis' evening sang Sounding Clouden's woods amang; Then a-faulding let us gang, My bonie dearie. Ca' the, &c.

We'll gae down by Clouden side, Thro' the hazels spreading wide, O'er the waves that sweetly glide To the moon sae clearly, Ca' the, &c.

Yonder Clouden's silent tow'rs, Where at moonshine midnight hours, O'er the dewy bending flowers, Fairies dance sae cheery. Ca' the, &c.

Ghaist nor bogle shalt thou fear; Thou'rt to love and heaven sae dear, Nocht of ill may come thee near My bonie dearie. Ca' the, &c.

Fair and lovely as thou art, Thou hast stown my very heart; I can die—but canna part, My bonie dearie. Ca' the, &c.

#### TO CHLORIS.

## Tune-" My lodging is on the cold groups.

My Chloris, mark how green the groves, The primrose banks how fair : The balmy gales awake the flowers,

And wave thy flaxen hair.

The lav'rock shuns the palace gay, And o'er the cottage sings:

For nature smiles as sweet, I ween, To shepherds as to kings.

Let minstrels sweep the skilfu' string In lordly lighted ha':

The shepherd stops his simple reed, Blithe, in the birken snaw.

The princely revel may survey Our rustic dance wi' scorn;

But are their hearts as light as ours, Beneath the milk-white thorn ?

The shepherd in the flowery glen, In shepherd's phrase will woo:

The courtier tells a finer tale, But is his heart as true ?

These wild-wood flowers, I've pu'd, to deck That spotless breast o' thine ;

The courtier's gems may witness love— But 'tis na love like mine.

## CHLORIS.

O BONIE was yon rosy brier, That blooms sae far frae haunt o' man And benie she, and ah, how dear! It shaded frae the e'enin sun.

Yon rose buds in the morning dew, How pure among the leaves sae green; But purer was the lover's yow

They witness'd in their shade yestreen.

All in its rude and prickly bower, That crimson rose how sweet and fair! But love is far a sweeter flower

Amid life's thorny path o' care.

The pathless wild, and wimpling burn, Wi' Chloris in my arms, be mine; And I the world, nor wish, nor scorn, Its joys and griefs alike resign.

## LASSIE WI' THE LINTWHITE LOCKS

Tune-" Rothemurche's Rant."

#### CHORUS.

Lassie wi' the lintwhite locks, Bonie lassie, artless lassie, Wilt thou wi' me tent the flocks, Wilt thou be my dearie O?

Now nature cleeds the flowery lea, And a' is young and sweet like thee; O wilt thou share its joys wi' me, And say thou'lt be my dearie O ? Lassie, &cc.

And when the welcome simmer-shower Has cheer'd ilk drooping little flower, We'll to the breathing woodbine bower At sultry noon, my dearie O. Lassie, &c.

When Cynthia lights, wi' silver ray, The weary shearcy's hameward way; 'Thro' yellow waving fields we'll stray, And talk o' love, my dearie O. Lassie, &c.

And when the howling wint'ry blast Disturbs my lassie's midnight rest, Enclasped to my faithfu' breast, I'll comfort thee, my dearie O. Lassie, &cc.

## THIS IS NO MY AIN LASSIE.

Tune-" This is no my ain house "

CHORUS.

O this is no my ain lassie, Fair tho' the lassie be; O weel ken I my ain lassie, Kind love is in her c'e.

I see a form, I see a face, Ye weel may wi' the fairest place ; It wants, to me, the witching grace, The kind love that's in her e'e. O this, &cc.

She's bonie, blooming, straight, and tall, And lang has had my heart in thrall; And ay it charms my very saul, The kind love that's in her e'e. O this, &cc.

A thief sae pawkie is my Jean, To steal a blink by a' unseen ; But gleg as light are lovers' een, When kind love is in the e'e, O this, &cc.

It may escape the courtly sparks, It may escape the learned clerks; But weel the watching lover marks The kind love that's in her e'e. O this, &cc.

### JESSY.

Tune-" Here's a health to them that's awa, hiney.

#### CHORUS.

Here's a health to ane I lo'e dear, Here's a health to ane I lo'e dear; Thou art sweet as the smile when fund lovers meet, And soft as their parting tear-Jessy I

#### POEMS.

Altho' thou maun never be mine, Altho' even hope is denied : Tis sweeter for thee despairing, Than aught in the world beside-Jeasy ! Ilere's, &c.

I movern thro' the gay, gaudy day, As hopeless I muse on thy charms; But welcome the dream o' sweet slumber, For then I am lock'd in thy arms-Jessy ! Here's, &c.

I guess by the dear angel smile, I guess by the love-rolling e'e; But why urge the tender confession 'Gainst fortune's fell cruel decree-Jesry ! Here's, &c.

### THE BIRKS OF ABERFELDY.

#### CHORUS.

Bonie lassie, will ye go, will ye go, will ye go, Bonie lassie, will ye go to the birks of Aberfeldy?

Now simmer blinks on flowery braes. And o'er the crystal streamlet plays, Come, let us spend the lightsome days In the birks of Aberfeldy. Bonie lassi :, &c.

While o'er their heads the hazels hing, The little birdies blithely sing, Or lightly flit on wanton wing In the birks of Aberfeldy. Bonie lassie, &c.

The braes ascend like lofty wa's, The foaming stream deep-roaring fa's, O'er-hung wi' fragrant spreading shaws, The birks of Aberfeldy.

Bonie lassie, &c.

The hoary cliffs are crown'd wi' flowers, White o'er the linns the burnie pours, And, rising, weets wi' misty showers The birks of Aberfeldy.

Bonie lassie, &c.

Let Fortune's gifts at random flee, They ne'er shall draw a wish frae me, Supremely blest wi' love and thee, In the birks of Aberfeldy. Bonie lassie, &c.

### THE ROSE-BUD

A ROSE-BUD by my early walk, Adown a corn-enclosed bawk, Sae gently bent its thorny stalk, All on a dewy morning.

Ere twice the shades o' dawn are fled, In a' its crimson glory spread, And drooping rich the dewy head, It seents the early morning.

Within the bush, her covert nest, A little linnet fondly prest, The dew sat chilly on her breast Sae early in the morning.

She soon shall see her tender brood, The pride, the pleasure o' the wood, Amang the fresh green leaves bedew'd, Awake the early morning.

So thou, dear bird, young Jenny fair, On trembling string or vocal air, Shall sweetly pay the tender care That tents thy early morning.

So thou, sweet rose-bud, young and gay, Shall beauteous blaze upon the day, And bless the parent's evening ray That watch'd thy early morning.

## PEGGY'S CHARMS.

Tune-" N. Gow's Lamentation for Abercaimy." WHERE braving angry winter's storms, The lofty Ochels rise, Far in their shade my Peggy's charms, First blest my wondering eyes. Vol. II. L

As one who by some savage stream, A lonely gem surveys, Astonish'd, doubly marks its beam,

With art's most polish'd blaze.

Blest be the wild sequester'd shade, And blest the day and hour, Where Peggy's charms I from survey'd, When first I felt their power!

The tyrant Death with grim control May seize my fleeting breath;

But tearing Peggy from my soul Must be a stronger death.

## THE BLISSFUL DAY.

#### Tune-" Seventh of November."

The day returns, my bosom burns, The blissful day we twa did meet, Tho' winter wild in tempest toil'd,

Ne'er summer sun was half sae sweet. Than a' the pride that loads the tide,

And crosses o'er the sultry line;

Than kingly robes, than crowns and globes, Heaven gave me more, it made thee mine

While day and night can bring delight, Or nature aught of pleasure give;

While joys above, my mind can move, For thee, and thee alone, I live ! When that grim foe of life below

Comes in between to make us part ; The iron hand that breaks our band,

It breaks my bliss-it breaks my heart

#### CONSTANCY.

Tune-" My love is lost to me."

O, WERE I on Parnassus' hill ! Or had of Helicon my fill; That I might catch poetic skill, To sing how dear I love thee.

But Nith maun be my Muse's well, My Muse maun be thy bonie sel : On Corsincon I'll glowr and spell, And write how dear I love thee.

Then come, sweet Muse, inspire my lay ! For a' the lee-lang simmer's day, I couldna sing, I couldna say, How much, how dear I love thee.

I see thee dancing o'er the green, Thy waist sae jimp, thy limbs sae clean, Thy tempting lips, thy roguish e'en-By heaven and earth, I love thee !

By night, by day, a-field, at hame, The thoughts o' thee my breast inflame; And ay I muse and sing thy name, I only live to love thee.

Though I were doom'd to Wander on, Beyond the sea, beyond the sun, Till my last weary sand was run; Till chen—and then I love thee.

## LOVELY JEAN.

# Tune-" Miss Admiral Gordon's Strathspey "

Op a' the airts the wind can blaw, I dearly like the west, For there the bonic lassic lives, The lassic I lo'e best: There wild woods grow, and rivers row, And monie a hill between ; But day and night, my fancy's flight Is ever wi' my Jean. I see her in the dewy flowers, I see her sweet and fair :

I hear her in the tunefu' birds, I hear her charm the air :

There's not a bonie flower that springs By fountain, shaw, or green

By fountain, shaw, or green ; There's not a bonie bird that sings, But minds me o' my Jean.

# THE BLUE-EYED LASSIE.

I oako a waefu' gate yestreen, A gate, I fear, I'll dearly rue : I gat my death frae twa sweet een, Twa lovely een o' bonie blue. 'Twas not her goiden ringlets bright; Her nps like roses wat wi' dew, Her heaving bosom, lily white; It was her een sae bonie blue. She talk'd, she smil'd, my heart she wyl'd, She charm'd my soul, I wist na how; And ay the stound, the deadly wound, Cam frae her een sae bonie blue.

But spare to speak, and spare to speed; She'll aiblins listen to my vow: Should she refuse, I'll lay my dead

To her twa een sas bonie bluc.

## WILT THOU BE MY DEARIE?

Wilt thou be my dearie? When sorrow wrings thy gentle heart, O wilt thou let me cheer thee?

By the treasure of my soul,

And that's the love I bear thee! I swear and vow that only thou

Shall ever be my dearie. Only thou, 1 swear and vow, Shall ever be my dearie.

Lassie, say thou lo'es me; Or, if thou wilt na be my ain, Say na thou'lt refuse me:

If it winna, canna be, Thou for thine may choose me;

Let me, lassie, quickly die, Trusting that thou lo'es me. Lassie, let me quickly die,

Lusting that thou lo'es me.

### LUCY.

O, war ye wha's in yon town, Ye see the e'enin sun upon? The fairest dame is in yon town The e'enin sun is shining on.

Now haply down yon gay green shaw, She wanders by yon spreading tree, How blest ye flowers that round her blaw, Ye catch the glances o' her e'e.

How blest ye birds that round her sing, And welcome in the blooming year,

And doubly welcome be the spring, The season to my Lucy dear.

The sun blinks blithe on yon town, And on yon bonie braes of Ayr: But my delight in yon town, And dearest bliss, is Lucy fair

Without my love, not a' the charms O' Paradise could yield me joy; But gie me Lucy in my arms, And welcome Lapland's dreary sky.

My cave wad be a lover's bower, Tho' raging winter rent the air;

And she a lovely little flower, That I wad tent and shelter there.

O sweet is she in yon town, Yon sinking sun's gaen down upon: A fairer than's in yon town,

His setting beams ne'er shone upon.

If angry fate is sworn my foe, And suffering I am doom'd to bear; I careless quit all else below, But spare me, spare me, Lucy dear.

For while life's dearest blood is warm, Ae thought frae her shall ne'er depart, And she—as fairest is her form,

She has the truest, kindest heart.

### BLITHE PHEMIE.

#### CHORUS.

Elithe, blithe and merry was she, Blithe by the banks of Ern, And blithe was she but an' ben: And blithe in Glenturit glen.

By Oughtertyre grows the aik, Cn Yarrow banks the birken shaw; But Phemie was a bonier lass Than brase o' Yarrow ever saw. Blithe, &c.

Iler looks were like a flower in May, Her smile was like a simmer morn; She tripped by the banks of Ern, As light's a bird npon a thorn. Blithe, &c.

Her bonie face it was as meek As onie lanb upon a lea; The evening sun was ne'er sae sweet As was the blink o' Phemie's e'e. Blithe, &c.

The Highland hills I've wander'd wide, And o'er the lowlands I hae been; But Phemie was the blithest lass That ever trod the dewy green. Blithe. &c.

### CHARMING NANNIE.

BEHIND yon hills where Lugar flows, 'Mang moors and mosses many, C., The wint'ry sun the day has clos'd, And I'll awa to Nannie, O.

The westlin wind blaws loud an' shill; The night's baith murk and rainy, O; But I'll get my plaid, an' out I'll steal, An' owre the hills to Nannie, O.

My Nannie's charming, sweet, an' young; Nas artfa' wiles to win ye, O: May ill befa' the flattering tongue

That wad beguile my Nannie, O.

Her face is fair, her heart is true, As spotless as she's bonie, O: The op'ning gowan, wet wi' dew, Nae purer is than Nannie, O.

A country lad is my degree, An' few there be that ken me, O: But what care I how few they be, I'm welcome ay to Nannie, O.

My riches a' 's my penny-fee, An' I maun guide it cannie, O; But warl's gear ne'er trouble me, My thoughts are a' my Nannie, O.

Our auld guidman delights to view His sheep an' kye thrive bonie, O; But I'm as blithe that hauds his pleugb, An' has nae care but Nannie, O.

Come weal, come wo, I care na by, I'll tak what Heaven will sen' me, O; Nae ither care in life have I, But live an' love my Nannie, O.

### GREEN GROW THE RUSHES.

# A Fragment.

### CHORUS.

Green grow the rashes, O! Green grow the rashes, O! The sweetest hours that e'er 1 spent Are spent amang the lasses, O!

THERE'S nought but care on ev'ry han In ev'ry hour that passes, O; What signifies the life o' man, An' 'twere na for the lasses, O? Green grow, &cc.

The warly race may riches chase, An' riches still may fly them, O; An' tho' at last they catch them fast Their hearts can ne'er enjoy them, O. Green grow, &cc.

But gie me a cannie hour at e'en, My arms about my dearie, O: An' warly cares, an' warly nien. May a' gae tapsalteerie, O. Green grow, &c

For you sae douse, ye sneer at this, Ye're nought but senseless asses, O; The wisest man the wart' e'er saw, He dearly lov'd the lasses, O. Green grow, &c.

Auld Nature swears, the lovely dears Her noblest work she classes, O; Her 'prentice han' she tried on man, An' then she made the lasses, O. Gieen grow, Ccc.

### THE HIGHLAND LASSIE.

NAE gentle dames, tho' e'er sae fair, Shall ever be my Muse's care; Their titles a' are empty show, Gie me my Highland lassie, O.

#### CHORUS.

Within the glen sae bushy, O, Aboon the plain sae rushy, O, I set me down wi' right good will, To sing my Highland lassie, O.

Oh, were yon hill and vallies mine, Yon palace and yon gardens fine! The world then the love should know I bear my Highland lassie, O. Within, &c.

But fickle fortune frowns on me, And I maun cross the raging sea; But while the crimson currents flow I'll love my Highland lassie, O. Within, &c.

Altho' thro' foreign climes I range, I know her heart will never change, For her bosom burns with honour's glow, My faithful Highland lassle, O. Within, &c.

For her I'll dare the billows' roar, For her I'll (race a distant shore, That Indian wealth may lustre throw Around my Highland lassie, O. Within, &c.

She has my heart, she has my hand, By sacred truth and honour's band, Till the mortal stroke shall lay me low, I'm thine, my Highland lassie, O

Farewell the glea sae bushy, O ! Farewell the plain sae rushy, O ! To other lands a now must go, To sing my Highland lassie, O.

### АММА.

#### Tune-" Banks of Bana.'

YESTREEN I had a pint o' wine, A place where body saw na : Yestreen lay on this breast o' mine The raven locks of Anna.

The hungry Jew, in wilderness, Rejoicing o'er his manna, Was naething to my honey bliss Upon the lips of Anna.

Ye monarchs, take the east and west, Frae Indus to Savannah, Gie me within my straining grasp, The melting form of Anna.

Then I'll despise imperial charms, An empress or sultana; While dying raptures, in her atms, I give and take with Anna.

Awa, thou flaunting god of day ! Awa, thou pale Diana ! Ilk star gae hide thy twinkling ray, When I'm to meet my Anna.

Come in thy raven plumage, Night! Sun, moon, and stars, withdraw a'! And bring an angel pen to write My transports wi' my Anna'

### THE SPINNING-WHEEL.

O LEEZE me on my spinning wheel, O leeze me on my rock and reel; Frae tap to tae that cleeds me bien, And haps me fiel and warm at e'en ! I'll set me down and sing and spin, While laigh descends the simmer sin, Blest wi' content, and milk and meal-O leeze me on my spinning wheel.

On lika hand the burnies trot, And meet below my theekit cot; The scented birk and hawthorn white Across the pool their arms unite, Alike to screen the birdle's nest, And little fishes' caller rest: The sun blinks kindly in the biel, Where bilike I turn my spinning wheel.

On lofty aiks the cushats wall, And echo cons the doftu' tale; The linkwhites in the hazel braes Delighted, rival ither's lays: The craik amang the claver hay, The pairtick whirrin o'er the ley, The swallow jinkin round my shiel Amuse me at my spinning wheel.

Wi' sma' to sell, and less to buy, Aboon distress, below envy, O whn wad leave this humble state, For a' the pride of a' the great ? Amid their flaring, idle toys, Amid their cumbrous, dinsome joys, Can they the peace and pleasure feel Of Bessy at her spinning wheel ?

### THE COUNTRY LASSIE.

Is simuler, when the hay was mawn, And corn way'd green in ilka field, While claver blooms white o'er tho lea, And roses blaw in ilka bield :

Blithe Bessie in the milking shiel, -Says, I'll be wed, corie o't what will; Out spak a dame in wrinkled eild, O guid advisement comes nae ill.

Its ye hac wooers monie ane, And lassie, ye're but young ye ken ; Then wait a wee, and cannie wale,

A routhie butt, a routhie ben: There's Johnnie o' the Buskie-glen,

Fu' is his barn, fu' is his byre : Tak this frae me, my bonie hen, Its plenty beets the luver's fire.

For Johnnie o' the Buskie-glen, I dinna care a single flie ;

He lo'es sae weel his craps and kye, He has no luve to spare for me : But blithe's the blink o' Robie's c'e,

And weel I wat he lo'es me dear : Ae blink o' him I wad nae gie

For Buskie-glen and a' his gear.

O thoughtless lassie, life's a faught: The canniest gate, the strife is sair; But ay fu' han't is fechtin best,

A hungry care's an unco care :

But some will spend, and some will spare, An' wlifu' folk maun hac their will;

Syne as ye brew, my maiden fair, Keep mind that ye maun drink the yill.

O, gear will buy me rigs o' land, And gear will buy me sheep and kye; But the tender heart o' leesome love, The gowd and siller canna buy:

We may be poor—Robie and I, Light is the burden love lays on; Content and luve brings peace and joy,

What mair hae queens upon a throne ?

# TAM GLEN.

My heart is a breaking, dear Tittie, Some counsel unto me come len'; To anger them a' is a pity, But what will I do wi' Tam Glen ?

I'm thinking, wi' sic a braw feirow; In poortich I might make a fen'; What care I in riches to wallow, If I maun marry Tam Glen?

There's Lowrie the laird c' Drumeller, "Guid day to you, brute." he comes ben He brags an' he blaws o' his siller, But when will he dance like Tam Glen ?

My minnie does constantly deave me, And bids me beware o' young men; They flatter, she says, to deceive me; But wha can think sae o' Tam Glen?

My daddie says, gin I'll forsake him, He'll gie me guid hunder marks ten; But if it's ordain'd I maun tak him, O wha will I get but Tam Glen?

Yestreen at the Valentine's dealing, My heart to my mou gied a sten; For thrice I drew ane without failing, And thrice it was written Tam Glen.

The last Halloween I was waukin My droukit sark-sleeve, as ye ken: His likeness cam up the house staukin, And the very gray breeks o' Tam Glen!

Some counsel, dear Tittie, don't tarry; I'll gie ye my bonie black hen, Gif ye will advise me to marry The lad I lo'e dearly, Tam Glen.

# ANE-AND-TWENTY.

Tune-" The Moudiewort."

CHORUS.

An' O, for ane-and-twenty, Tam! An' hey, sweet ane-and-twenty, Tam! I'll learn my kin a rattlin sang, An' I saw ane-and-twenty, Tam!

They snool me sair, and haud me down, And gar me look like bluntie, Tam ! But three short years will soon wheel roun' And then comes ane-and-twenty, Tam ' An' O, &c.

A gleib o' lan', a claut o' gear, Was left me by my aunue, Tam ! At kith or kin I need na spier, An' I saw ane-and-twenty, Tam. An' O, &c.

They'll hae me wed a wealthy coof, Tho' I mysel hae plenty, Tam ! But hear'st thou, laddie, there's my loof, I'm thine at ane-and-twenty, Tam. An' O, &c.

### SOMEBODY.

My heart is sair, I dare na tell, My heart is sair for somebody ! I could wake a winter night Yor the sake o' somebody. Oh-hor ! for somebody ! I could range the world around, For the sake o' somebody.

Ye powers that smile on virtuous love, O, sweetly smile on somebody ! Frae ilka danger keep him free, And send me safe my somebody. Oh-hon ! for somebody ! I wad do-what wad I not ?--For the sake o' somebody !

### O WHISTLE, &c.

#### CHORUS.

O whistle, and Fll come to you, my lad; O whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad; The' father and mither and a' should gae mad, O whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad.

But warily tent, when ye come to court me, And come na unless the back-yett be a-jee; Eyne up the back-stile, and let naebody see, And come as ye were na comin at me. And come, &c.

O whistle, &c.

At kirk, or at market, whene'er ye meet me, Gang by me as tho' that ye car'd na a flie : But steal me a blink o' your bonie black c'e, Yet look as ye were na lookin at me. Yet look, &c.

O whistle, &c.

Ay vow and protest that ye care na for me, And whyles ye may lightly my beauty a wee; But court na anither, tho' jokin ye be, For fear that she wyle your fancy frae mo. For fear, &c.

O whistle, &c.

### THE YOUNG LASSIE.

Whay can a young lassie, what shall a young lassie, What can a young lassie do wi<sup>3</sup> an auld man **1** Bad luck on the pennie that tempted my minnie To sell her poor Jennie for siller an' kan ! Bad luck on the penny, &c.

He's always completing frace mornin to e'enin, He hosts and he hirples the weary day lang; He's doylt and he's dozin, his bluid it is frozen, O, dreary's the night wi' a crazy auld man!

He hums and he hankers, he frets and he cankers, I never can please him, do a' that I can; He's prevish and jealous of a' the young fellows, O, dool on the day I met wi' an auld man!

My auld auntie Katie upon me taks pity, l'll do my endeavour to follow her plan; l'll cross him, and wrack him, until I heart break him, And then his auld brass will buy me a new pan.

# MY TOCHER'S THE JEWEL.

O METELE thinks my luve o' my beauty, And meikle thinks my luve o' my kin; But little thinks my luve o' my kin; My tocher's the jewel has charms for him. It's a' for the apple he'll nourish the tree, It's a' for the hiney he'll cherish the bee; My laddie's sac meikle in luve wi' the siller,

He canna hae luve to spare for me.

Your proffer o' luve's an airl-penny, My tocher's the bargain ye wad buy ; But an' ye be crafty, I am cunnin, Sae ye wi' anither your fortune maun try.

Ye're like to the timmer o' yon rotten wood, Ye're like to the bark o' yon rotten tree, Ye'll glip frae me like a knotless thread, And ye'll crack your credit wi' mae nor me.

### THE MERCENARY LOVER.

Tune-" Balinamona ora."

Awa wi' your witchcraft o' beauty's alarms, The siender bit beauty you grasp in your arms, O, gie me the lass that has acres o' charms, O, gie me the lass wi' the weel-stockit farms.

#### CHORUS.

Then hey for a lass wi' a tocher, then hey for a lass wi' a tocher,

Then key for a lass wi' a tocher; the nice yellow guineas for me.

Your beauty's a flower, in the morning that blows, And withers the faster, the faster it grows; But the rapturous charm o' the bonic groen knowes, lik spring they're new deckit wi' bonic white yowes, Then hey, &c.

And e'en when this beauty your bosom has blest, The brightest o' beauty may cloy when possest ! But the sweet yellow darlings wi' Geordie imprest, The langer ye hae them—the mair they're curest, Then hey, &c.

### MEG O' THE MILL.

#### Air-" O bonie lass, will you lie in a barrack to

O KEN ye what Meg o' the Mill has gotten? AE' ken ye what Meg o' the Mill has gotten? She has gotten a coof wi' a claut o' siller, And broken the heart o' the barley Miller.

The Miller was strappan, the Miller was ruddy ! A heart like a lord, and a hue like a lady : The laird was a widdiefu', bleerit knurl ; She's left the guid fellow and taen the churl.

The Miller he hecht her a heart leal and loving; The laird did address her wi' matter mair moving, A fine pacing horse wi' a clear chained bridle, A whip by her side and a bonie side-saddle.

O wae on the siller, it is sae provailing; And wae on the love that is fixed on a mailen ! A tocher's nae word in a true lover's parle, But, gie me my love, and a fig for the warl!

# AULD ROB MORRIS.

THERE'S auld Rob Morris that wons in yon glen, He's the king o' guid fellows, and wale of auld **men**; He has gowd in his coffers, he has owsen and kine, And ae bonie lassie, his darling and mine.

She's fresh as the morning, the fairest in May; She's sweet as the ev'ning amang the new hay; As blithe and as artless as the lambs on the lea, And dear to my heart as the light to my e'e.

But oh ! she's an heiress, auld Robin's a laird, And my daddie has nought but a cot-house, and yard ; A wooer like me mauna hope to come speed, The wounds I must hide that will soon be my dead.

The day comes to me, but delight brings me nane; The night comes to me, but my rest it is gane; I wander my lane like a night-troubled ghaist, And I sigh as my heavt it wad burst in my breast.

O, had she but been of lower degree, I then might hae hop'd she wad smil'd upon me: O, how past describing had then been my bliss, As now my distraction no words can express.

### TO TIBBIE.

# Tune-" Invercald's Reel."

#### CHORUS.

O Tibhie, I hae seen the day, Ye would nae been sae shy; For laik o' gear ye lightly me, But trowth I care na by.

YESTREEN I met you on the moor, Ye spak na, but gaed by like stoure: Ye geck at me because I'm poor, But fient a hair care I. O Tibbie, &c.

I doubt na, lass, but ye may think, Because ye hae the name o' clink, That ye can please me at a wink, Whene'er ye like to try. O Tibbie, &c.

But sorrow tak him that's sae mean, Aitho' his pouch o' coin were clean, Wha follows any saucy quean That looks sae proud and high. O Tibbie, &c

Altho' a lad were e'er sae smart, If that he want the yellow dirt, Ye'll cast your head anither airt, And answer him fu' dry. O Tibbie, &c.

But if he hae the name o' gear, Ye'll fasten to him like a brier, Tho' hardly he, for sense or leav, Be better than the kye. O Tibble, &c. M

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#### POEMS.

But Tibbie, jass, tak my advice, Your daddie's gear maks you sae nice. The dea! a ane wad spier your price, Were ye as poor as I. O Tibbie, &c.

There lives a lass in yonder park, I would na gie her in her sark, For thee wi' a' thy thoasand mark: Ye needua look sae high.

O Tibbie, &c.

# DUNCAN GRAY.

DUNCAN GRAY CAME here to woo, Ha, ha, the wooing o't, On bithe yule night when we were fu Ha, ha, the wooing o't, Maggie coost her head fu' high. Look'd asklent and unco' skeigh. Gart poor Duncan stand abeigh : Ha, ha, the wooing o't.

Duncan fleech'd and Duncan pray'd: Ha, ha, &c. Meg was deaf as Ailsa craig,

Ila, ha, &c. Duncan sigh'd baith out and in.

Grat his eeu baith bleer't and blin'. Spak o' louping o'er a linn; Ila, ha, &c.

Time and chance are but a tide. Ha, ha, &cc.

Slighted love is sair to bide, Ha, ha, &c. Shall I, like a fool, quoth he,

For a haughty hizzie die !

She may gae to-France for me! fla, ha, &c.

How it comes let doctors tell, Ha, ha, &c.

Meg grew sick-as he grew beal. Ha, ha, &c.

Something in her bosom wrings.

For relief a sigh she brings ;

And O, her een, they spak sic things ! Ha ha, &c.

#### Duncan was a lad o' grace, Ha, ha, &c. Maggie's was a niteous (ase

Maggie's was a pitcous case, Ha, ha, &cc. Duncan could na be her death, Swelling pity smoor'd his wrath; Now they're crouse and cantie baith ! Ha, ha, &cc.

### THE BRAW WOOER.

#### Tune-" The Lothian Lassie."

LAST May a braw wooer cam down the lang glen, And sair wi' his love he did deave me!

I said there was naething I hated like men, The deuce gae wi'm to believe me, believe me, The deuce gae wi'm, to believe me.

He spak o' the darts in my bonie black e'en, And vow'd for my love he was dying ;

I said he might die when he liked, for Jean ; The Lord forgie me for lying, for lying, The Lord forgie me for lying.

A well-stocked mailen, himsel for the laird, And marriage aff-hand, were his proffers; I never loot on that I kenn'd it, or car'd,

But thought I might hae waur offers, waur offers, But thought I might hae waur offers.

But what wad ye think, in a fortnight or less, The deil tak his taste to gae near her!

He up the lang loan to my black cousin Bess, Guess ye how, the jad! I could bear her, could bear her, Guess ye how, the jad! I could bear her.

But a' the niest week as I fretted wi' care, I gaed to the tryste o' Dalgarnock,

I glowr'd as I'd seen a warlock, a warlock, I glowr'd as I'd seen a warlock, a warlock, I glowr'd as I'd seen a warlock.

But owre my left shouther I gaed him a blink, Lest neebors might say I was saucy; My wooer he caper'd as he'd been in drink,

And vow'd I was his dear lassie, dear lassie, And vow'd I was his dear lassie.

I spier'd for my cousin, fu' couthie and sweet, Gin she had recover'd her hearin, And how her new shoon fit her auld shackl't feet,

And how her new shoon fit her auld shackl't feet, But, heavens! how he fell a-swearin, a-swearin, But, heavens! how he fell a-swearin.

He begg'd for Gudesake ! I wad be his wife, Or else I wad kill him wi' sorrow :

So e'en to preserve the poor body in life, I think I maun wed him to-morrow, to-morrow, I think I maun wed him to-morrow.

# WILLIE'S WIFE.

WILLIE WASTLE dwalt on Tweed, The spot they ca'd it Linkumdoddie, Willie was a wabster guid, Cou'd stown a clue wi' onie bodie: He had a wife was dour and din, O tinkler Madgie was her mother:

#### CHORUS.

Sic a wife as Willie had, I wad na gie a button for her.

She has an e'e, she has but ane, The cat has twa the very colour; Five rusty teeth, forbye a stump,

A clapper tongue wad deave a miller: A whiskin beard about her mou, Her nose and chin they threaten ither. Sic a wife, &cc.

She's bough-hough'd, she's hein-shinn'd, Ae limpin leg a hand-breed shorter; She's twisted right, she's twisted left,

To balance fair in ilka quarter : She has a hump upon her breast,

The twin o' that upon her shouther; Sic a wife, &c.

Auld baudron by the ingle sits, An wi'her loof her face a washin; But Willie's wife is mae sae trig, She dights her grunzie wi'a bushlon; Her walie nieves like midden-creels, Her face wad fyle the Logan-water, Sic a wife, &c,

# A PECK O' MAUT.

**O**, WILLIE brew'd a peck o' maut, And Bob and Allan cam to see : Three blither hearts, that lee-lang night, Ye wad na find in Christendie.

#### CHORUS.

We are na fou, we're na that fou, But just a drappie in our e'e; The cock may craw, the day may daw, And ay we'll taste the barley bree.

Here are we met, three merry boys, Three merry boys I trow are we; Apd monie a night we've merry been, And monie mae we hope to be ! We are, &c.

It is the moon, I ken her horn, That's blinkin in the lift sae hie; She shines sae bright to wyle us hame, But by my sooth she'll wait a wee! We are, &c.

Wha first shall rise to gang awa', A cuckold, coward loun is he! Wha last beside his chair shall fa', He is the king amang us three! We are, &c.

### THE LAWIN.

GANE is the day and mink's the night, But we'll ne'er stray for foute o' light, For ale and brandy's stars and moon, Ard bluid-red wine's the rising sun.

CHORUS.

Then, guidwife, count the lawin, the lawin, the lawin, Then, guidwife, count the lawin, and bring a coggic main

#### POEMS.

There's wealth and ease for gentlemen, And semple folk maun fecht and fen'; But here we're a' in ac accord, For ilka man that's drunk's a lotd. Then guidwife, &c.

My coggie is a haly pool, That heals the wounds o' care and dool; And pleasure is a wanton trout, An' ye drink it a' ye'll find him out, Then guidwife, &c.

# HOMEST POVERTY.

Is there, for honest poverty That hangs his head, and a' that; The coward-slave, we pass him by,

We dare be poor for a' that ! For a' that, and a' that, Our toil's obscure, and a' that,

The rank is but the guinea's stamp, The man's the gowd for a' that.

What tho' on hamely fare we dine, Wear hoddin gray, and a' that;

Gie fools their silks, and knaves their wine, A man's a man for a' that ;

For a' that, and a' that, Their tinsel show and a' that;

The honest man, tho' e'er sae poor, Is king o' men for a' that.

Ye see yon birkie, ca'd a lord, Wha struts, and stares, and a' that ; Tho' hundreds worship at his word, He's but a coof for s' that:

For a' that, and a' that,

His riband, star, and a' that, The man of independent mind, He looks and laughs at a' that.

A prince can mak a belted knight, A marquis, duke, and a' that; But an honest man's aboon his might Guid faith he mauna fa' that !

For a' that, and a' that,

Their dignitics and a' that, The pith o' sense and pride o' worth, Are higher ranks than a' that.

Then let us pray that come it may, As come it will for a' that, That sense and worth, o'er a' the earth,

May bear the gree, and a' that:

For a' that, and a' that, Its coming yet, for a' that, That man to man the warld o'er, Shall brothers be for a' that.

### CONTENTMENT.

#### Tune-" Lumps o' Fudding."

CONTENTED wi' little, and cantie wi' mair, Whenc'er I forgather wi' sorrow and care. I gle them a skelp, as they're creeping alang, Wi' a cog o' guid swats, and an auld Scottish sang. I whyles claw the elbow o' troublesome thought :

But man is a sodger, and life is a faught: My mirth and guid humour are coin in my pouch, And my Freedom's my lairdship nae monarch dare touch

A towmond o' trouble, should that be my fa', A night o' good fellowship sowhers it a': When at the blithe end o' our journey at last, Wha the devil ever thinks o' the road he has past?

Blind chance, let her snapper and stoyte on her way, Be't to me, be't frae me, e'en let the jade gae: Come ease, or come travail; come pleasure or pain; My warst ward is—"Welcome, and welcome again!"

### CALEDONIA

### Tune-" Humours of Glen."

THEIR groves o' sweet myrtle let foreign lands reckon, Where bright beaming summers exalt the perfume, Far dearer to me yon lone glen o' green breckan, WI' the burn stealing under the lang yellow broom.

### POEMS.

Far dearer to me are yon humble broom bowers, Where the blue-bell and gowan lurk lowly unseen: For there lightly tripping amang the wild flowers, A listening the linnet, aft wanders my Jean.

Tho' rich is the breeze in their gay sunny valleys, And cauld Caledonia's blast on the wave: Their sweet-scented woodlands that skirt the proud palace,

What are they ? The haunt of the tyrant and slave:

The slave's spicy forests, and gold-bubbling fountains, The brave Caledonian views with disdain : He wanders as free as the winds of his mountains, Save love's willing fetters, the chains o' his Jean.

THE BATTLE OF SHERIFF-MUIR.

### Between the Duke of Argyle and the Earl of Mar.

· O CAM ye here the fight to shun, Or herd the sheep wi' me, man? Or were ye at the Sherra-muir,

And did the battle see, man ?" I saw the battle sair and tough, And recking-red ran monie a sheu"h, My heart, for fear, gae sough for sough, To hear the thuds, and see the cluds, O' clans frae woods in tartan duds, Wha glaum'd at kingdoms three, man.

The red-coat lads, wi' black cockades, To meet them were na slaw, man;

They rush'd and push'd, and bhid outgush'd, And monie a bonk did fa', man:

The great Argyle led on his files,

I wat they glanced twenty miles : They hack'd and hash'd, while broad-swords clash'd, And thro' they dash'd, and hew'd and smash'd,

Till fey-men died awa, man.

But had you seen the Philibegs, And skyrin tartan trews, man, When in the teeth they dar'd our whige,

And covenant true blues, man ; In lines extended lang and large,

When bayonets oppos'd the targe

### CHIEFI.Y SCOTTISH

And thousands hasten'd to the charge, Wi' Highland wrath they frae the sheath Drew blacks o' death, till out o' breath, They fled like frighted doos, man.

"O how deil, Tam, can that be true ?

The chase gaed frae the north, man: I saw myself, they did pursue

The horsemen back to Forth, man; And at Dumblaue, in my ain sight, They took the brig wi? a' their might, And straught to Sterling wing'd their flight; But, cursed lot ! the gales were shut, And monie a huntit poor red-coat, For fear amaist did swaft, man."

My sister Kate cam up the gate, Wi' crowdie unto me, man;

She swore she saw some rebeis run Frae Perth unto Dundee, man: Their left-hand general had rae skill, The Angus lads had nae good will That day their neebors' bluid to spill;

For fear by fees that they should lose Their cogs o' brose: all crying woes, And so it goes, you see, men.

They've lost some gallant gentlemen, Amang the Highland clans, man ;

I fear my lord Panmure is slain, Or fallen in whiggish hands, man :

France in wings an names, man : Now wad ye sing this double fight, Some fell for wrang and some for right; But monie bade the world guid-night; Then ye may tell, how pell and me!, By red claymores, and muskets' knell, Wi' dying yell, the tories fell, And whigs to hell did flee, man.

THE DUMFRIES VOLUNTEERS.

APRIL, 1795.

Tuze-" Push about the Jorum." Does haughty Gaul invasion threat? Then let the looas beware, Sir, There's wooden walls upon our scas, And volunteers on shore. Sir

The Nith shall run to Corsincon,\* And Criffelt sink in Solway, Ere we permit a foreign foe On British ground to rally ! Fall de rall, &ce.

O let us not like snarling tykes In wrangling be divided; Till slap come in an unco loun And wi'a rung decide it. Be Britain still to Britain true Amang oursels united; For never but by British Irands Maun British wrangs be righted,

Fall de rall, &c.

The kettle o' the kirk and state, Perhaps a claut may fail in't; But deil a foreign tinkler loun Shall ever ca' a nail in't. Our father's bluid the kettle bought,

And wha wad dare to spoil it;

By heaven the sacrilegious dog Shall fuel be to beil it.

Fall de rall, &c.

The wretch that wad a tyrant own, And the wretch, his true born brother, Who would set the mod aboon the throne,

May they be d-n'd together ! Who will not sing, "God save the King," Shall hang as high's the steeple ;

But while we sing, "God save the King," We'll ne'er forget the People.

#### THE WHISTLE.

#### A BALLAD.

As the authentic prose history of the Whistle is curious, I shall here give it.

In the train of Anne of Denmark, when she came to Sostland with our James the Sixth, there came over also a Danish gentleman of giguntic stature and great provess, and a

\* A high hill at the source of the Nith.

t A well-known mountain at the mouth of the Solway

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matchless champion of Bacchus. He had a little ebony Whistle, which, at the commencement of the orgies, he laid on the table, and whoever was last able to blow it, every body else being disabled by the potency of the bottle, was to carry of the Whistle as a trophy of victory. The Dane produced credenials of his victories, without a single defeat, at the courts of Copenhagen, Stockholm, Moscow, Warsaw, and severa. of the petty courts in Germany; and challenged the Scots Bacchanalians to the alternative of trying his prowess, or else of acknowledging their inferiority.

After many overthrows on the part of the Scots, the Dans was encountered by Sir Robert Lawrie of Maxwelton, ancestor of the present worthy baronet of that name; who, after three days und three nights' hard contest, left the Scandinavian under the table,

And blew on the whistle his requiem shrill.

Sir Walter, son to Sir Robert before-mentioned, afterwards lost the Whistle to Walter Riddel of Glenriddel, who had

The state of the s by the present Sir Robert Lawrie of Maxwelton; Robert Riddel, Esq. of Glenriddel, lineal descendant and representative Walter Riddel, who won the Whistle, and in whose family t Lad continued; und Alexander Ferguson, Esu. of Cruig-darroch, likewise descended of the great Sir Robert; which last gentleman carried off the hard woon honours of the field.

I sing of a Whistle, a Whistle of worth. I sing of a Whistle, the pride of the north, Was brought to the court of our good Scottish king, And long with this Whistle all Scotland shall ring.

Old Loda\* still rueing the arm of Fingal, The god of the bottle sends down from his hall-"This Whistle's your challenge, to Scotland get o'er, And drink them to hell, Sir ! or ne'er see me more !"

Old poets have sung, and old chronicles tell, What champious ventur'd, what champions fell ; The son of great Loda was conqueror still, And blew on the Whistle his requiem shrill.

Till Robert, the Lord of the Cairn and the Scaur, Unnistch'd at the bottle, unconquer'd in war, Be drank his poor god-ship as deep as the sea, No tide of the Baltic e'er drunker than he

\* See Ossian's Caric-thura.

Thus Robert, victorious, the trophy has gain'd: Which now in his house has for ages remain'd; Till three noble chieftains, and all of his blood, The jovia contest again have renew'd.

Three joyous good fellows, with hearts clear of flaw Craigdaroch, so famous for wit, worth, and law; And trusty Glenriddel, so skill'd in old coins; And gallant Sir Robert, deep-read in old wines.

Craigdarroch began, with a tongue smooth as oll, Desiring Glenriddel to yield up the spoil; Or else he would nuster the heads of the clan, And once more, in clarct, try which was the man.

"By the gods of the ancients !" Glenriddel replies, "Before I surrender so glorious a prize I'll conjure the ghost of the great Rorie More,\* And bumper his horn with him twenty times o'er."

Sir Rebert, a soldier, no speech would pretend, But he ne'er turn'd his back on his foe—or his friend, Said, toss down the Whistle, the prize of the field, And knee-deep in claret, he'd die, or he'd yield.

To the board of Glenriddel our heroes repair, So noted for drowning of sorrow and care; But for wine and for welcome not more known to fame, Than the sense, wit, and taste, of a sweet lovely dame.

A Bard is selected to witness the fray, And tell future ages the feats of the day; A Bard who detested all sadness and spleen, And wish'd that Parnassus a vineyard had been.

The dinner being over, the claret they ply, And every new cork is a new spring of joy; In the bands of o'd friendship and kindred so set, And the bands grew the lighter the more they were wet.

Gay pleasure ran riot as bumpers ran o'er: Bright Phebus ne'er witness'd so joyoue a core, And vow'd that to leave them he was quite forlorn, Till Cynthia hinted he'd see them next morn.

Six bottles a-piece had well wore out the night, When gallant Sir Robert, to finish the fight, Turn'd o'er in one bumper a bottle of red, And swore 'twas the way that their ancestor did.

\* See Johnson's Tour to the Hebrides.

Then worthy Glenriddel, so cautious and sage, No longer the warfare, ungodly, would wage; A high ruling Elder to wallow in wine ! He left the foul business to folks less divine.

The gallant Sir Robert fought hard to the end ; But who can with fate and quart-bumpers contend? Tho' fate said—a hero should perish in light ; So up rose bright Phæbus—and down fell the knight.

Next up rose our Bard, like a prophet in drink :-" Craigdarroch, thou'lt soar when creation shall sink ; But if thou would flourish immertal in rhyme, Come-one bottle more-and have at the sublime !

Thy line, that have struggled for freedom with Bruce, Shall heroes and patriots ever produce : So thine be the laurel, and mine be the bay ; The field thou hast won. by yon bright god of day !"

#### JOHN BARLEYCORN.\*

#### A BALLAD.

THERE went three kings into the east, Three kings both great and high,

An' they hae sworn a solemn oath, John Barleycorn should die.

They took a plough and plough'd him down, Put clods upon his head.

And they hae sworn a solemn oath John Barleycorn was dead.

But the cheerful spring came kindly on, And showers began to fall;

John Barleycorn got up again, And sore surprised them all.

The sultry suns of summer came,

And he grew thick and strong, His head weel arm'd wi' pointed spears, That no one should him wrong.

The sober autumn enter'd mild, When he grew wan and pale,

His bending joints and drooping head Show'd he began to fail.

 This is partly composed on the plan of an cld song known by the same name.

### POEMS, CHIEFLY SCOTTISE.

His colour sicken'd more and more, He faded into age, And then his enemies began

To show their deadly rage.

They've ta'en a weapon long and sharp, And cut him by the knee: Then tied him fast upon a cart,

Like a rogue for forgerie.

They laid him down upon his back, And cudgelled him full sore,

They hung him up before the storm, And turn'd him o'er and o'er.

They filled up a darksome pit With water to the brim, They heaved in John Barleycorn, There let him sink or swim.

They laid him out upon the floor, To work him farther wo, And still as signs of life appeared, They toss'd him to and fro.

They wasted o'er a scorching flame, The marrow of his bones ;

Put a miller used him worst of all, For he crush'd him between two stones.

And they hae taen his very heart's blood, And drank it round and round; And still the more and more they drank, Their joy did more abound.

John Barleycorn was a hero bold Of noble enterprise, For, if you do but taste his blood, 'Twill make your courage rise.

'Twill make a man forget his **vo**; 'Twill heighten all his joy; 'Twill make the widow's heart to sing, Tho' the tear were in her eye.

Then let us toast John Barleycorn, Each man a glass in hand; And may his great posterity Ne'er fail in auld Scotland!

THE END.



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in india a N<sup>a k</sup>anna <sup>ta</sup>raith